

How Does Gas Get to Black Holes?



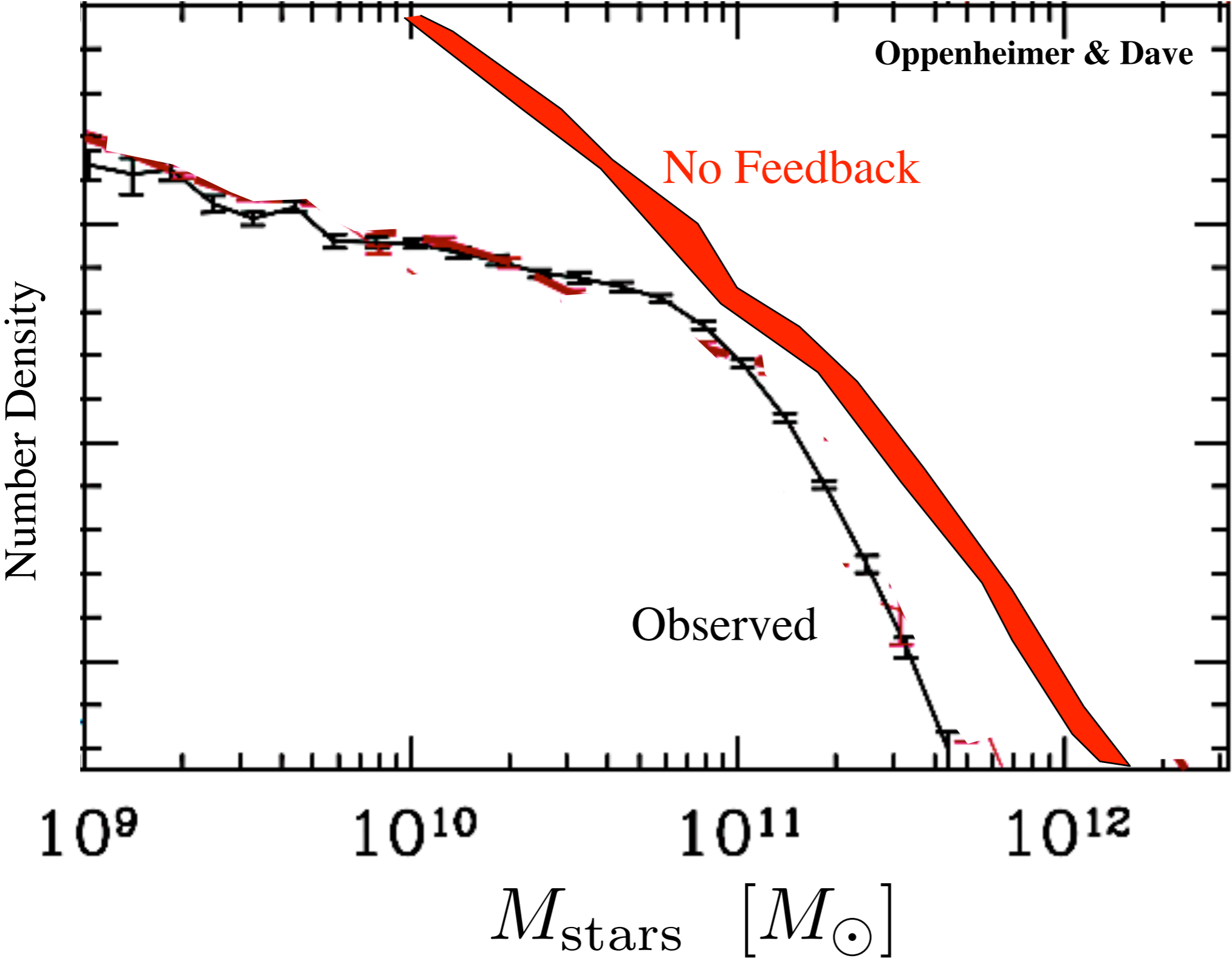
Philip Hopkins

Caltech

Paul Torrey, Daniel Angles-Alcazar, Dale Kocevski, Kevin Bundy,
Norm Murray, Claude-Andre Faucher-Giguere, Dusan Keres, Eliot Quataert

