

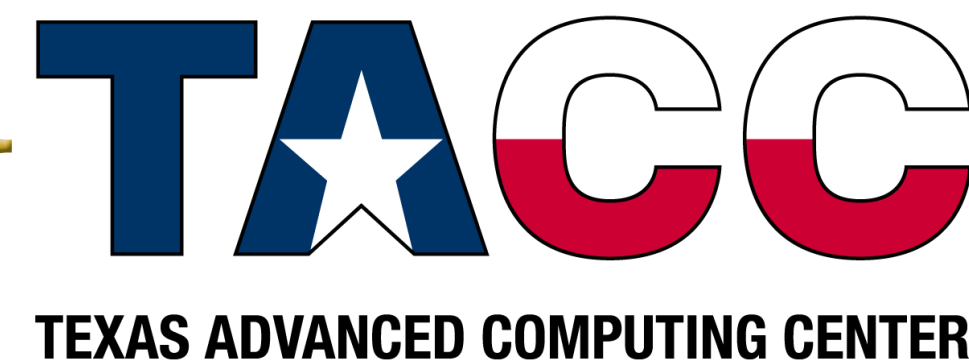
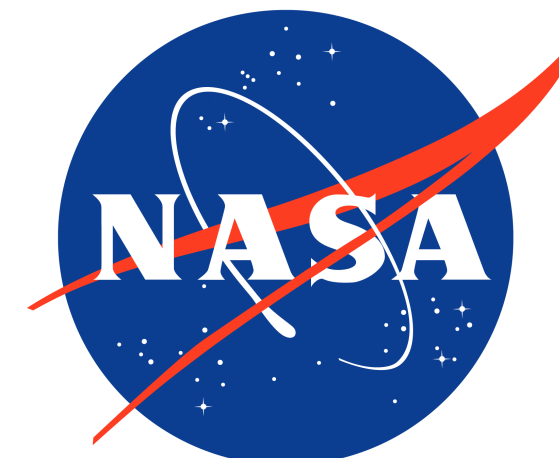
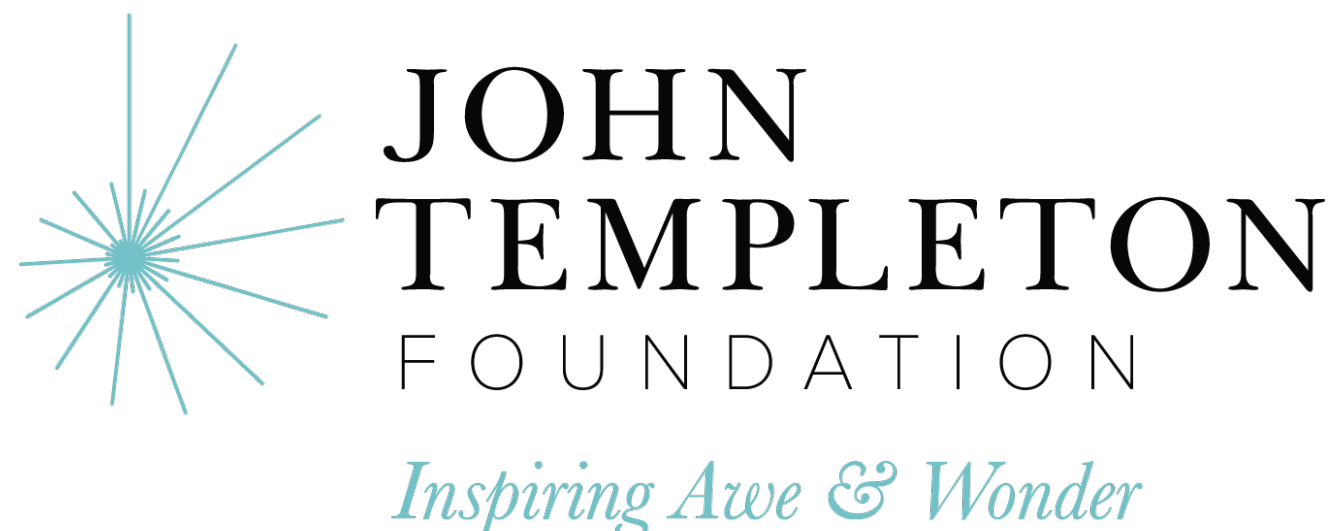
Weak Baryonic Suppression in Astrid: A Challenge for Roman Weak Lensing Cosmology

Shifting Landscapes in Astrophysics: New Frontiers to Explore with Roman (Caltech/IPAC)

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Rupert Croft,² Yueying Ni³ and Nianyi Chen⁴

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(submitted to ApJL)

