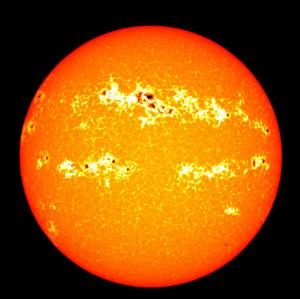
Galen Bergsten

## Correcting for **Unresolved Companions** in *Kepler* Occurrence Rates

KTSKTP2 – Wednesday, 2/5/2025

Galen Bergsten, David Ciardi, Catherine Clark, Jessie Christiansen, Ilaria Pascucci, Kevin Hardegree-Ullman, Mike Lund

## Facula



### Dracula



### NOT demographics in multi-star systems

see e.g., Sullivan et al. (2023); Clark et al. (2024)

Dominic Oddo (#1.15) Catherine Clark (#1.28)

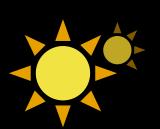
Daniel Fabrycky (#2.04) Kendall Sullivan (#4.10) Colin Littlefield (#5.07)

### Instead, demographics assuming single stars...

(... that aren't always singles)

see e.g., Savel et al. (2020)



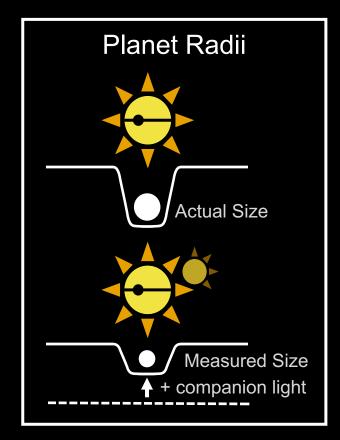


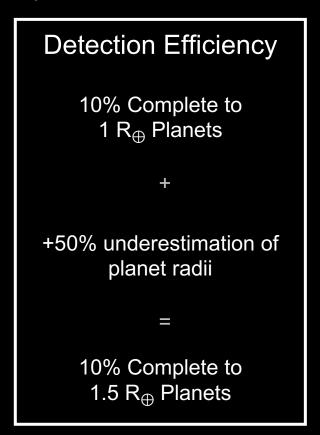


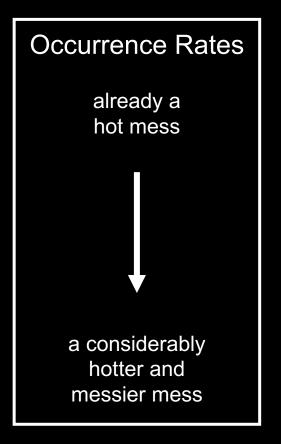




### Unresolved stellar companions mess with our measurements of:

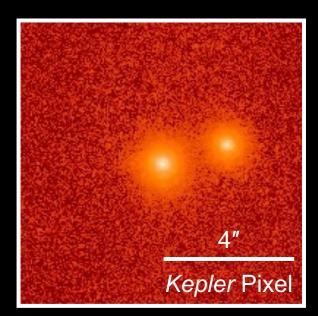




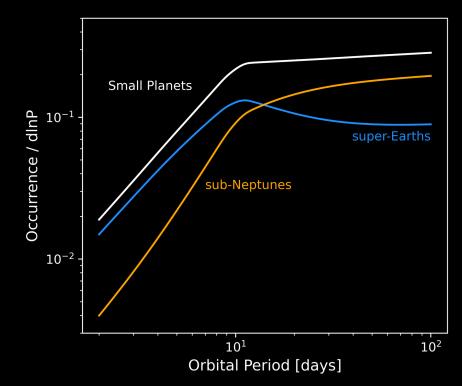


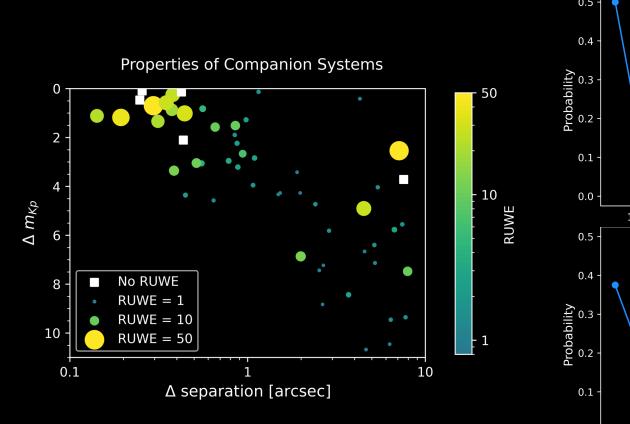
200 Kepler stars

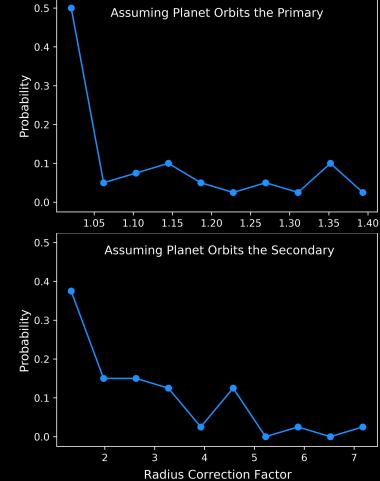
40 systems with (previously) unresolved companions

