

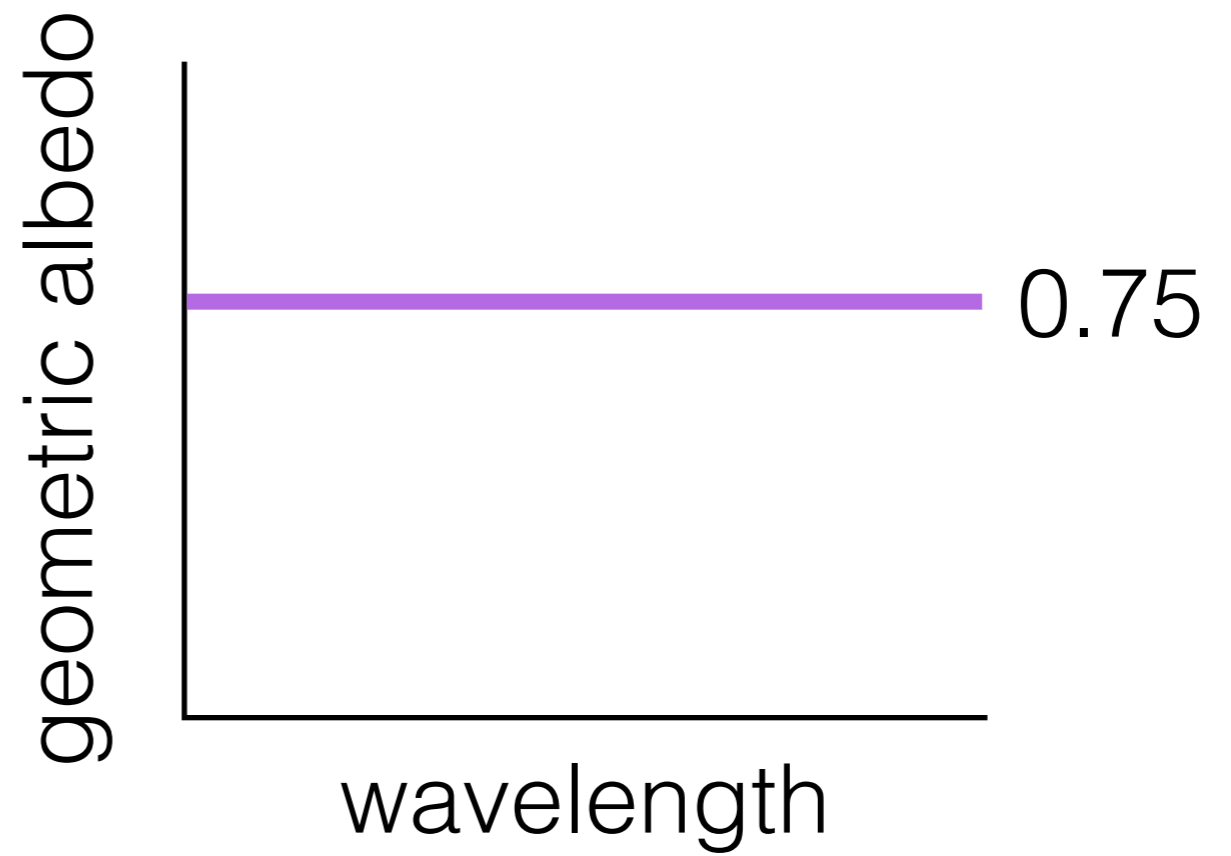
Reflected Light from Giant Exoplanets

Caroline Morley
UC Santa Cruz