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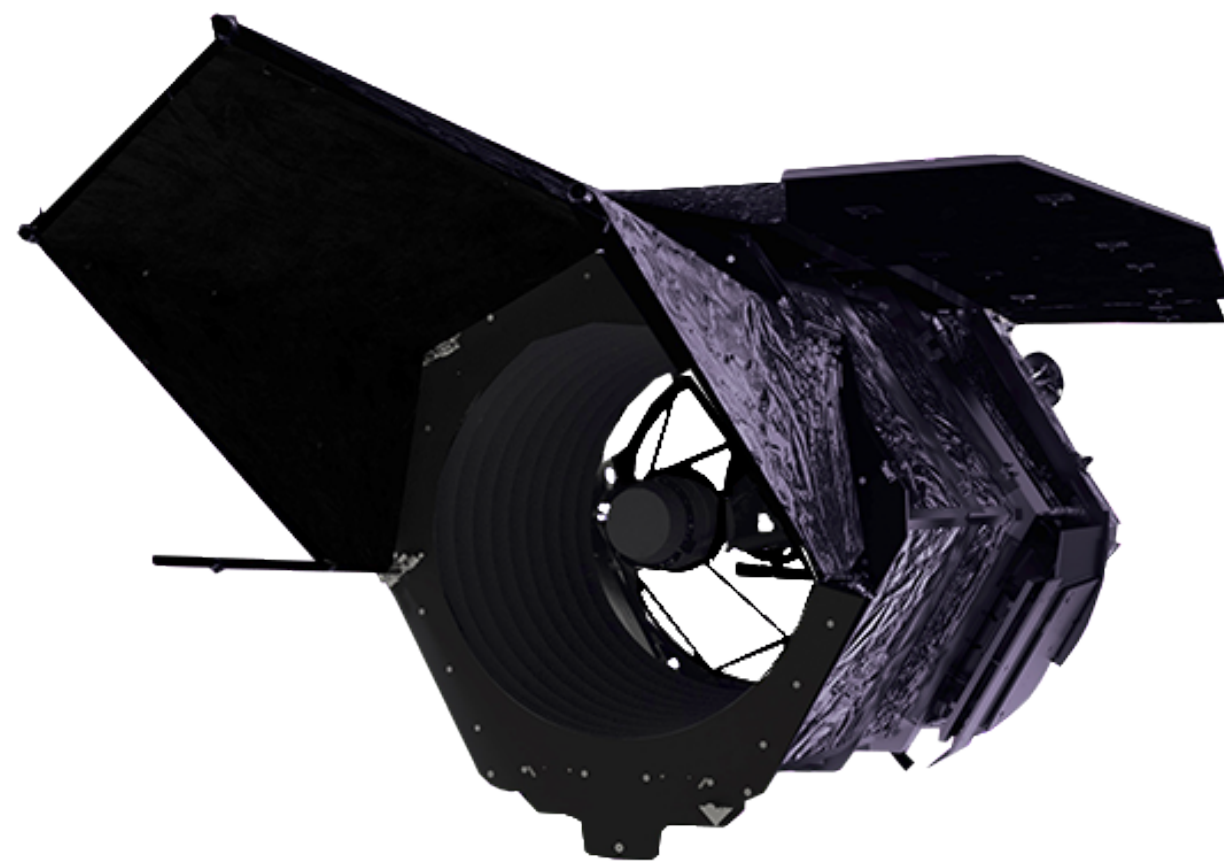


Content

- **Motivation**
- **Astrid**
- **Controlled Experiments**
- **Discussion**
- **Conclusions**

Motivation

- Ongoing and upcoming surveys (LSST, Euclid, Roman, etc.) will provide unprecedented weak gravitational lensing data with high precision



Roman Space Telescope



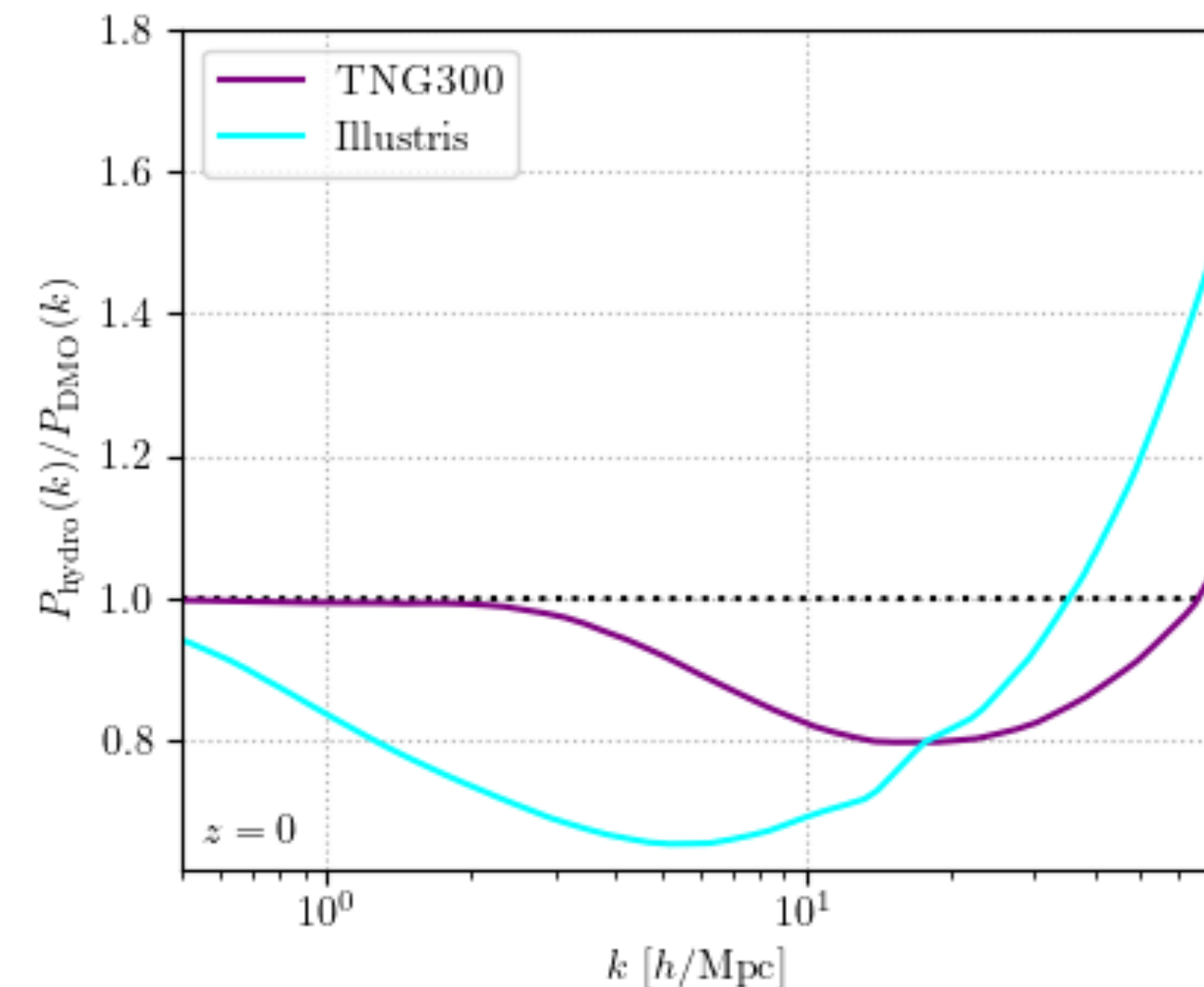
cosmic shear



cosmology
(Ω_m , σ_8 , etc.)