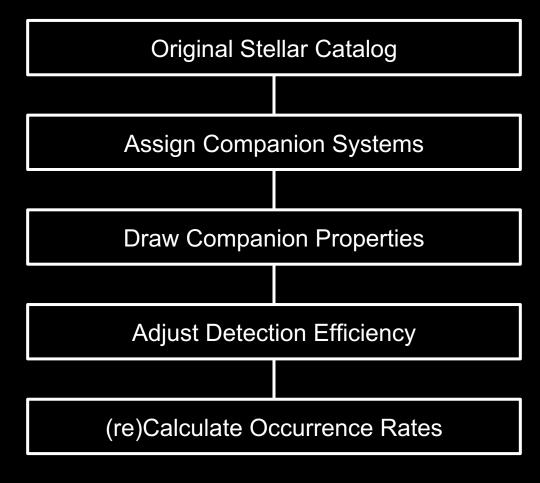


# Occurrence Rates from Bergsten et al. (2022)

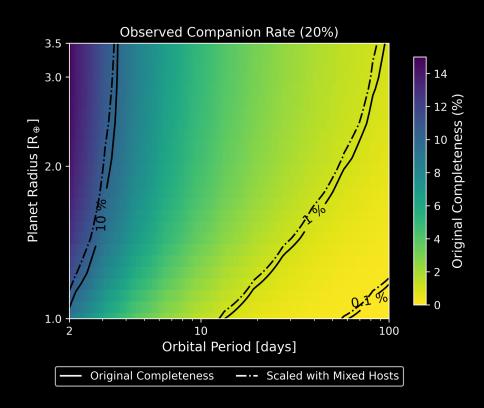




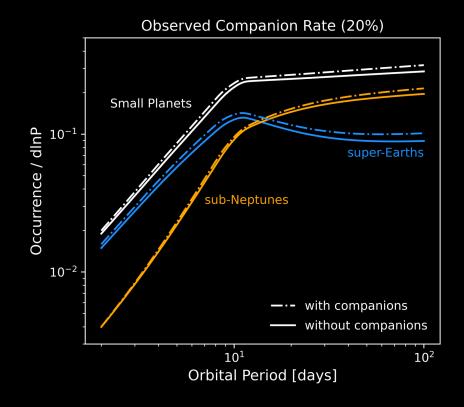


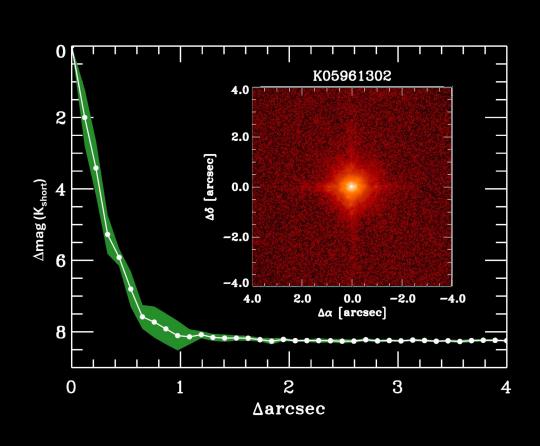


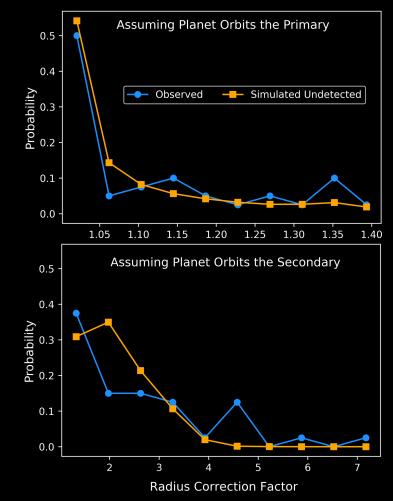
### Adjusted Detection Efficiency



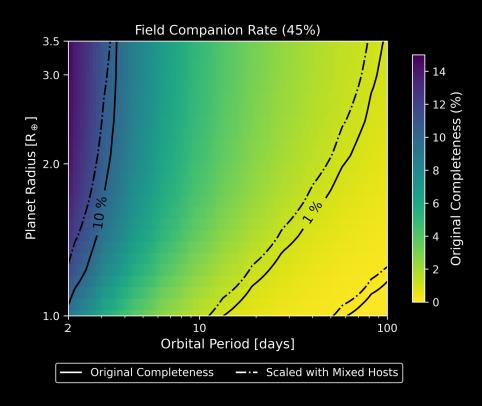
#### Recalculated Occurrence Rates



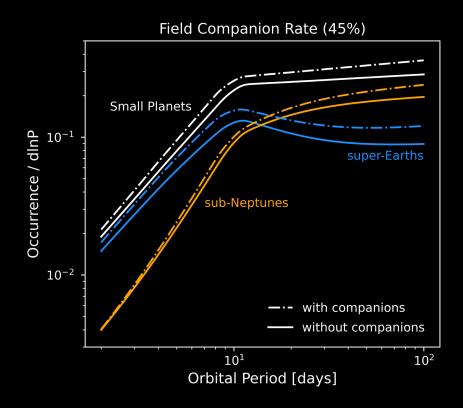


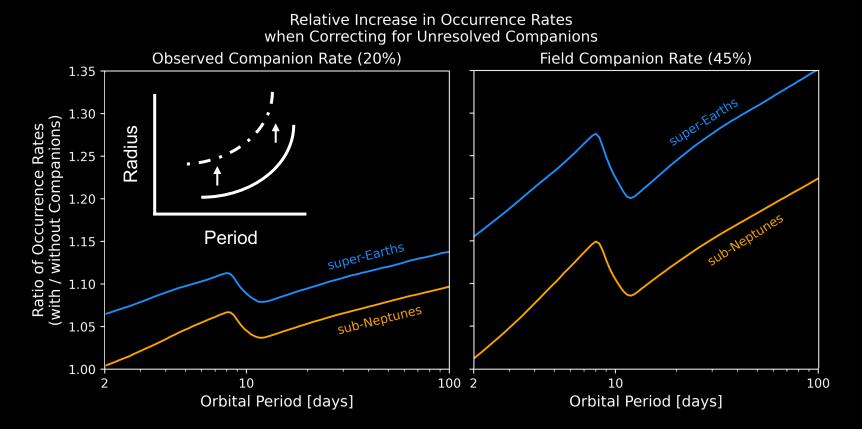


### Adjusted Detection Efficiency



#### **Recalculated Occurrence Rates**





bump @ 10 days due to (insignificant) difference in free parameters

 $\eta_{\oplus}$  – the frequency of Earth-sized, Habitable Zone planets

	$\eta_{igoplus}$ [%]	Relative Increase
Assuming Singles	$8.4^{+2.2}_{-3.2}$	
Observed Rate (20%)	9.9+2.8	1.18
Field Rate (45%)	$12.3^{+3.5}_{-4.8}$	1.46
		1.46 Doesn't matter which models you use! models you

# Correcting for unresolved companions can lead to an average 1.2-1.4x relative increase in $\eta_{\oplus}$