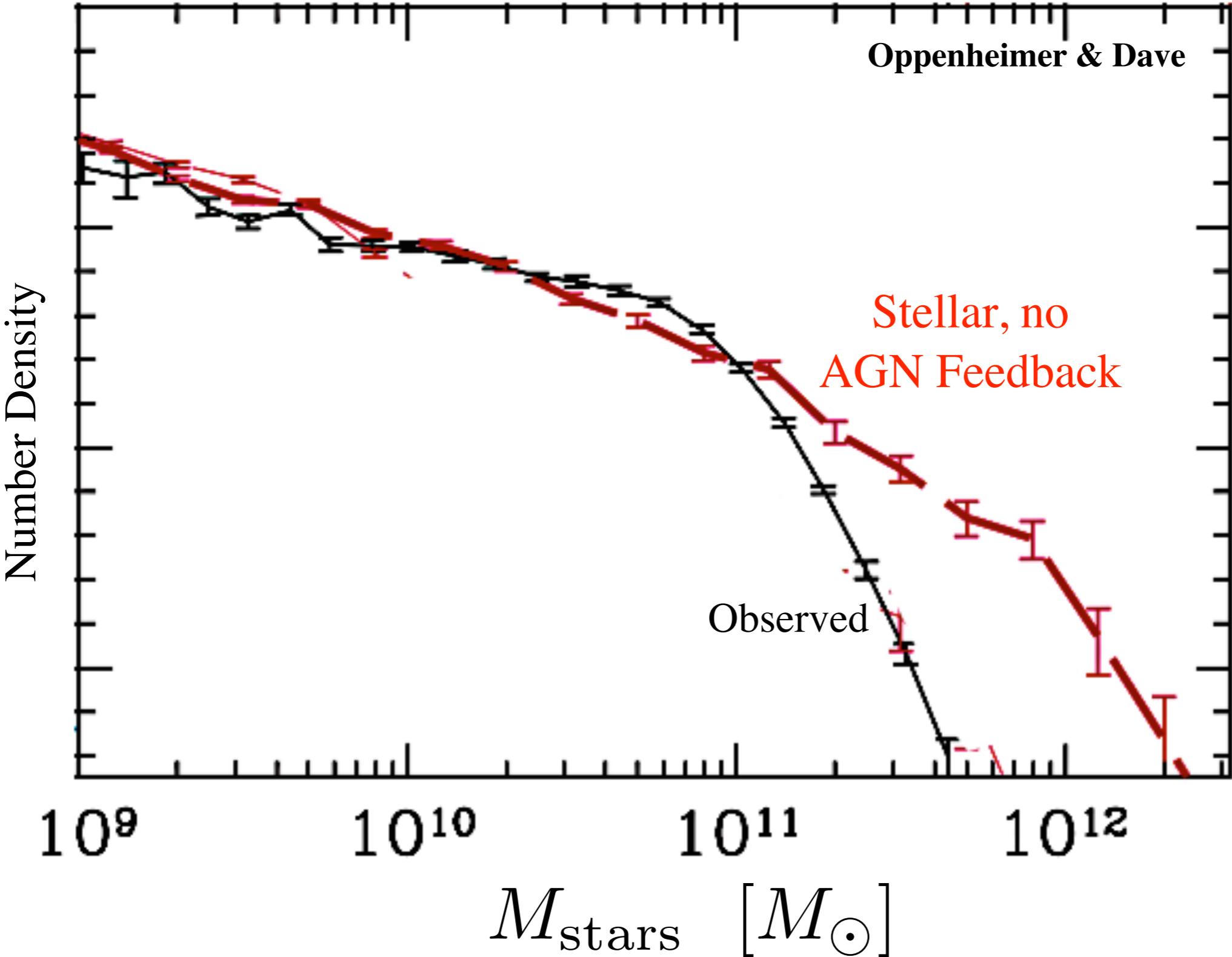
The Need for AGN Feedback

NEED TO SUPPRESS STAR FORMATION IN MASSIVE GALAXIES



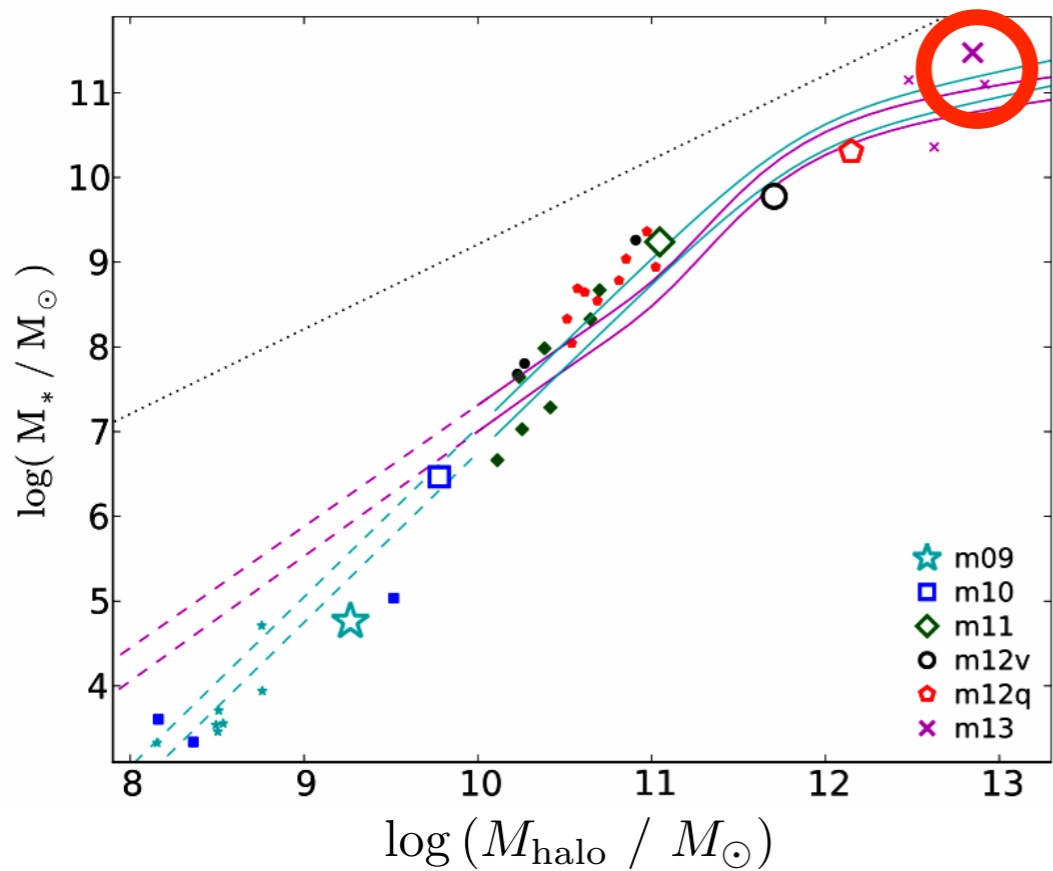
The Need for AGN Feedback

FEEDBACK FROM STARS IS NOT ENOUGH



The Need for AGN Feedback

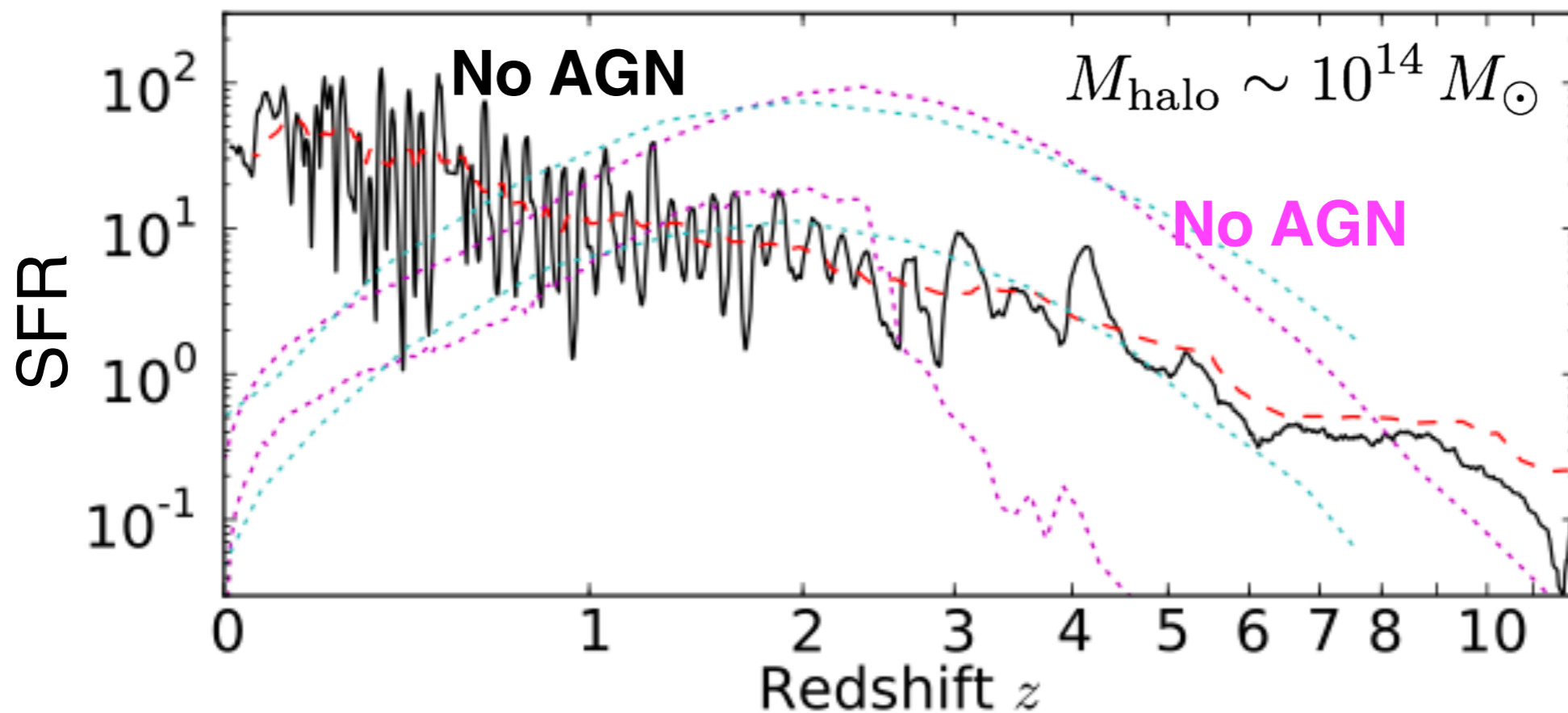
FEEDBACK FROM STARS IS NOT ENOUGH



➤ Include:

- Stellar feedback (including AGBs & Ia's)
- “Gravitational” heating (clumps, shocks)
- MHD & conduction

Still no quenching!



Robert Feldmann

Quenching: Don't Trust Models that Don't Do Stars Right

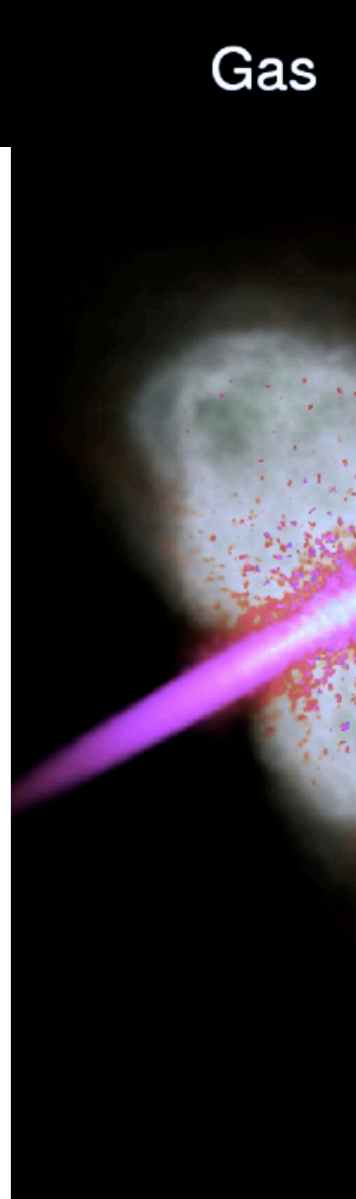
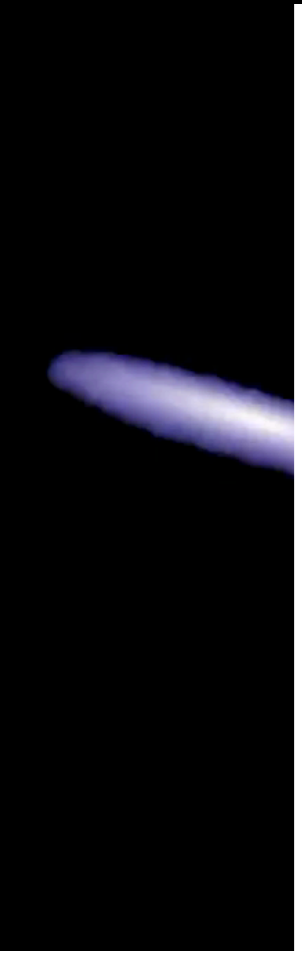
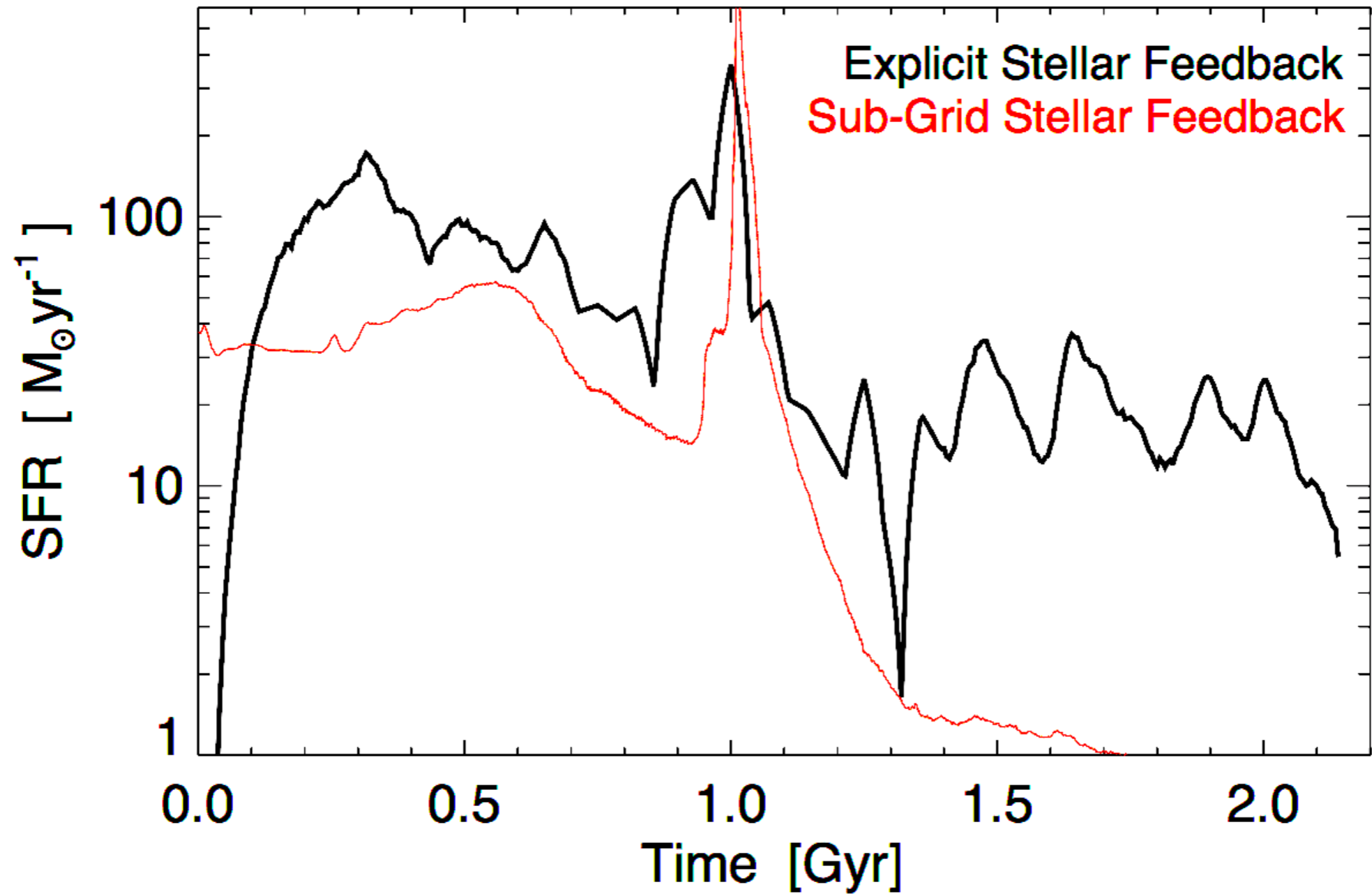
SMALL GALAXIES BECOME BIG GALAXIES

“Decoupled Winds” (Sub-Grid)

Following Explicit Feedback

T = 0 Myr Gas

0.1 Gyr Gas

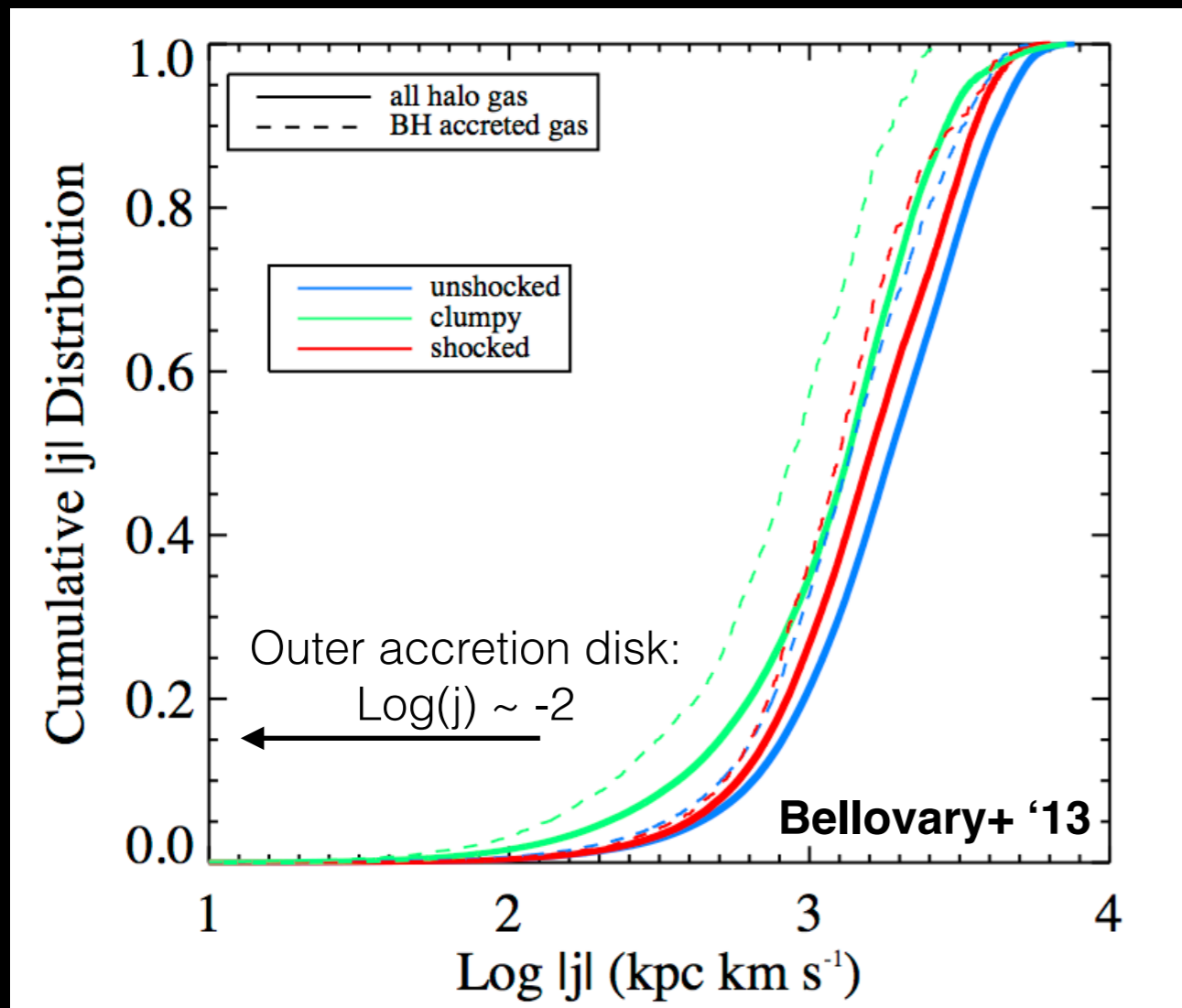


Do Cold Flows Fuel BHs?