Motivation

- Interpreting observational data down to nonlinear scales requires accurate theoretical predictions
- Baryonic effects on large-scale structure must be considered
 - AGN feedback can expel gas from galaxies/galaxy groups
- e.g., Illustris (Vogelsberger+2014), IllustrisTNG (Springel+2018) simulations: the matter power spectrum is suppressed by $>20\%$ at $z=0$ (relative to dark matter only)



Motivation

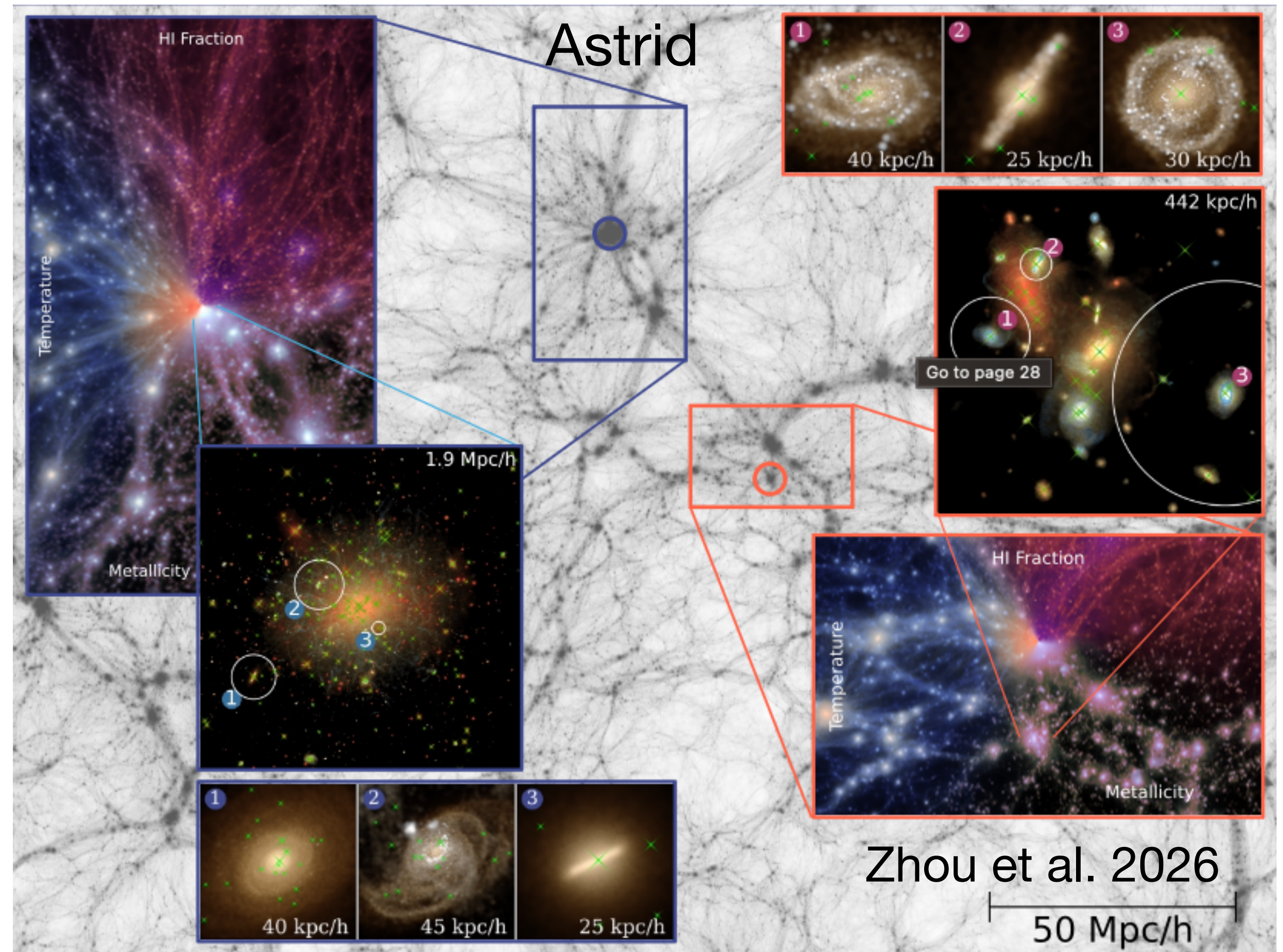
- Potential solution to the S_8 tension within Λ CDM (CMB vs. Weak lensing)
 - $S_8 \equiv \sigma_8 \sqrt{\Omega_m/0.3}$
 - strong baryonic suppression of $P(k)$ is required

Problem:

We still do not know how to produce such strong suppression physically!

Astrid: Introduction

- One of the largest cosmological hydrodynamical simulations ever evolved to $z=0$
- 2×5500^3 particles
- Volume: $(250 \text{ Mpc}/h)^3$
- AGN feedback: two modes (following TNG, Weinberger+2017)
 - thermal
 - kinetic (high mass, low accretion rates/Eddington ratios)