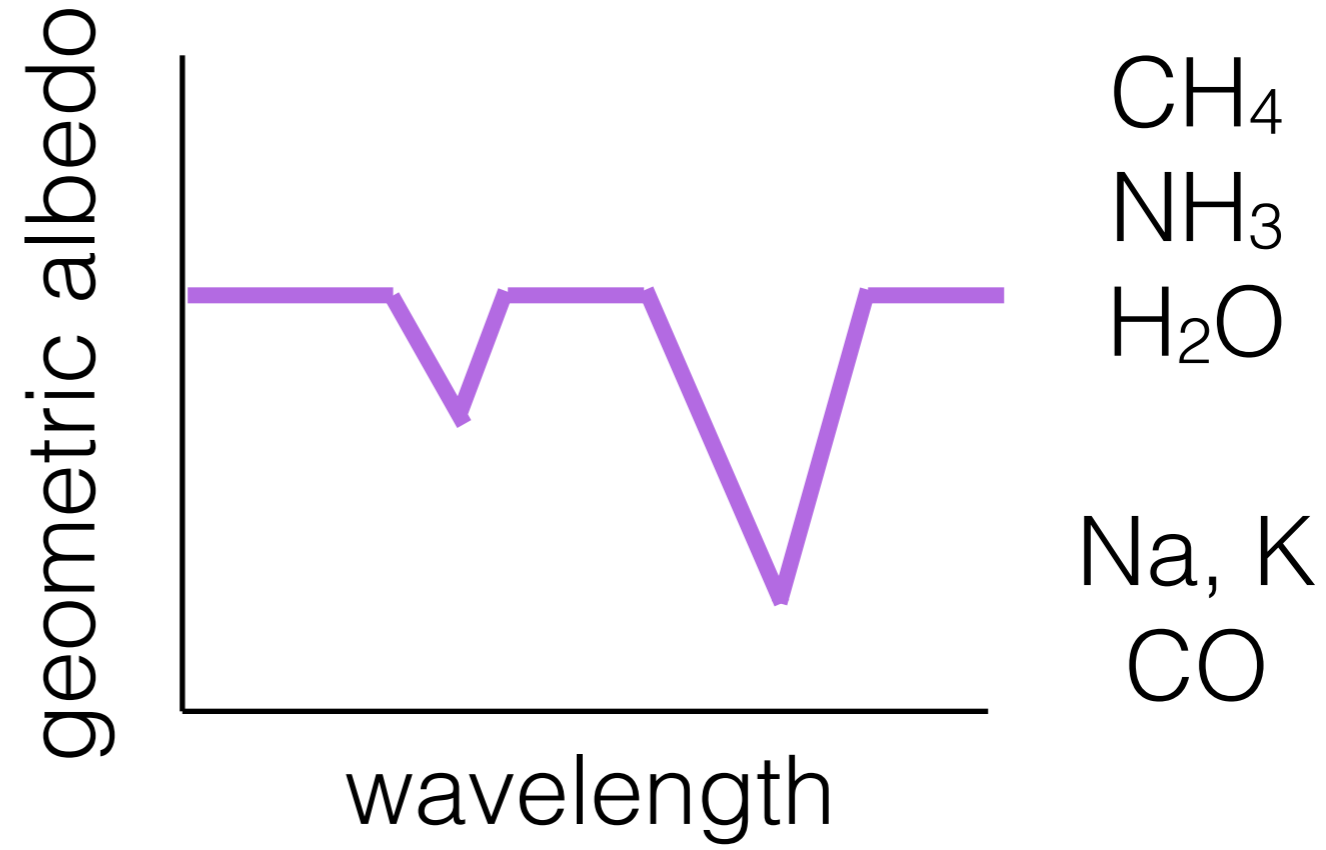
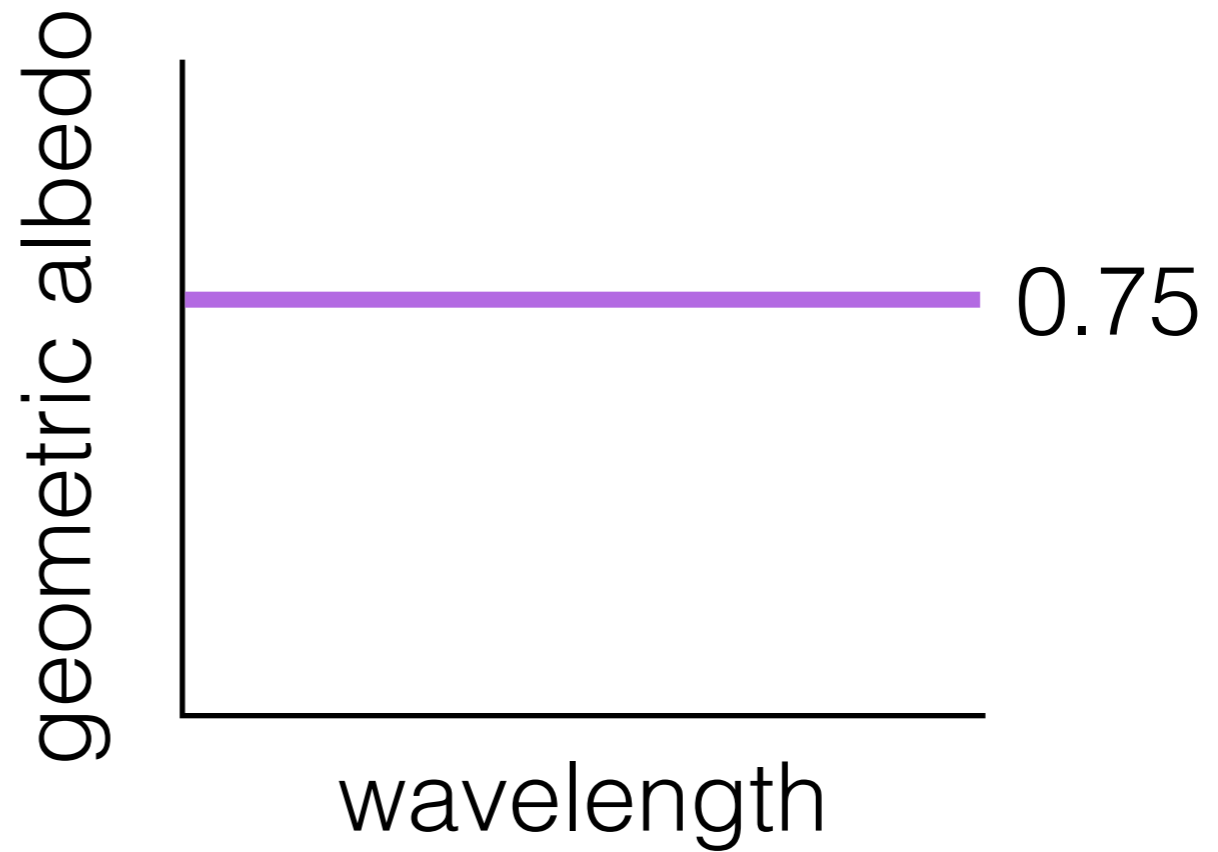
Mark Marley