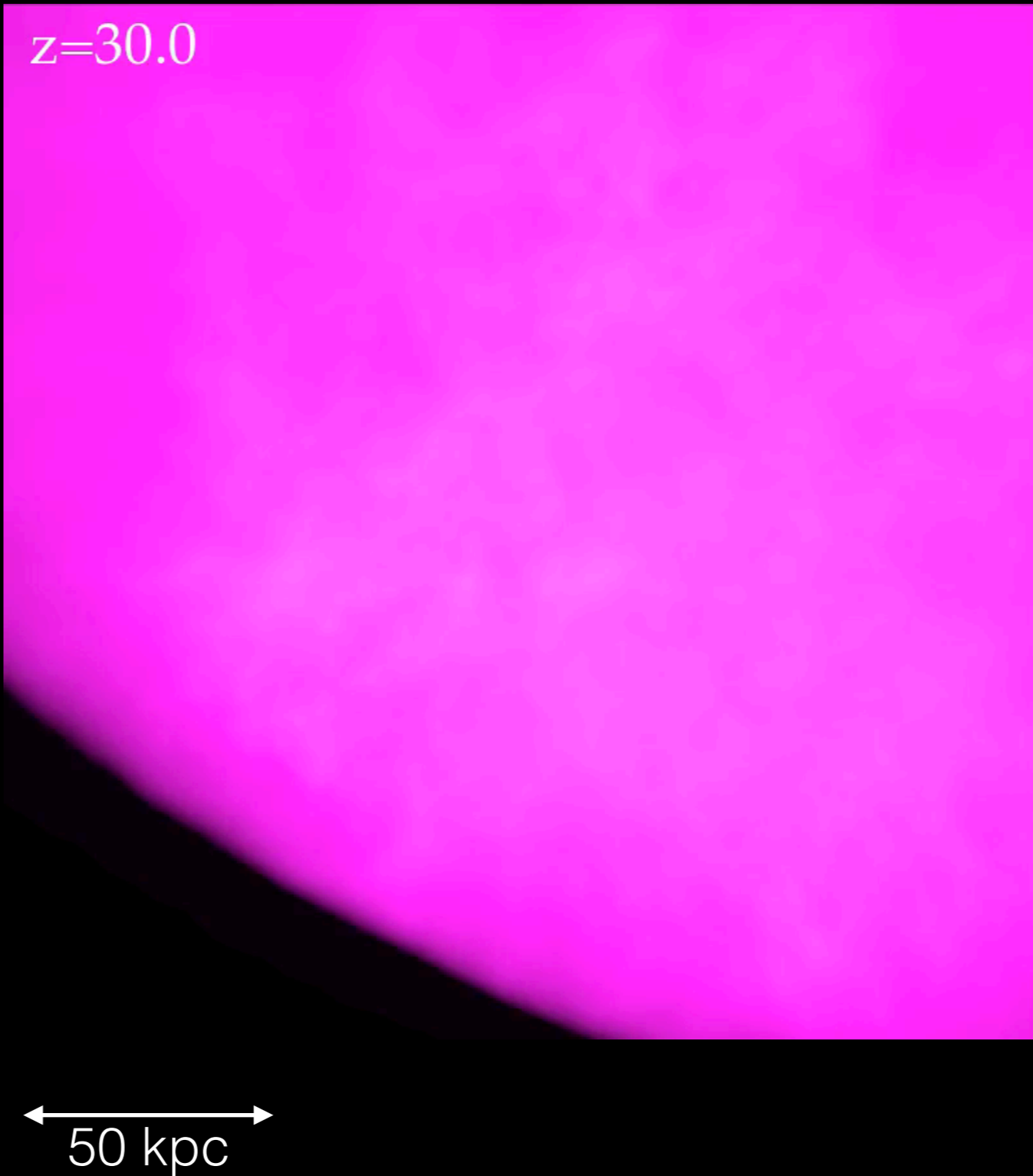
NO!

Inflow from Cosmological Scales To Galaxies

$z=30.0$



$z=30.0$



Do Mergers Fuel BHs?

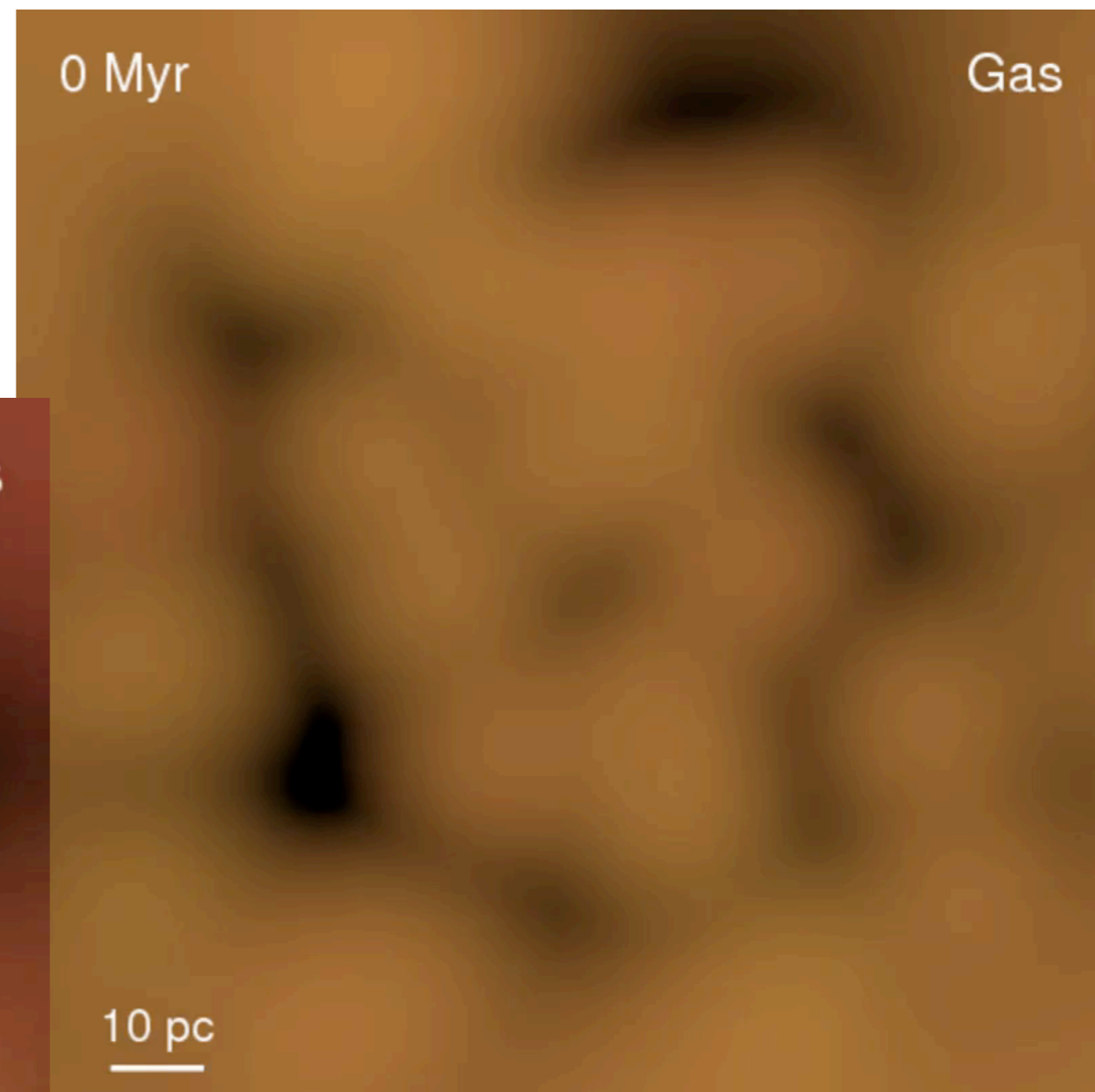
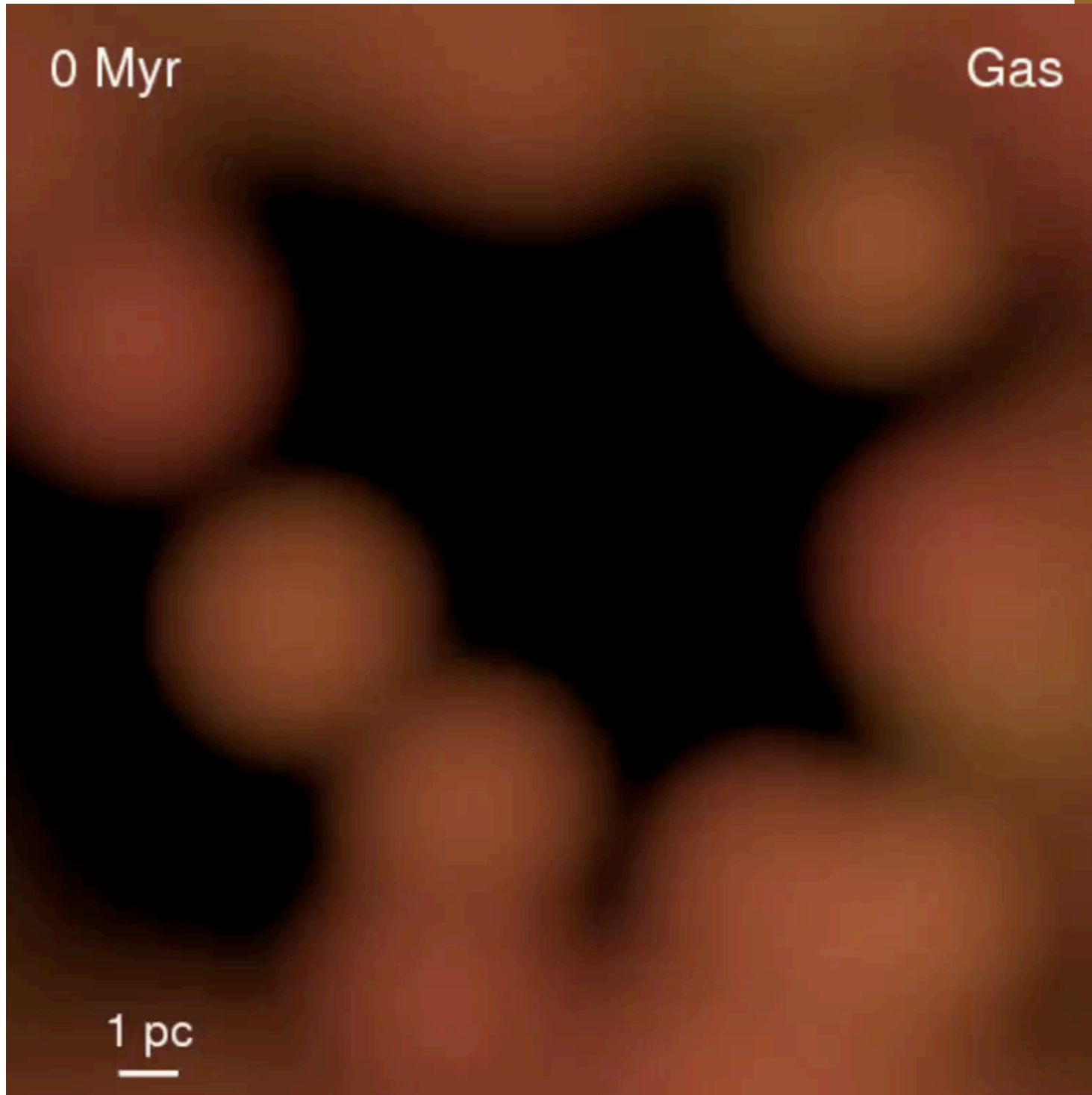
NO!