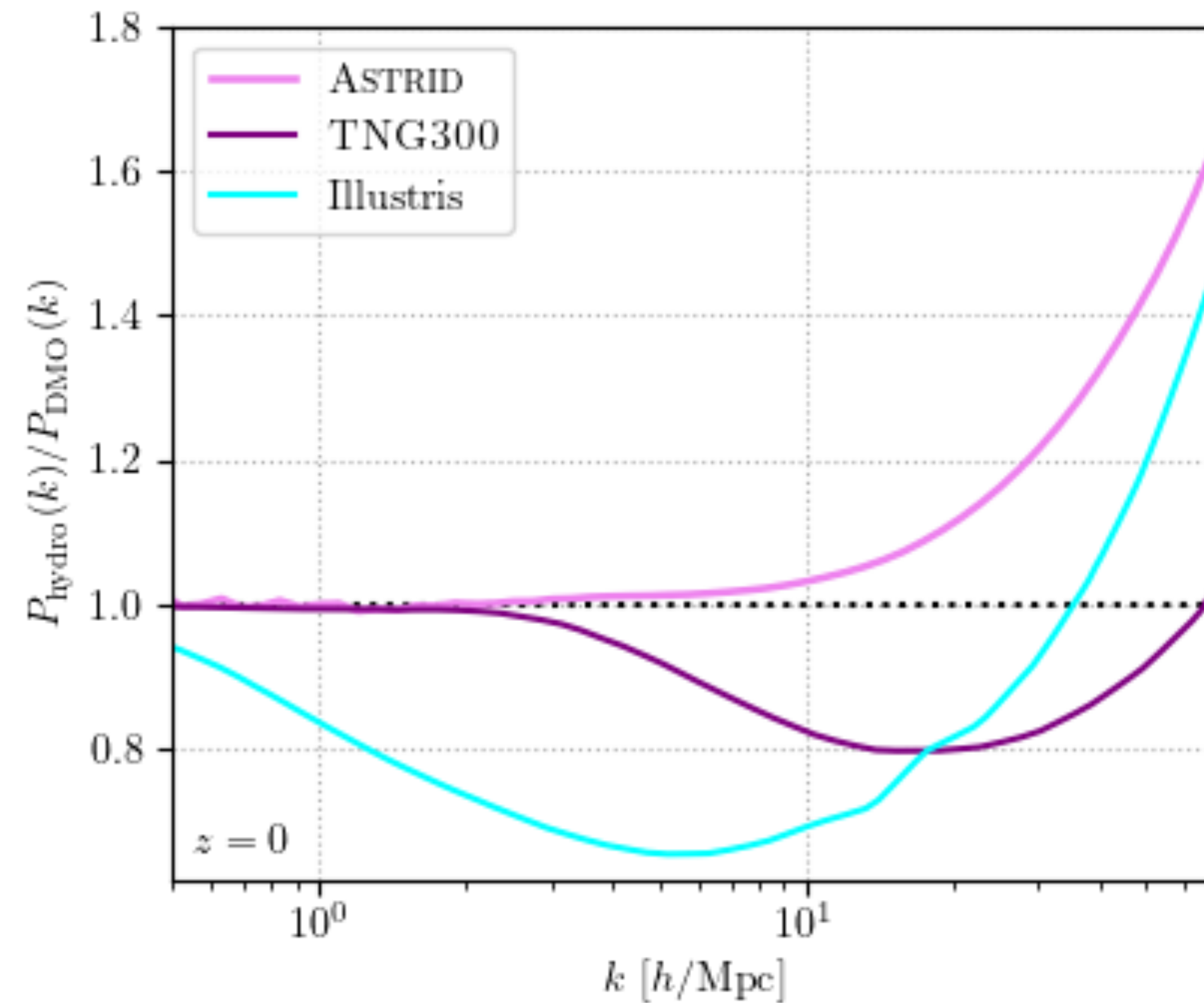


Astrid: Introduction

- Astrid-DMO (newly performed): the dark matter-only counterpart
 - 5500^3 dark matter particles
 - Volume: $(250 \text{ Mpc}/h)^3$
- We measure $P_{\text{hydro}}(k)/P_{\text{DMO}}(k)$ to quantify the impact of baryons on matter clustering

Astrid: Results

- No suppression at $z=0$!
- Mild suppression at $z=0.2$ (not shown here)



Astrid: Results

- Why almost no baryonic suppression?

Astrid: Results

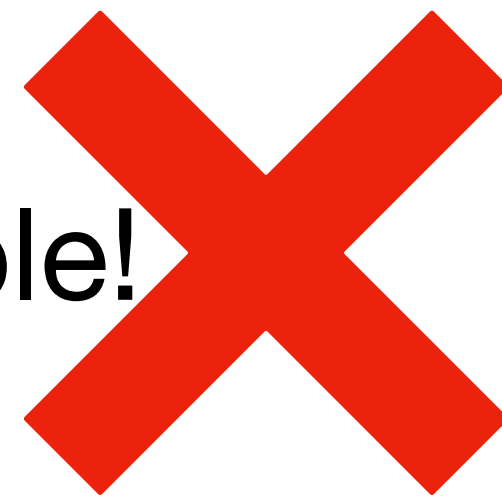
- Why almost no baryonic suppression?
- Reasons:
 - One obvious reason: the feedback model itself, e.g., kinetic feedback efficiency lower than in TNG

straightforward and simple!

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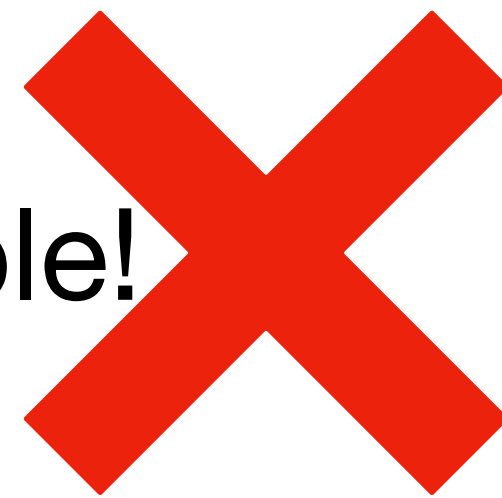


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Not the end of the story!

- A more important reason: black hole (BH) dynamics treatment

Astrid: BH Dynamics Model

- Techniques are used to stabilize BH positions in halos (to avoid numerical dynamical heating)

