## Photometric Supernova Classification in the Roman Era Helen Qu (University of Pennsylvania)

Exploring the Transient Universe with the Nancy Grace Roman Space Telescope, 2/8/2022



### *Type Ia Supernova (SN Ia) Cosmology*



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## SN la Cosmology

- SNe la are:
  - highly luminous: observable out to  $z \sim 1 2$
  - **standardizable candles:** brightness → distance



Scolnic et al., 2018



## SN la Cosmology

- SNe la are:
  - highly luminous: observable out to  $z \sim 1 2$
  - **standardizable candles:** brightness → distance
- Input: Redshift z, luminosity distance  $d_L$
- **Output**: cosmological parameters ( $\Omega_m, \Omega_\Lambda, w$ )



Scolnic et al., 2018



## Core Collapse Astrophysics

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- Early SN type information more opportunities for follow-up observation

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- lower accuracy
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SCONE

## **SCONE** (Supernova Classification with a Convolutional Neural Network)

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Qu et al., AJ, 2021



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### SN la Cosmology SN Ia vs. non-Ia Classification

SNIa E	0.9978 ±0.002	0.0022 ±0.002	<ul> <li>accuracy without redshift: 99.73 %</li> </ul>
Potual non-Ia	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0033 \\ \pm 0.0033 \end{array}$	$0.9967 \pm 0.0033$	
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non-Ia	±0.0033		GPU!)
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₹ non-Ia	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0033 \\ \pm 0.0033 \end{array}$	$0.9967 \pm 0.0033$	• caveat: these results are from simulated SNe datasets; <b>re</b>
	SNIa Predicte	non-Ia ed Type	data is always messier!

DM a



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#### no redshift





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#### no redshift

![](_page_35_Figure_2.jpeg)

• Simulated Roman shallow + deep photometry

![](_page_37_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Picture_4.jpeg)

- Simulated Roman shallow + deep photometry
- Contaminants: realistic mixture of peculiar SNIa and core collapse SNe

![](_page_38_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_38_Picture_5.jpeg)

- Simulated Roman shallow + deep photometry
- Contaminants: realistic mixture of peculiar SNIa and core collapse SNe
- 98.8 % average SN Ia classification efficiency, 0.8 % core-collapse contamination

![](_page_39_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_39_Picture_6.jpeg)

- Simulated Roman shallow + deep photometry
- Contaminants: realistic mixture of peculiar SNIa and core collapse SNe
- 98.8 % average SN Ia classification efficiency, 0.8 % core-collapse contamination
- Caveat: results on simulations may not translate exactly to real data

![](_page_40_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Picture_7.jpeg)

## Early-Time Roman SN Classification

• Photometric typing of 6 SN types up to 5 days after trigger

![](_page_41_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Figure_5.jpeg)

## Early-Time Roman SN Classification

- Photometric typing of 6 SN types up to 5 days after trigger
- 70% average accuracy classifying without redshift

![](_page_42_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Figure_6.jpeg)

## Early-Time Roman SN Classification

- Photometric typing of 6 SN types up to 5 days after trigger
- 70% average accuracy classifying without redshift

![](_page_43_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_5.jpeg)

### *Type Ia Supernova (SN Ia)* Cosmology

>98% accuracy on LSST and Roman simulations

<u>Qu et al., AJ, 2021</u>

### Summary

#### **SCONE:** image recognition-based classifier that's quick to train

### Core Collapse (CC) Astrophysics

#### 5 days after trigger:

- 80% 6-way typing accuracy
- **70%** without redshift