Do Disk Instabilities Fuel BHs?

NO!

- Galaxy merger: good way to get lots of gas to small scales!
- *If* BHs trace spheroids, then
most mass added in violent events that also build bulges

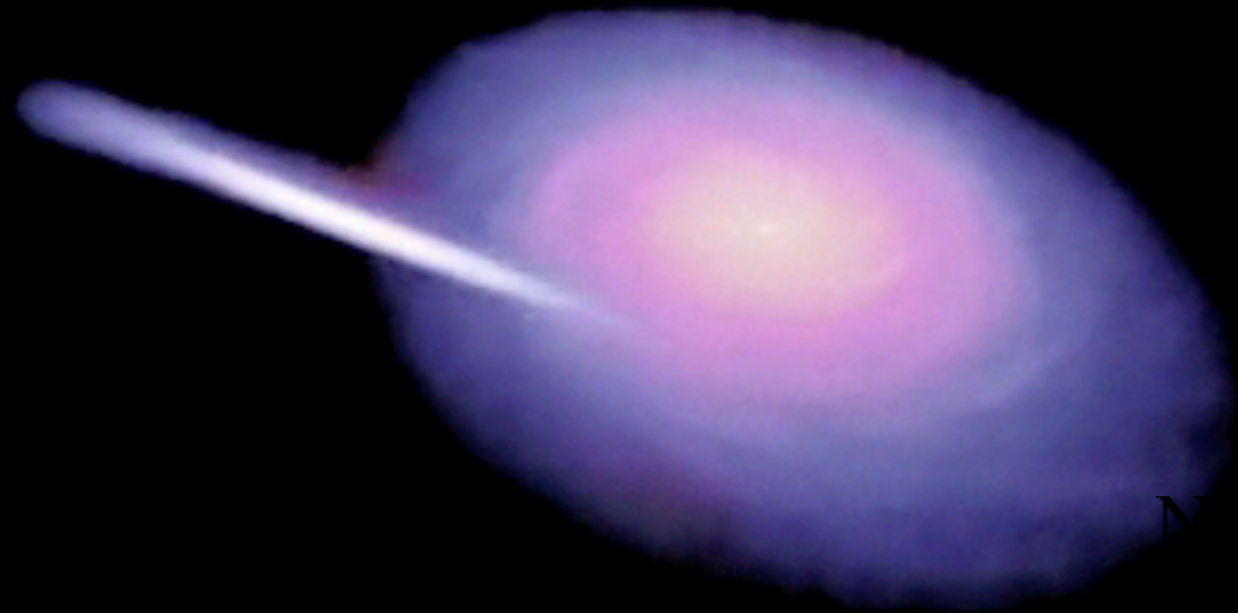
- BUT, disk instabilities/random nuclear gas motions are *really* common



- Extrapolate from ~ 10 pc to BH accretion rates

T = 250 Myr

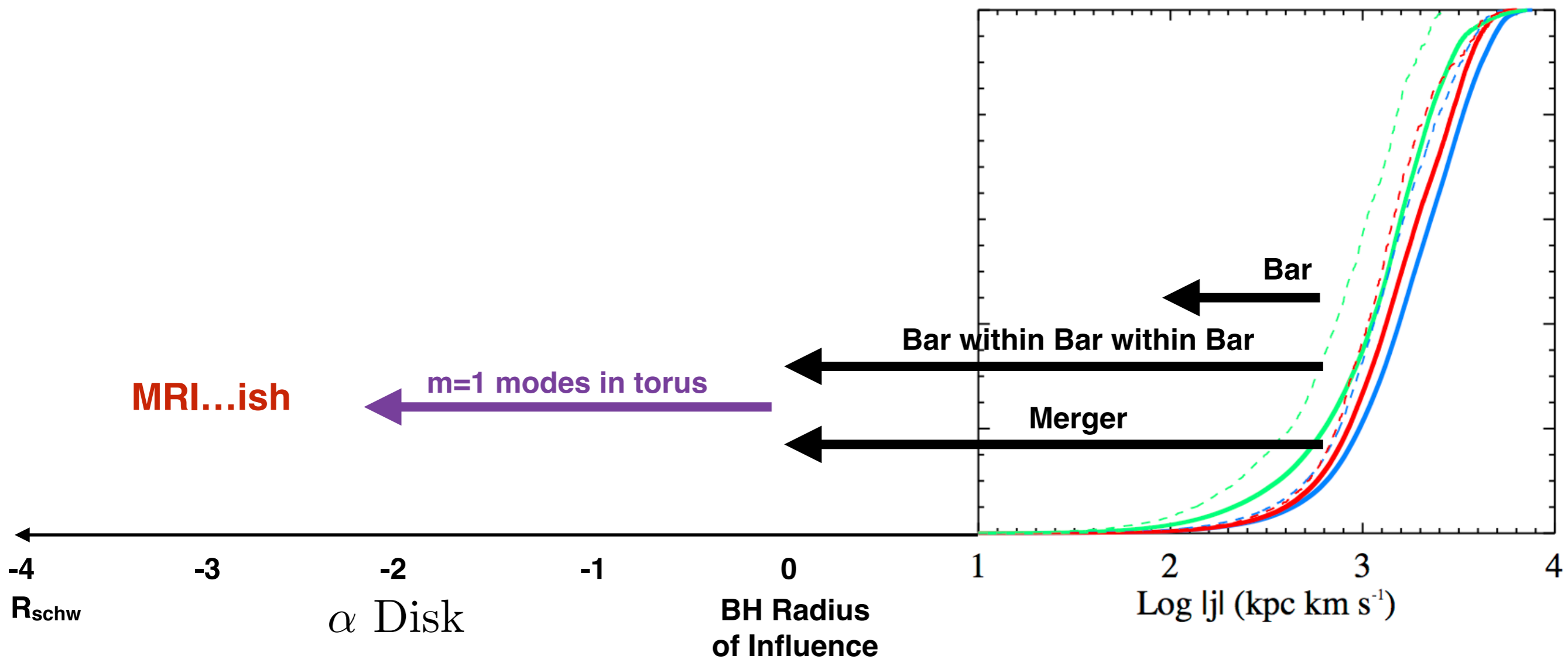
Gas



Fast Rapid Star Formation?

(Trifid in M31 structure, Elmegreen & Faloutsos 2005) (e.g. Baugh & Hernquist 1991)

But we're still a long way from the BH!





Bars w/in Bars

(Shlosman et al. 1989)

“It’s Bars all the Way Down ...”

More accurately ...

“It’s Non-axisymmetric
Features all the Way Down ...”

Revisiting Accretion

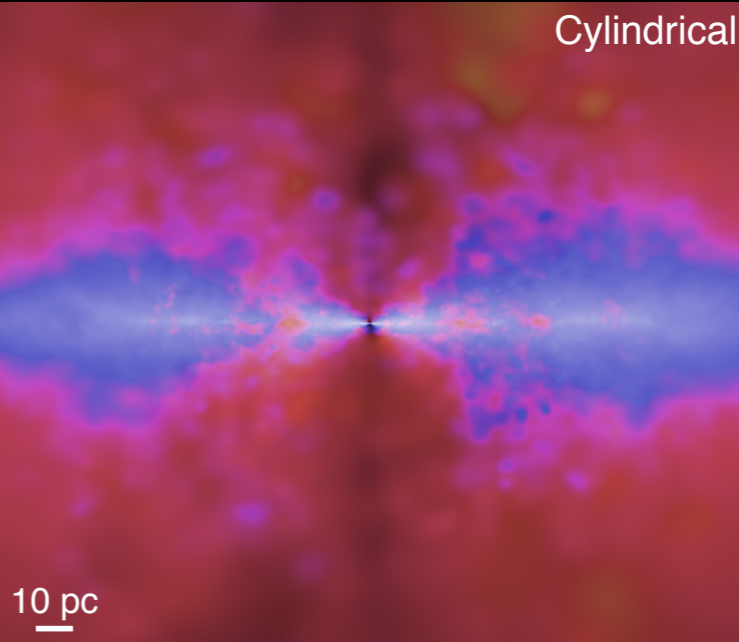
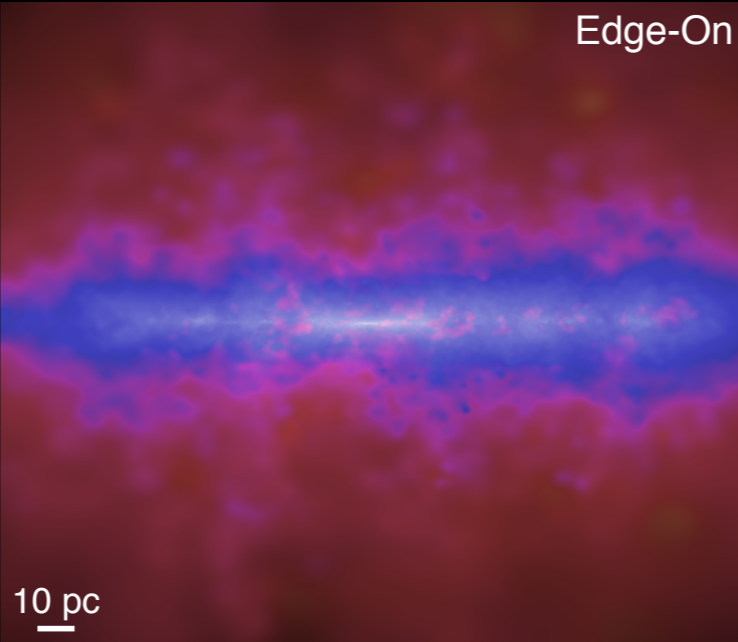
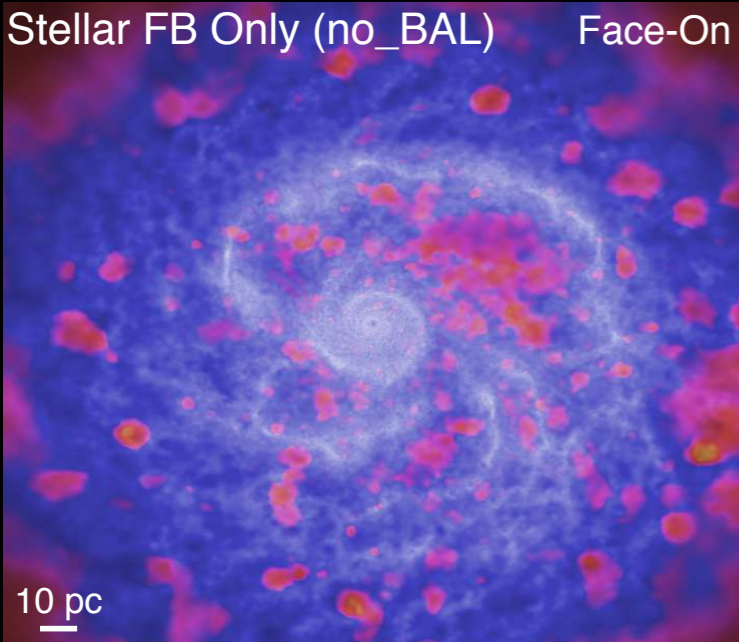
INCLUDING:

- RESOLUTION = 0.01 pc, 10 Msun*
- STELLAR FEEDBACK*
- COOLING (10K - 1e10 K)*
- COMPTON HEATING*
- PHOTOIONIZATION FROM BH+STARS*
- RADIATION PRESSURE*
- ACCRETION DISK WINDS*

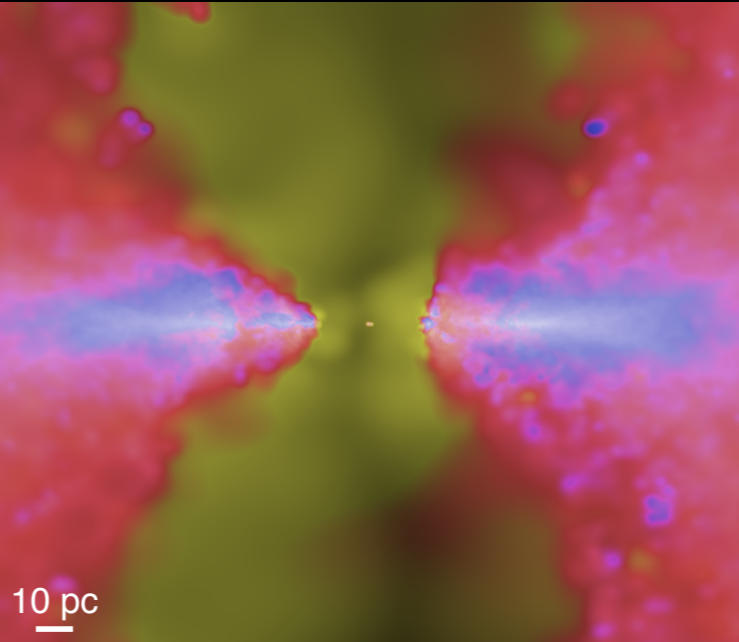
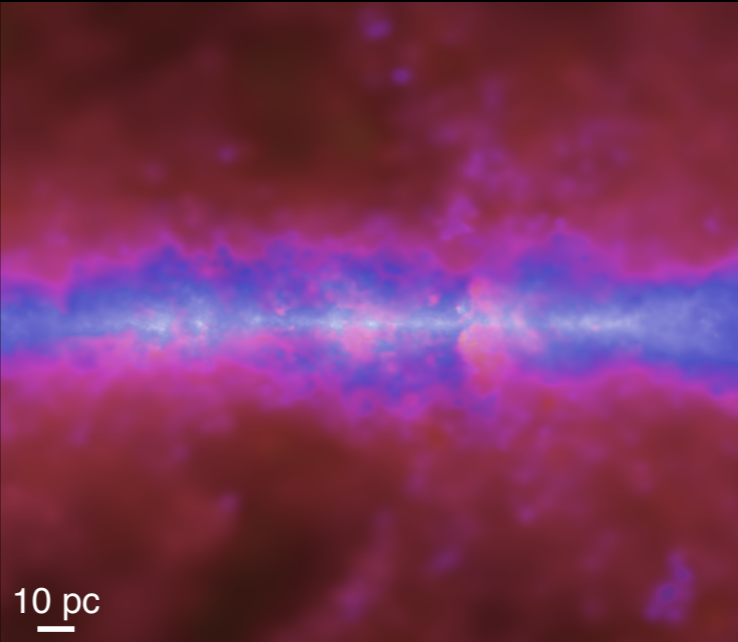
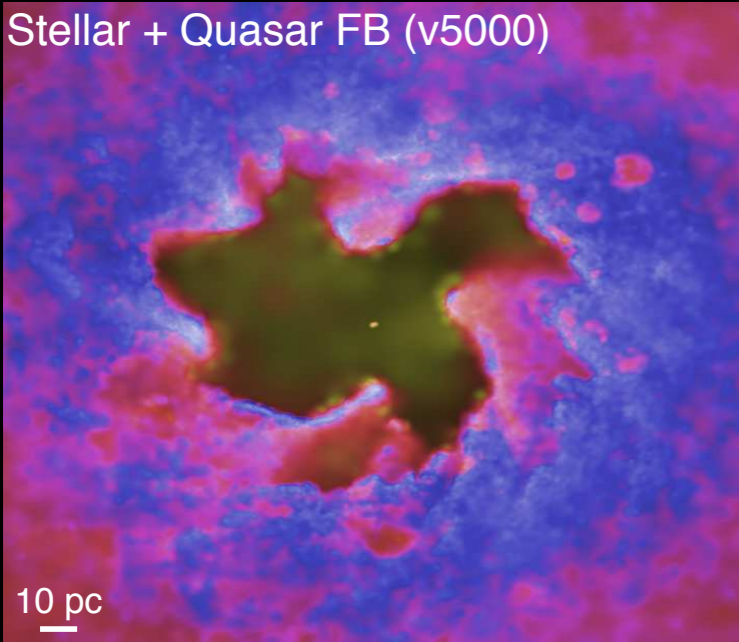
Stars



Gas



Stars

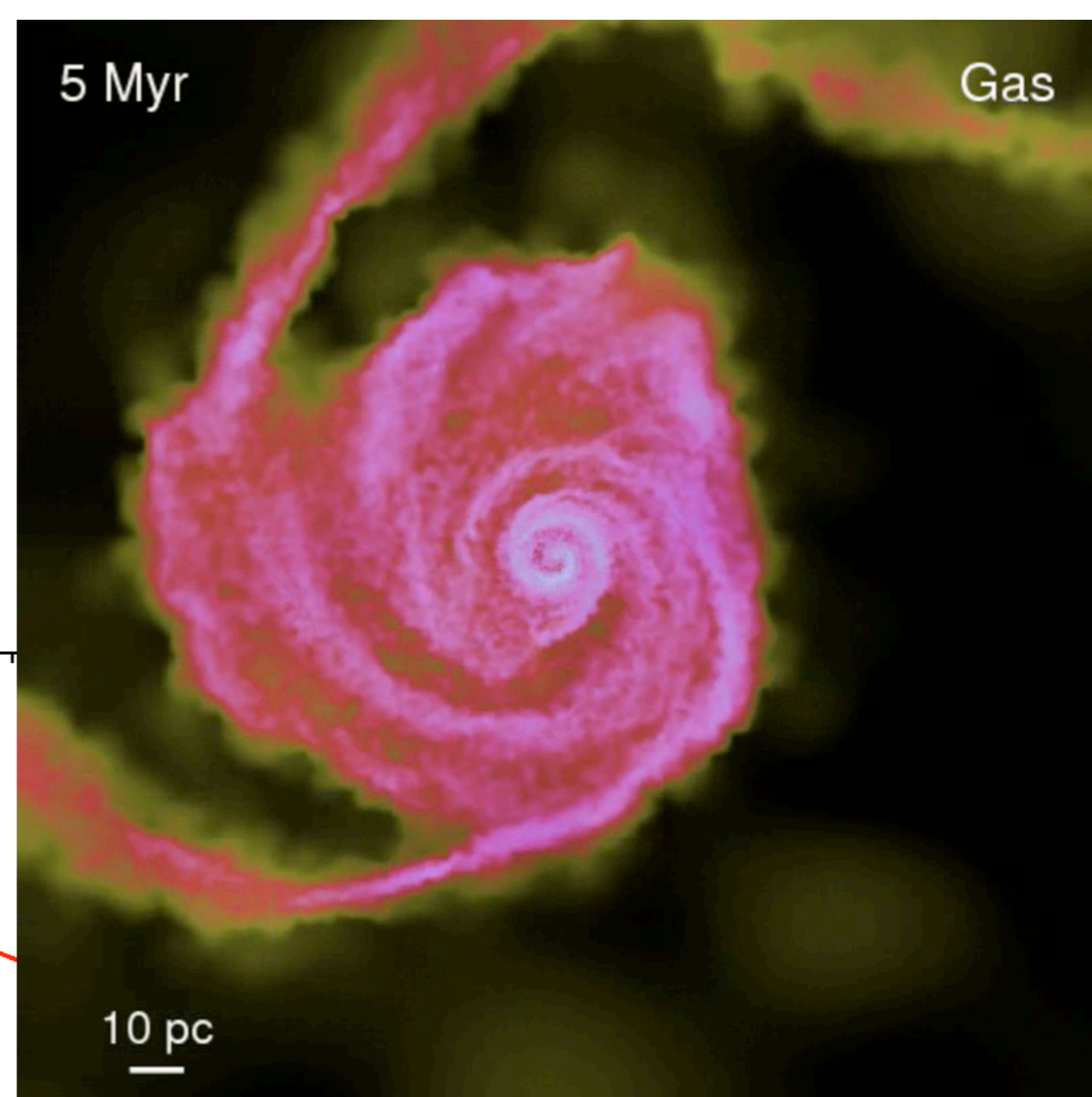
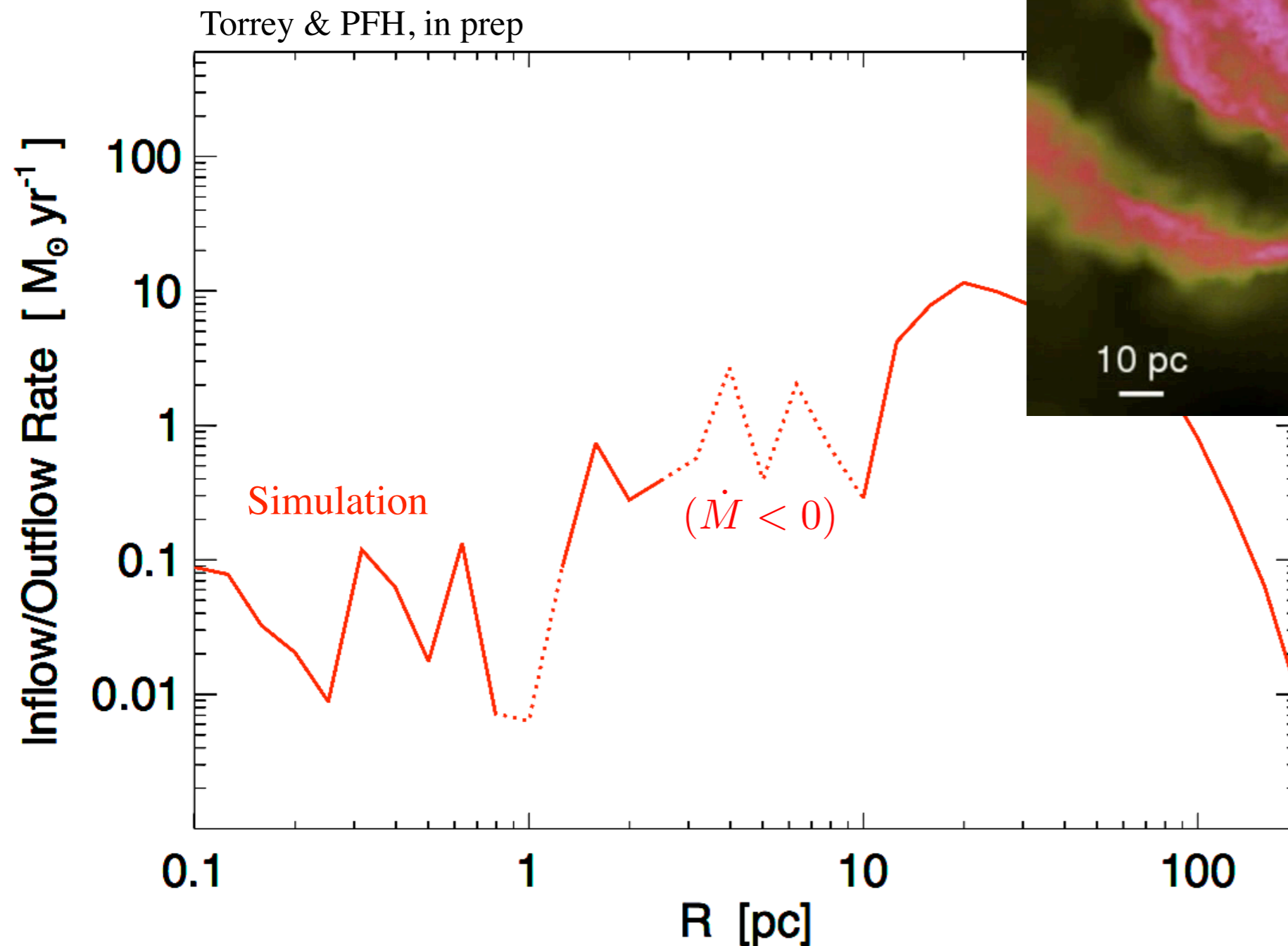