Astrid: BH Dynamics Model

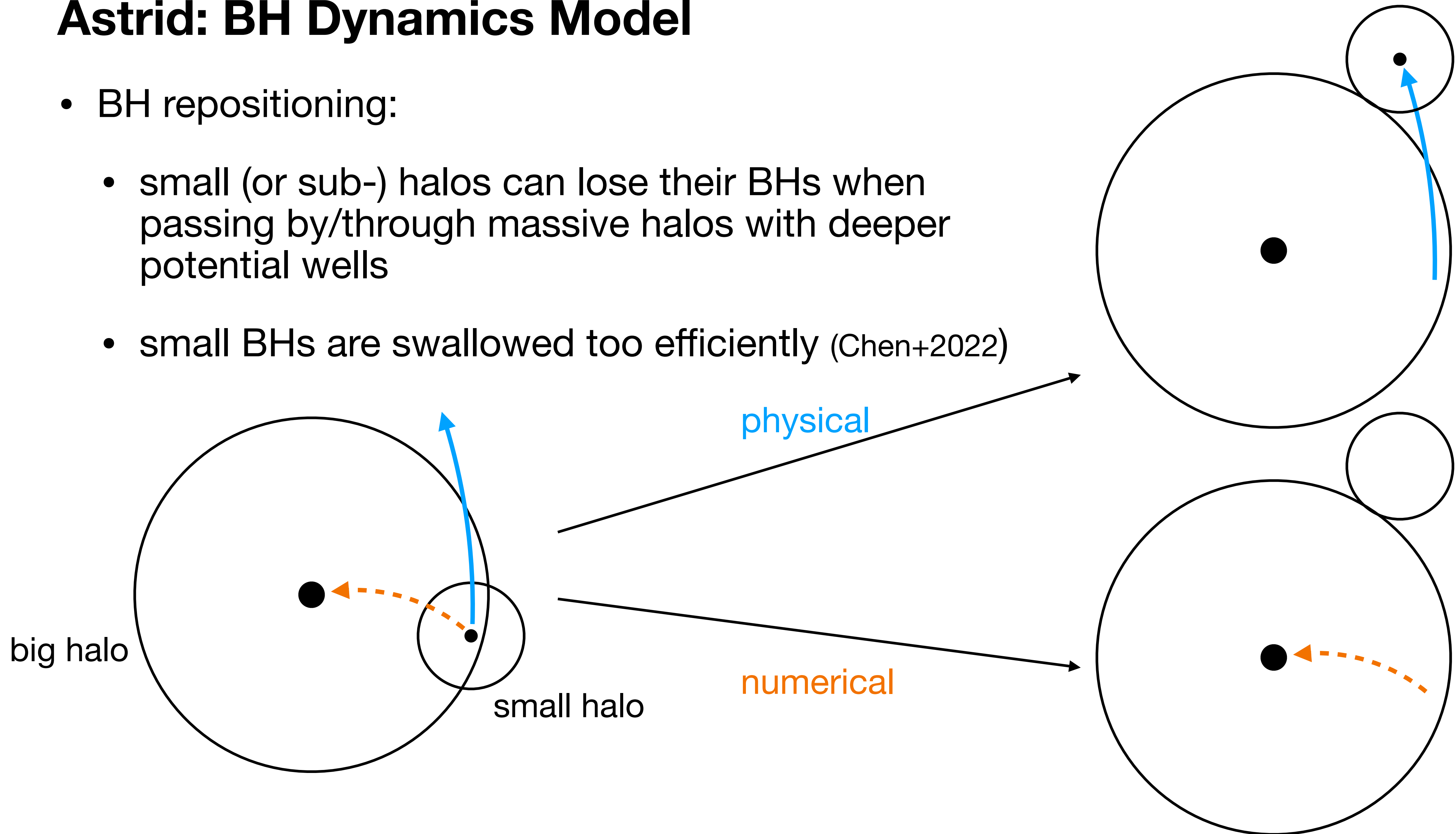
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 - BH repositioning: pins/repositions the BH to the potential minimum

Astrid: BH Dynamics Model

- Techniques are used to stabilize BH positions in halos (to avoid numerical dynamical heating)
- Most state-of-the-art simulations:
 - BH repositioning: pins/repositions the BH to the potential minimum
 - side effect: artificially boosts BH merger rates!

Astrid: BH Dynamics Model

- BH repositioning:
 - small (or sub-) halos can lose their BHs when passing by/through massive halos with deeper potential wells
 - small BHs are swallowed too efficiently (Chen+2022)



Astrid: BH Dynamics Model

- Astrid: subgrid dynamical friction (DF) model
 - Orbital evolution of BHs
 - BHs merge more physically: sufficiently close and gravitationally bound (gravity and velocities); avoids spurious mergers (though not totally at low resolution)

Controlled Experiments: Design

- Numerical experiments: small-volume simulations (run using MP-Gadget, Feng+2018)
- 640^3 particles, $(50 \text{ Mpc}/h)^3$ box (resolution $\sim 2\times$ lower than Astrid's)
- Repositioning vs. Dynamical friction (DF), also tested with a stronger (TNG-like) feedback model

Simulation	BH dynamics	Feedback model
SV-DF	Dynamical friction	Fiducial
SV-REPOS	Repositioning	Fiducial
SV-DF-S	Dynamical friction	Stronger feedback
SV-REPOS-S	Repositioning	Stronger feedback

Controlled Experiments: Results

- Kinetic feedback energy released by BHs, E_{kf}

- Repositioning:

more mergers

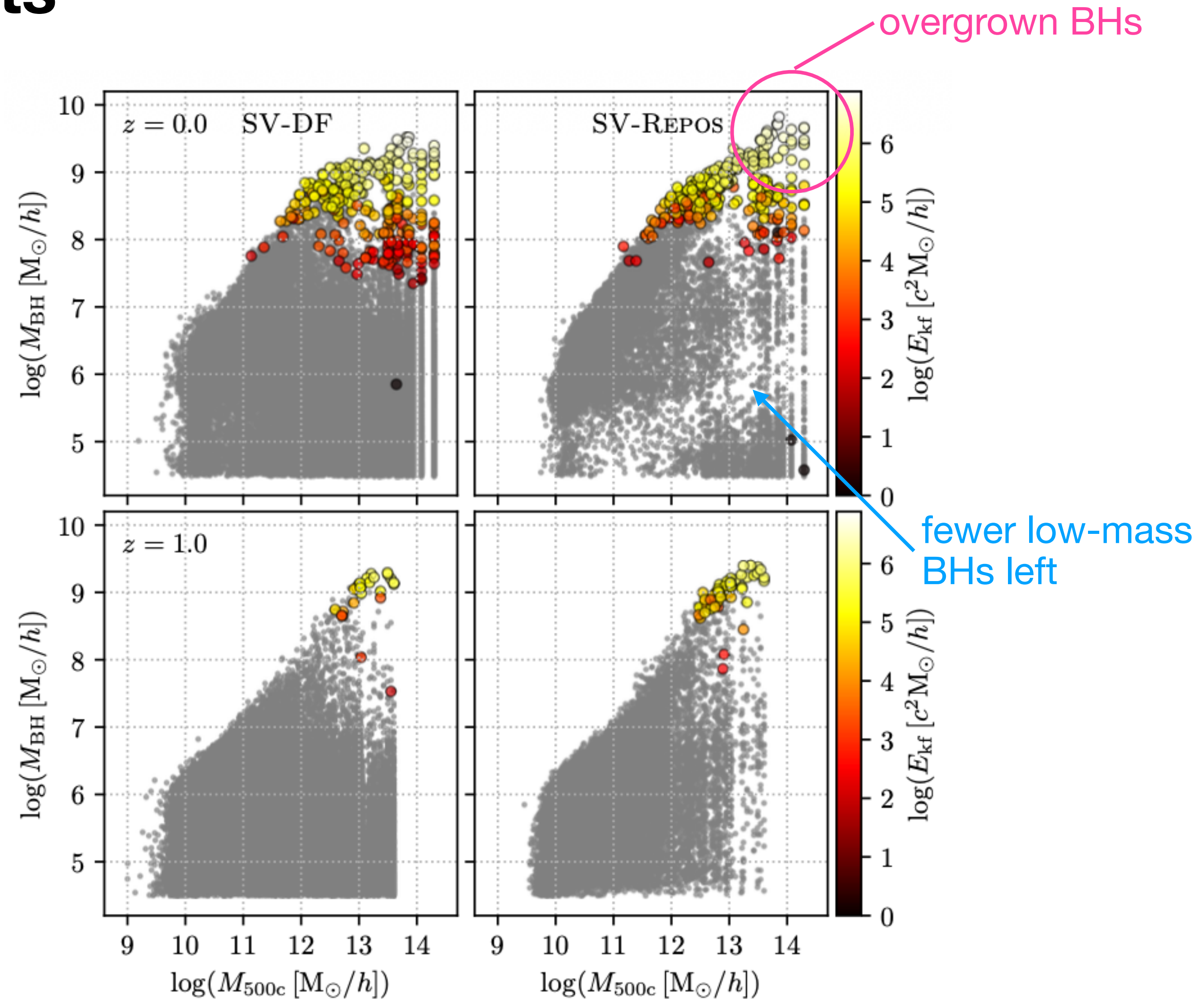


high-mass BHs overgrow



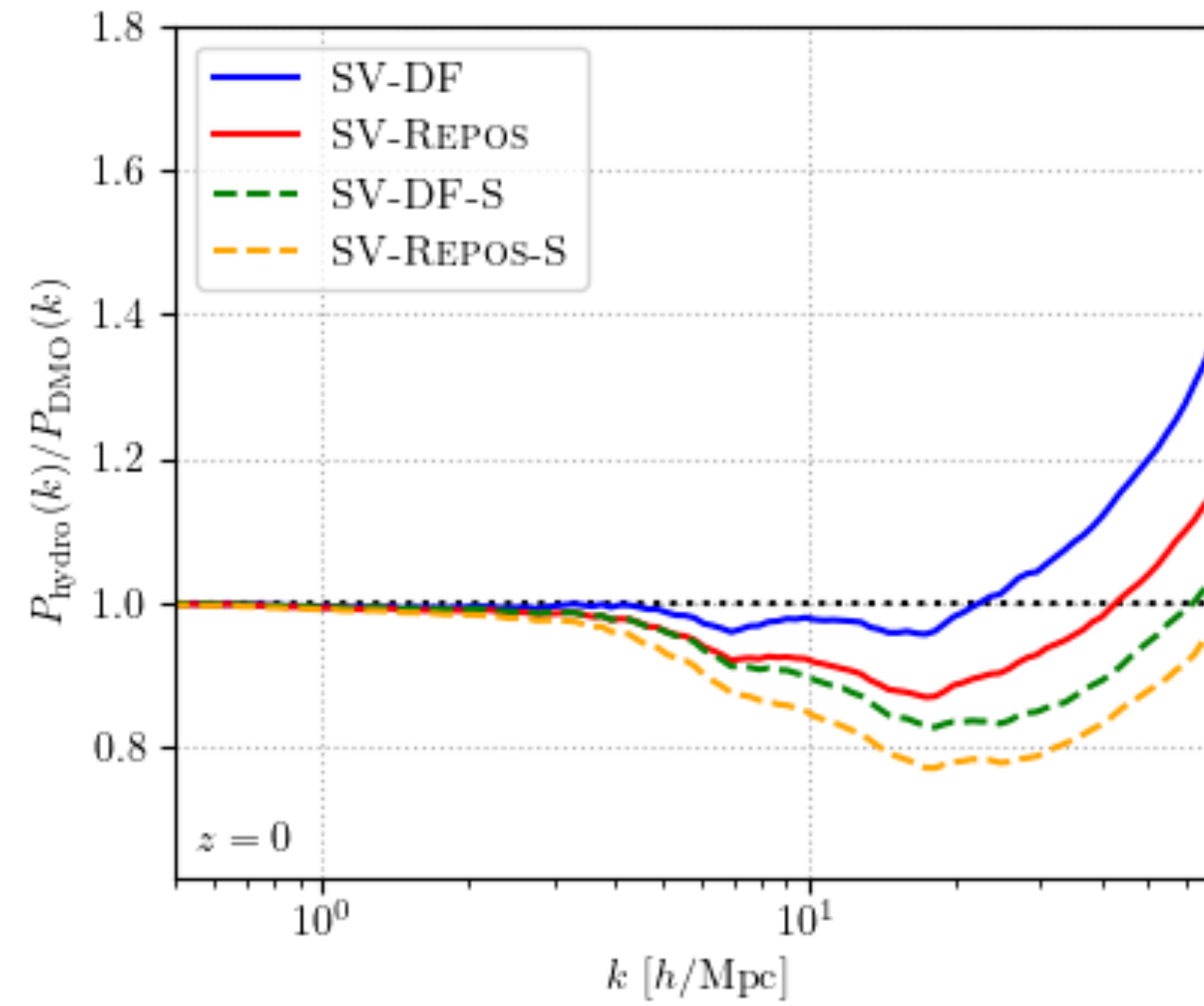
more kinetic feedback energy

- $z=1$, $E \sim 1.8x$