Gas

Large-scale inflows

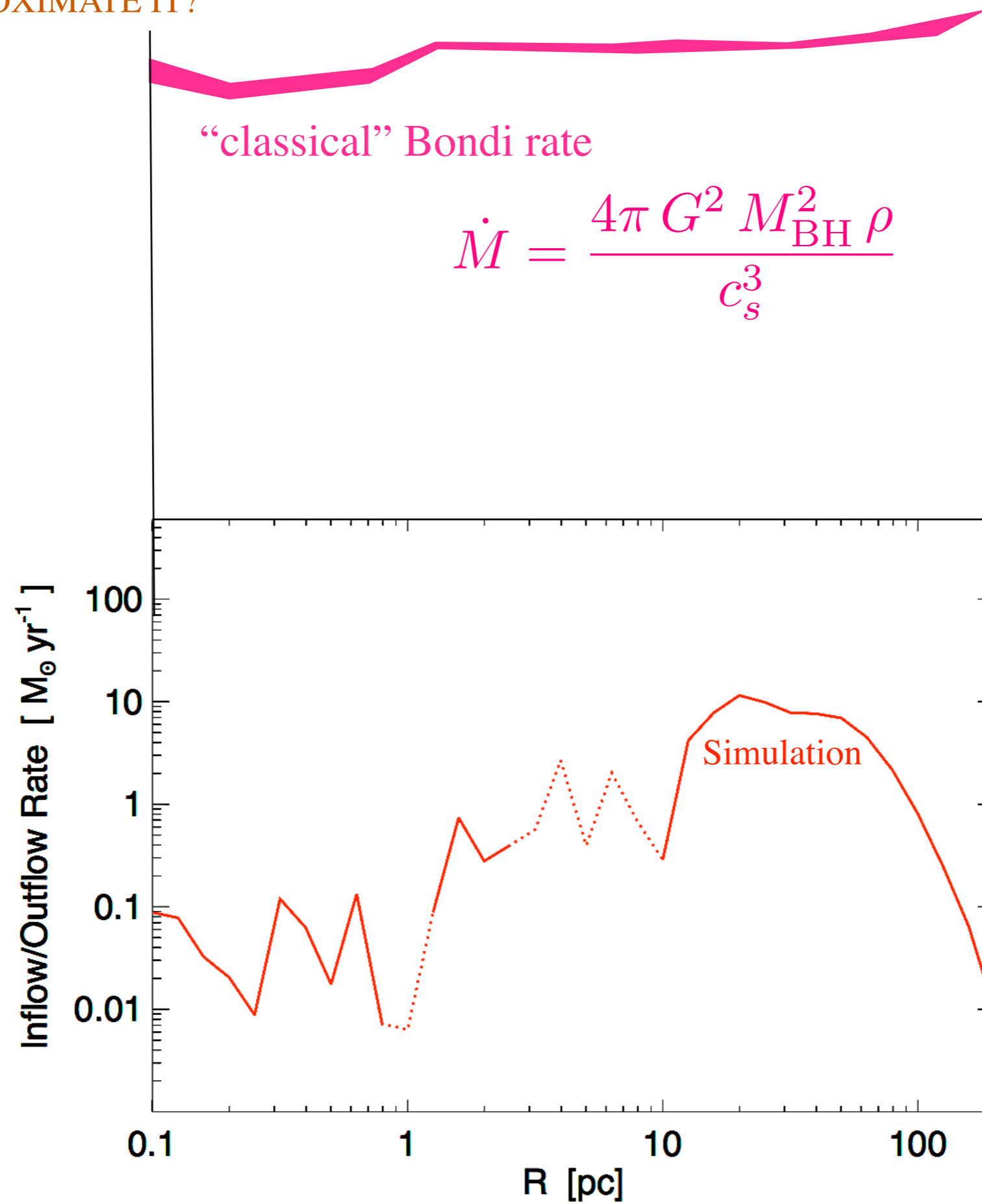
HOW DO WE APPROXIMATE IT?

- Do we understand inflow to sub-pc scales?



PFH & Quataert 2009,10,11
Levine, Gnedin, Kravtsov 09,10
Mayer, Callegari, 09,10

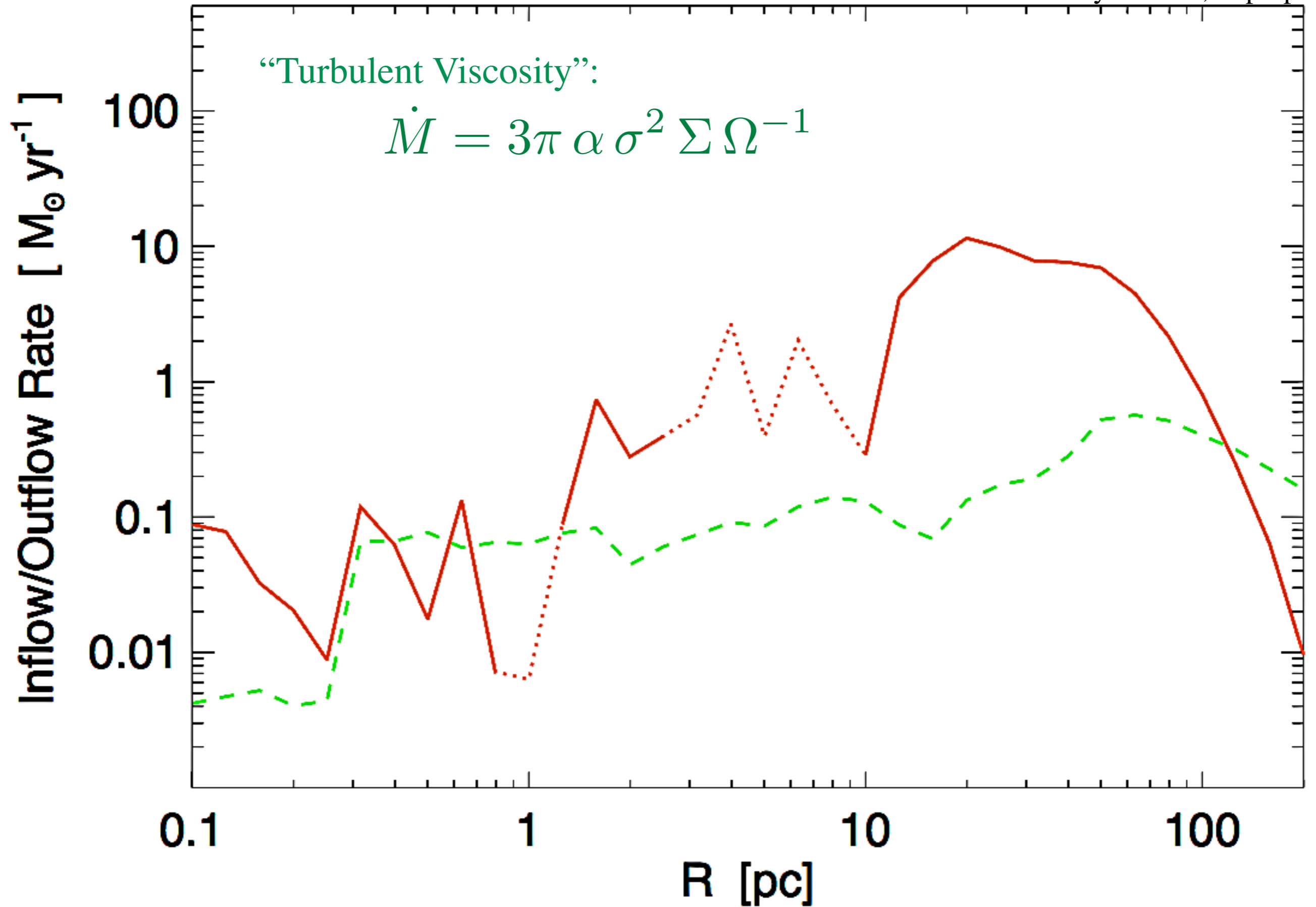
HOW DO WE APPROXIMATE IT?



Large-scale inflows

HOW DO WE APPROXIMATE IT?

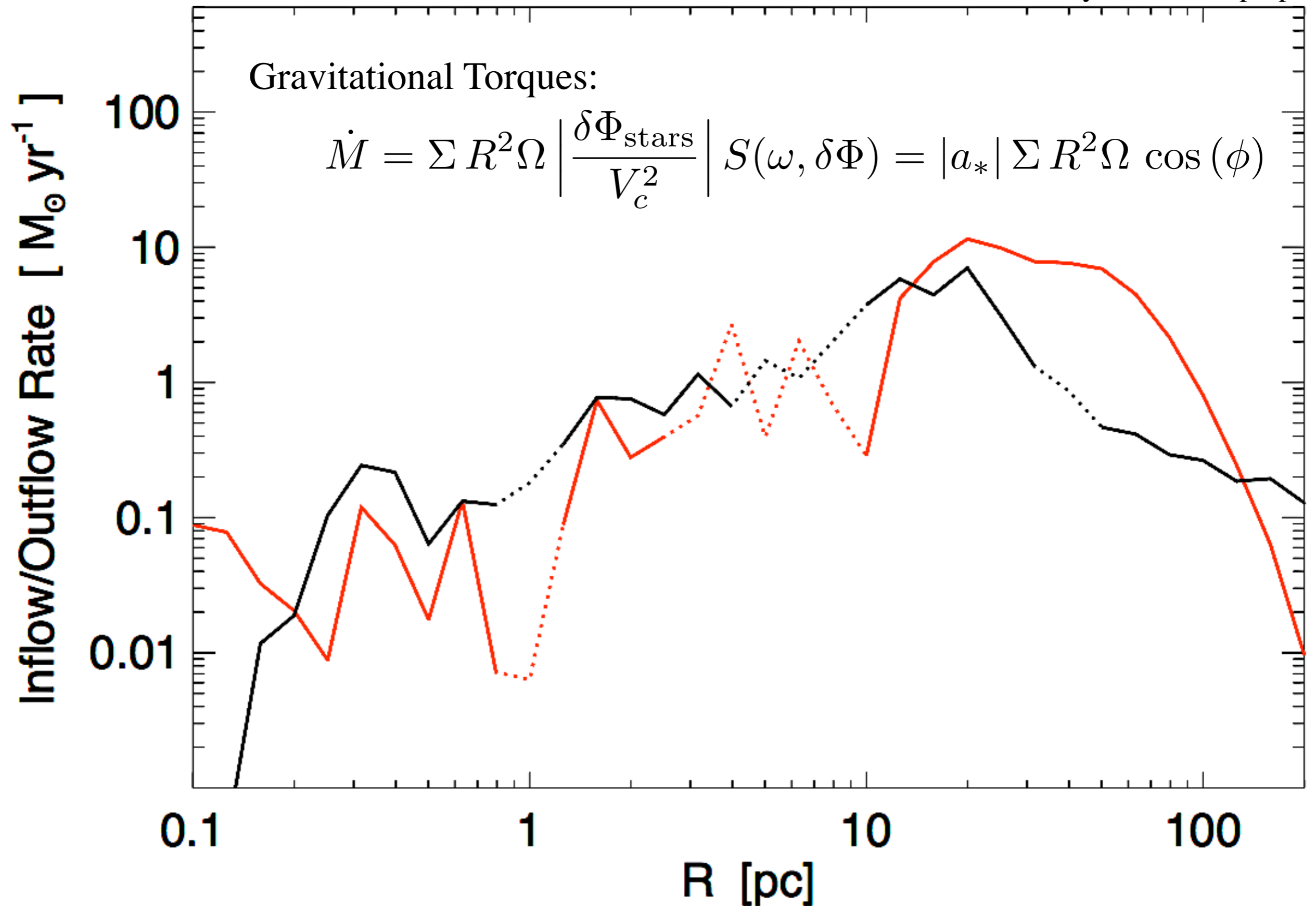
Torrey & PFH, in prep



Large-scale inflows

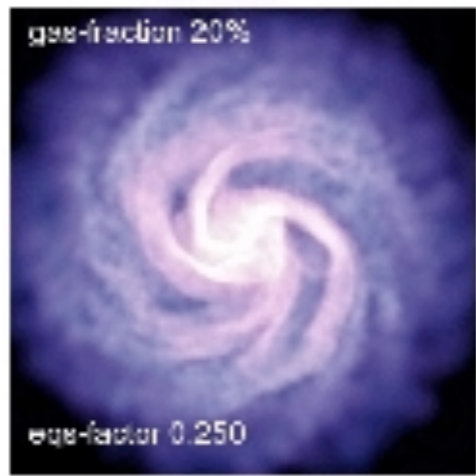
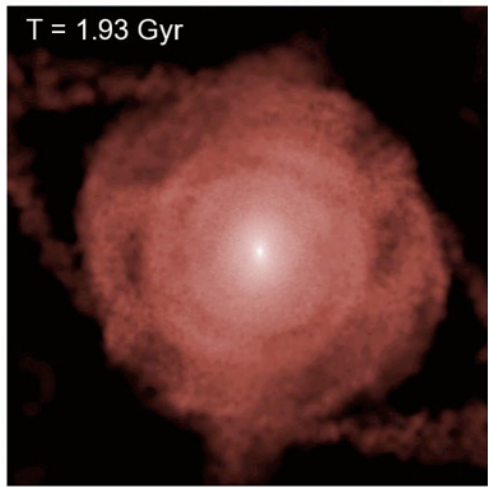
HOW DO WE APPROXIMATE IT?

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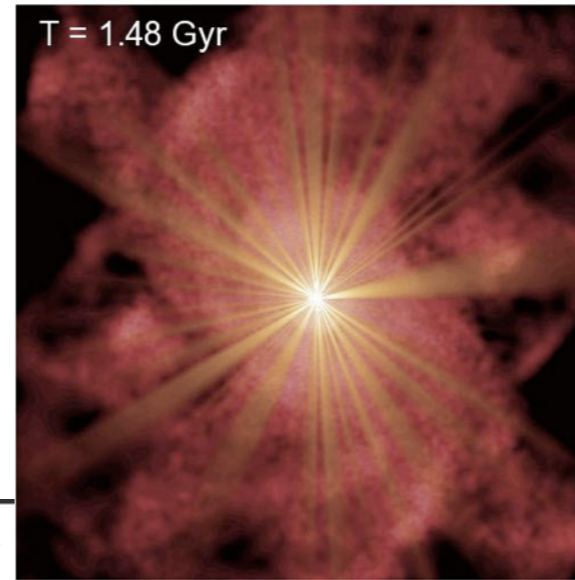


What Does This Lead To?

“Dead” Bulges
(stellar wind/hot
gas halo accretion)



“Seyferts”
(disk-dominated,
secular/minor
mergers)



“Fading” Mergers
(post-starburst
spheroids)

Log(Number Density)

0
-2
-4
-6

8

10

12

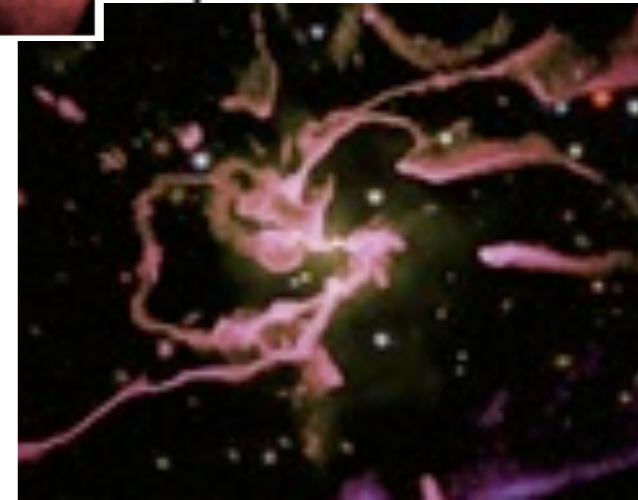
14

Log(L/L_{sun})

Seyferts

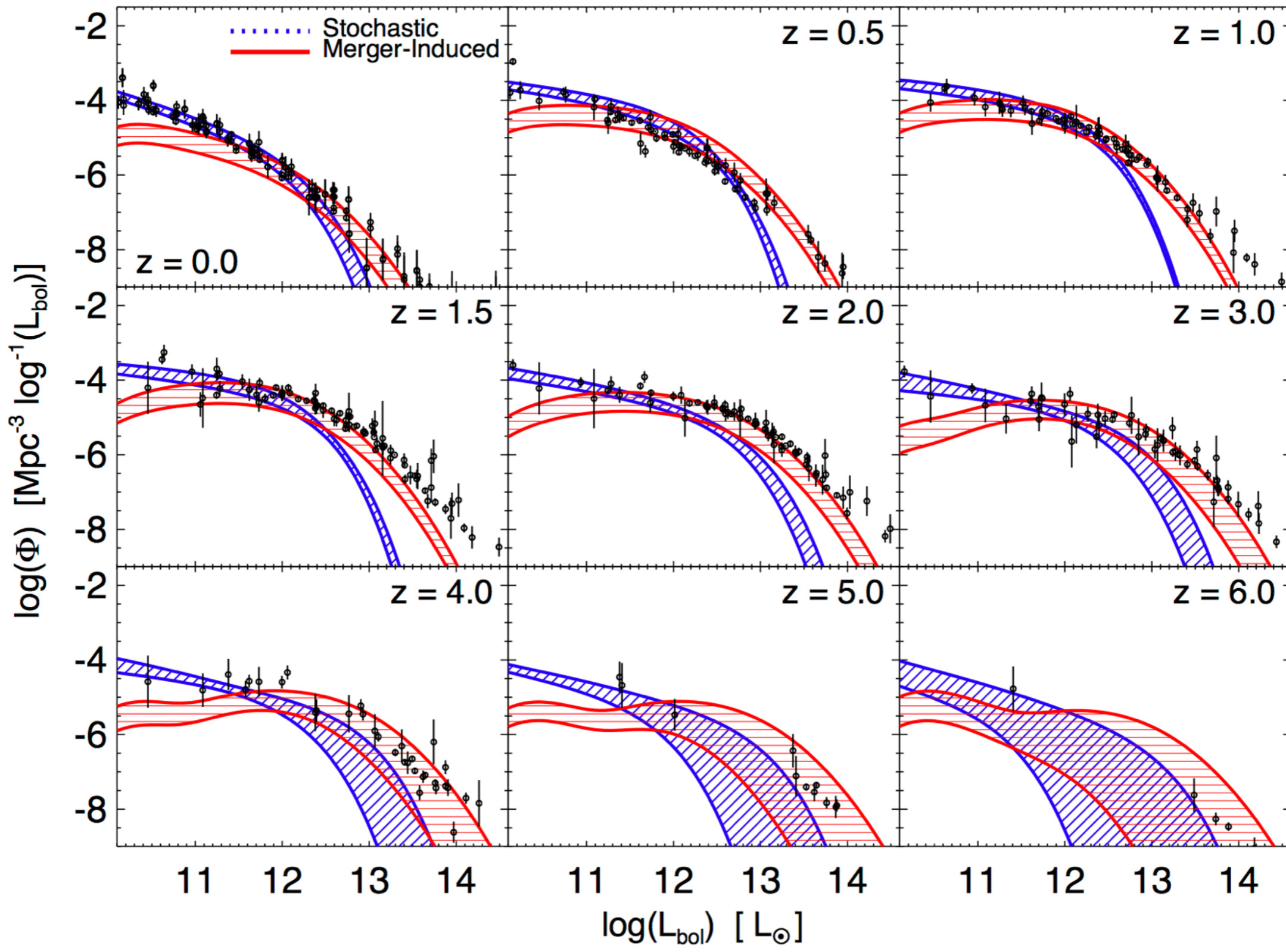
Quasars

“Blowout”
(Bright
Mergers)