- $z=0$, $E \sim 1.2x$



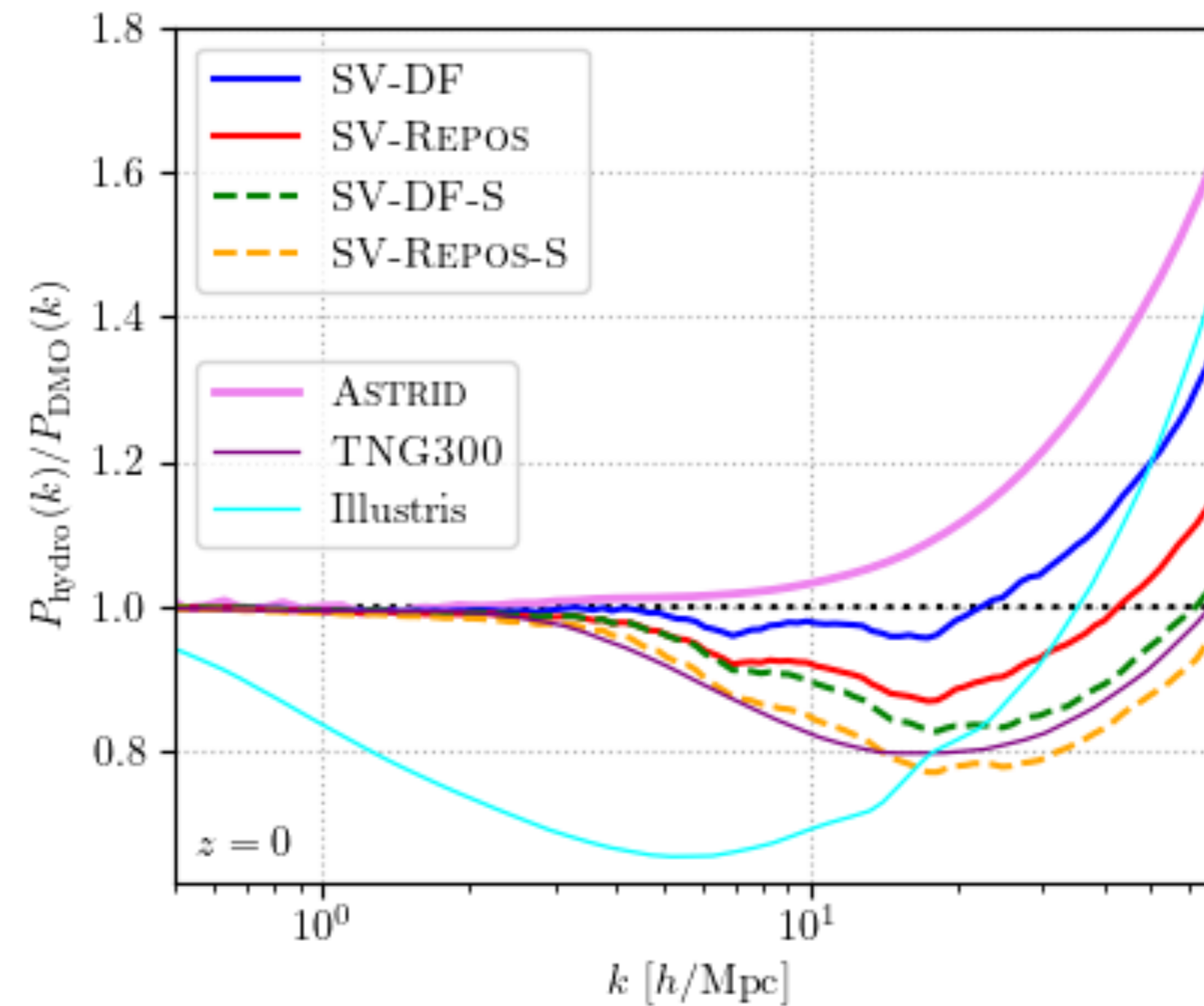
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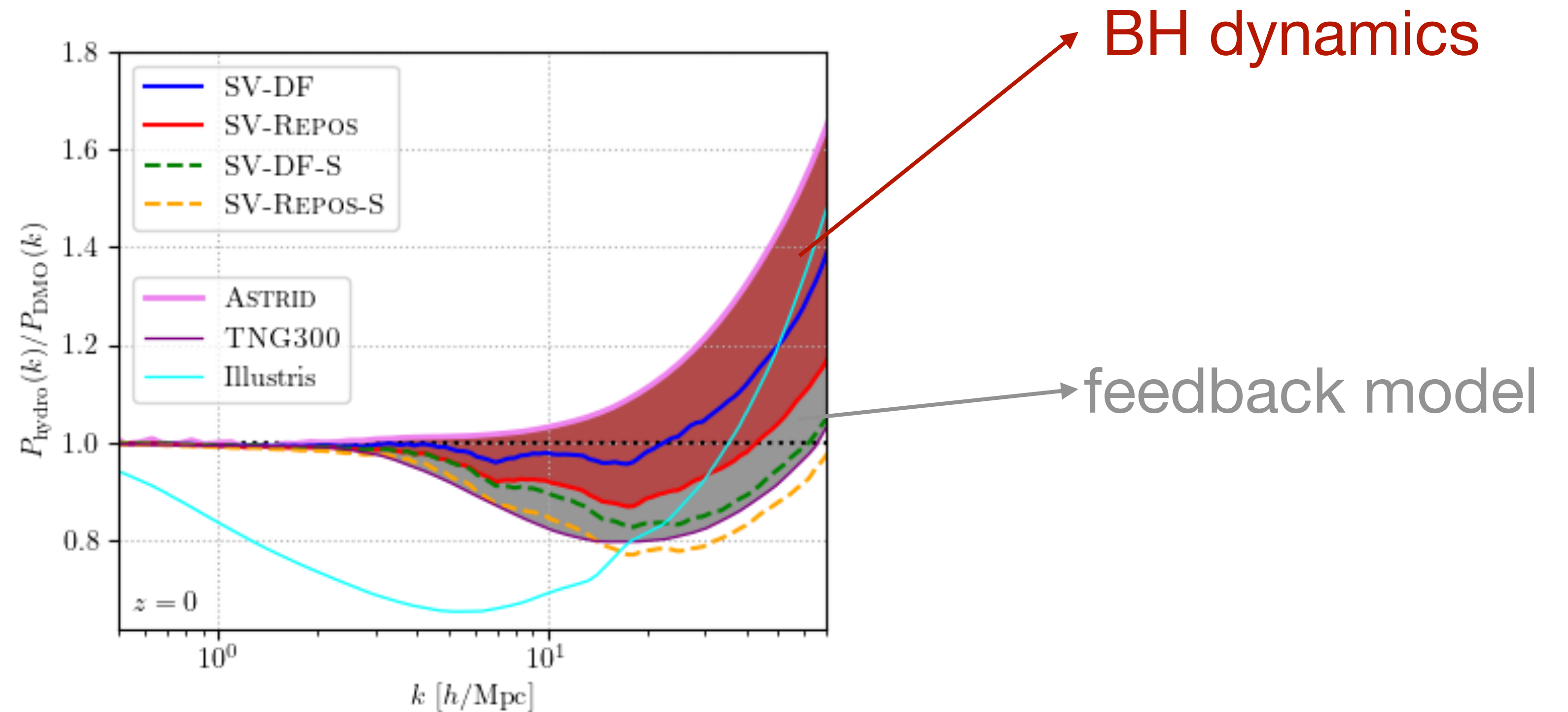