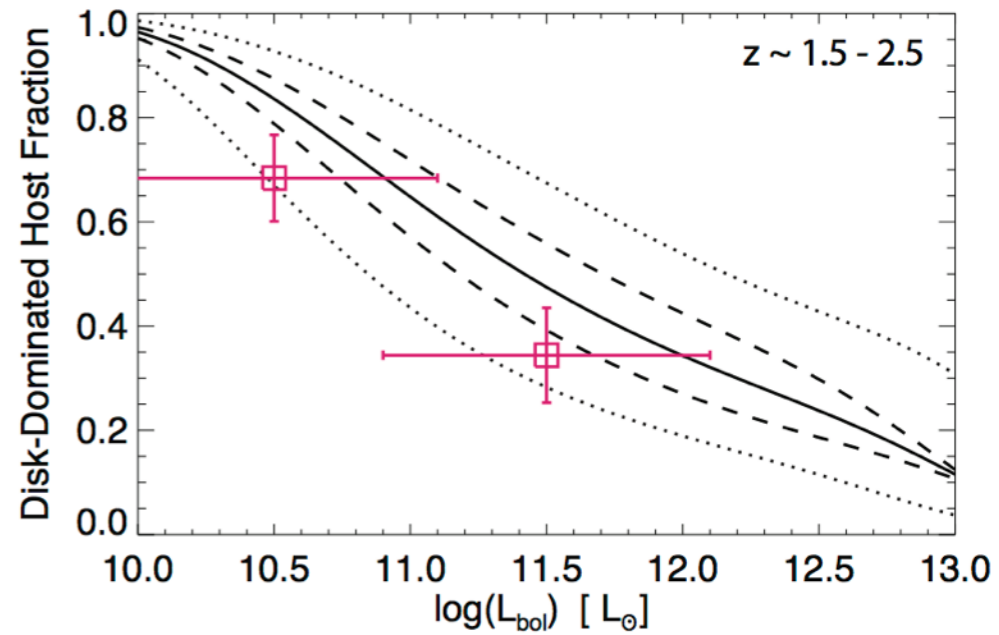
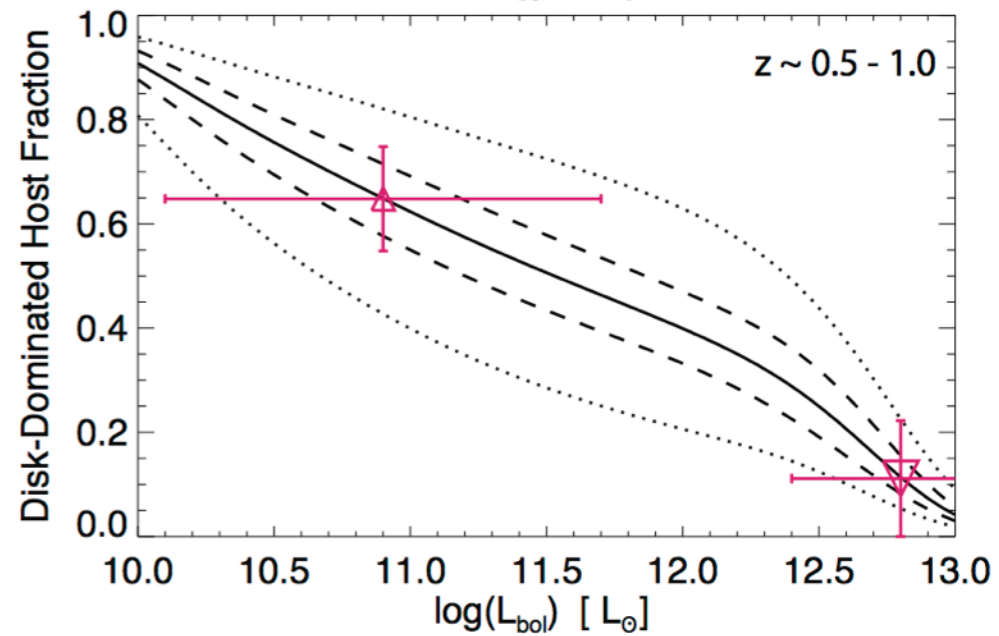
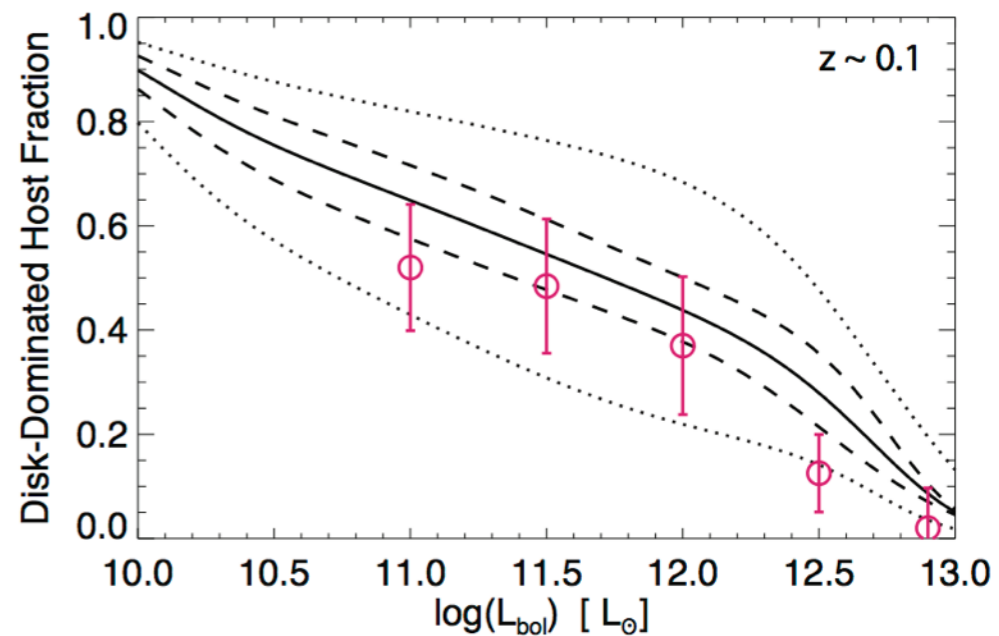
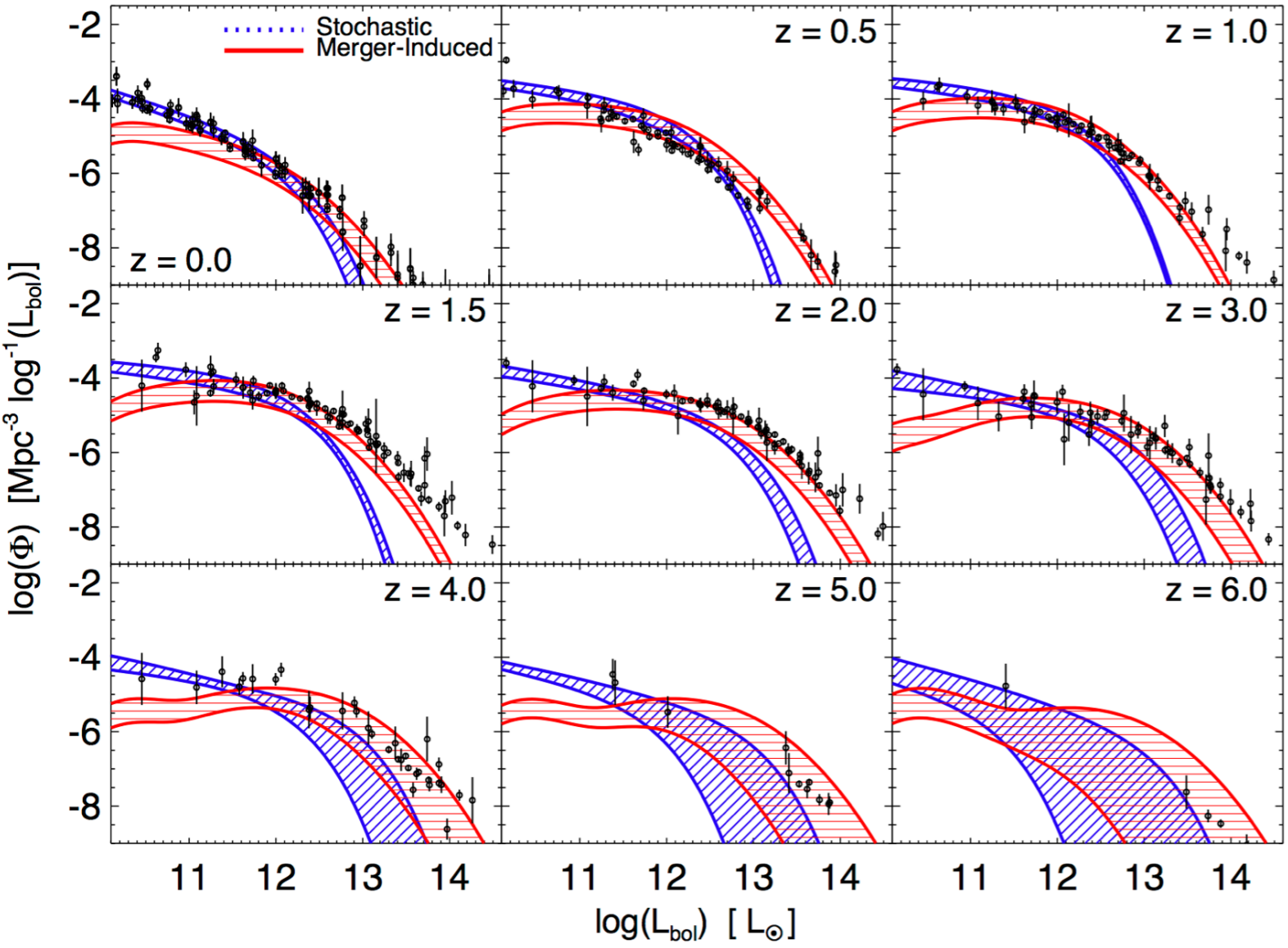
➤ Observed luminosity function: mix of populations with different triggering, evolution

Statistical “association” between accretion & host dynamics



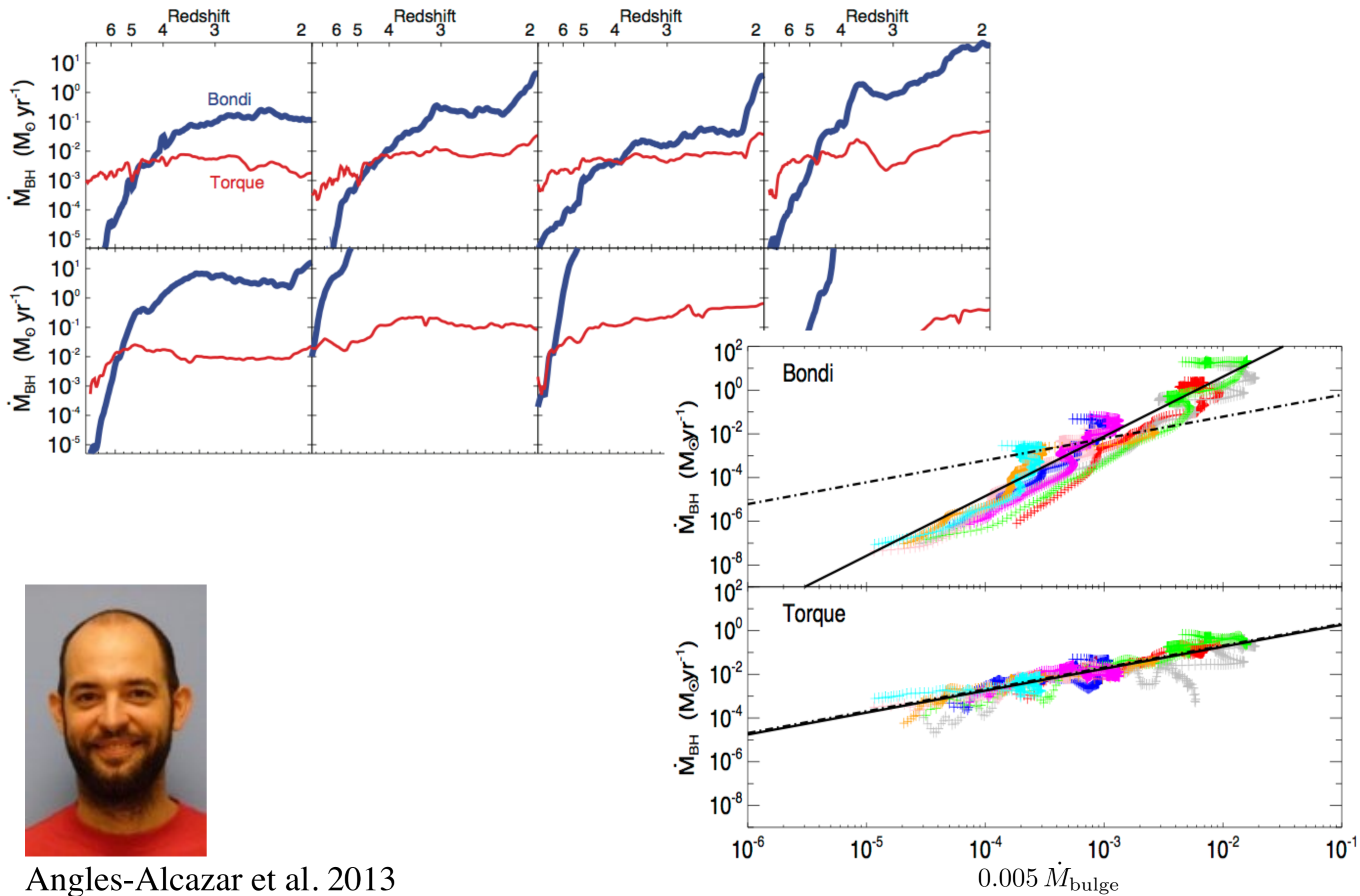
Statistical “association” between accretion & host dynamics

Hopkins, Kocevski, & Bundy ‘13



Does This Matter on Large Scales?

GRAVITATIONAL TORQUES VS. BONDI IN COSMOLOGICAL SIMS



Angles-Alcazar et al. 2013

Summary

- Gravitational instabilities CAN power luminous BHs ($\sim 10 M_{\text{sun}}/\text{yr}$)! Really!
 - New accretion rate estimator: neither viscous nor Bondi
- “Stuff within Stuff”: Cascade of instabilities with diverse morphology
 - $> 10 \text{ kpc}$:: Cold flows
 - $\sim 0.1 - 10 \text{ kpc}$:: Mergers (high- L_{BH})
“Stochastic” disk-fueling (low- L_{BH})
 - $\sim 10 - 100 \text{ pc}$:: Nuclear “Messiness” (bars, spirals, clumps, feedback)
 - $\sim 0.1 - 10 \text{ pc}$:: Lopsided Disks (star-gas exchange)
 - $< 0.1 \text{ pc}$:: alpha-disk (?)
- Does accretion or feedback set BH-host relations?
 - Feedback may only need to ‘kick out’ material