- Note: SV-DF shows lower power than Astrid because of its lower resolution

Controlled Experiments: Results

- Baryonic suppression of $P(k)$

Astrid vs. TNG



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Discussion

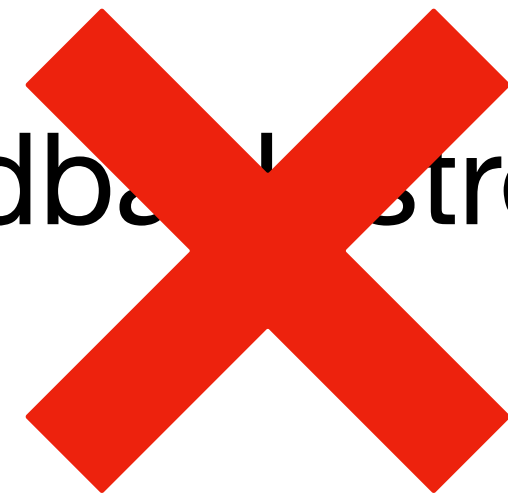
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 - too much gas remains in halos compared with observations (will be shown in the paper)
- Solutions?

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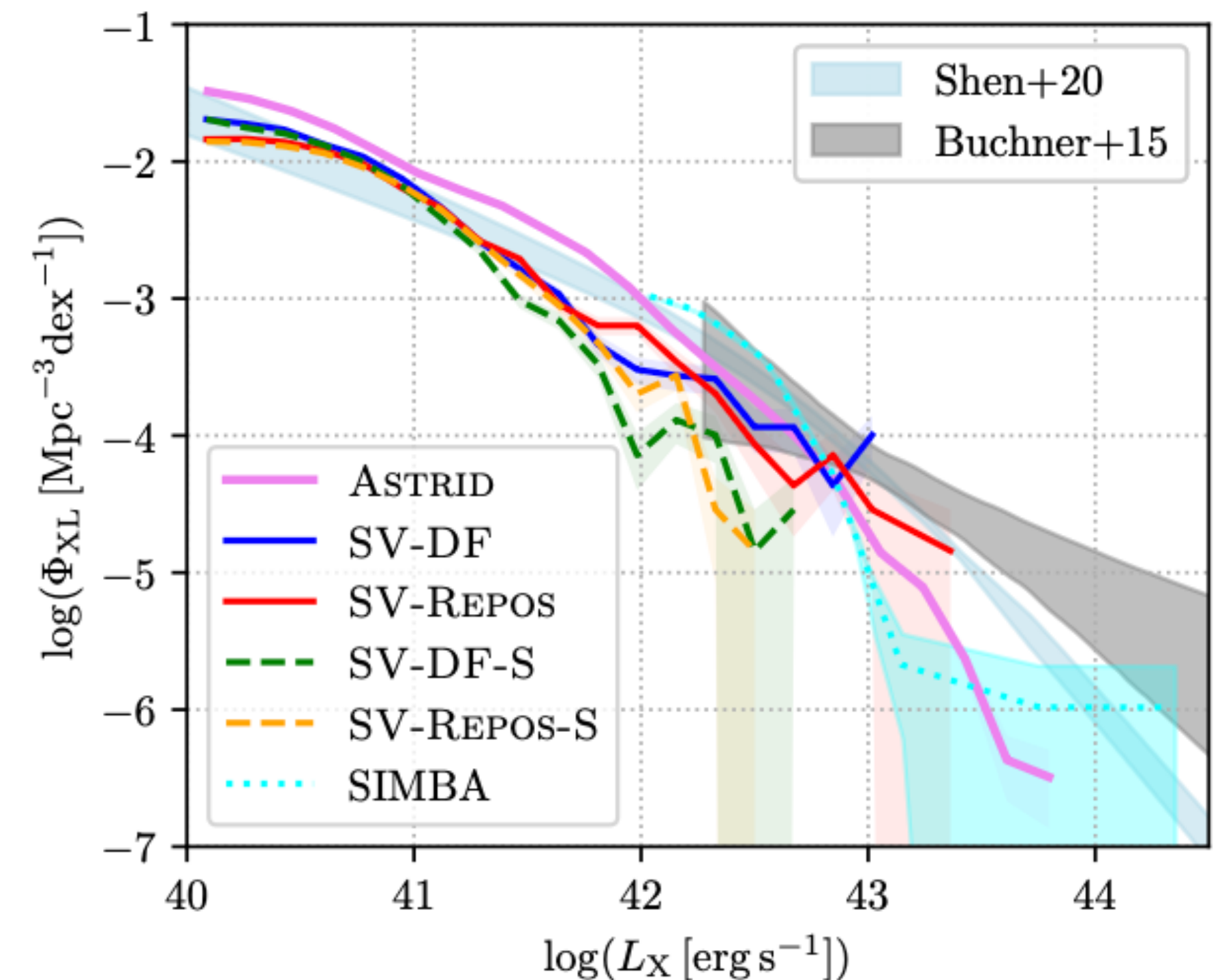
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- Solutions?
 - simply increase the feedback strength?



Other galaxy properties can be worse, e.g.
AGN hard X-ray luminosity function (z=0)



Discussion

- Solutions?
 - jet feedback (e.g., SIMBA)?
 - new BH seeding prescription?
 - or, non-baryon physics (novel dark-sector models)?
 - other possibilities?

Conclusions

Yang+2026 (arXiv:2605.04176)

- BH repositioning artificially enhances AGN feedback and baryonic suppression of matter clustering



Much of the strong $P(k)$ suppression shown in most simulations may arise from numerical artifacts

- Current theoretical models are still behind observations (No perfect simulations yet!)



We advocate developing new models (with dynamical friction) that can evacuate gas efficiently without compromising other galaxy properties



fully exploit Roman data