Nikole Lewis
Roxana Lupu
Jonathan Fortney
Michael Line
Kerri Cahoy



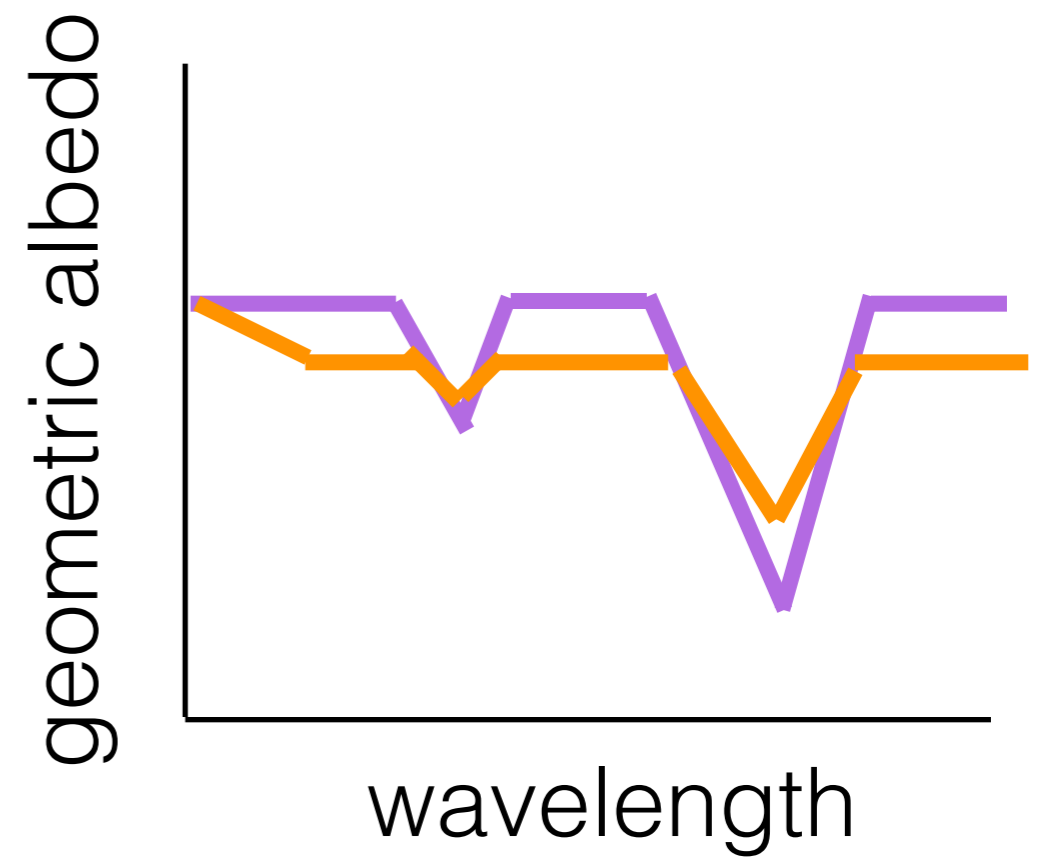
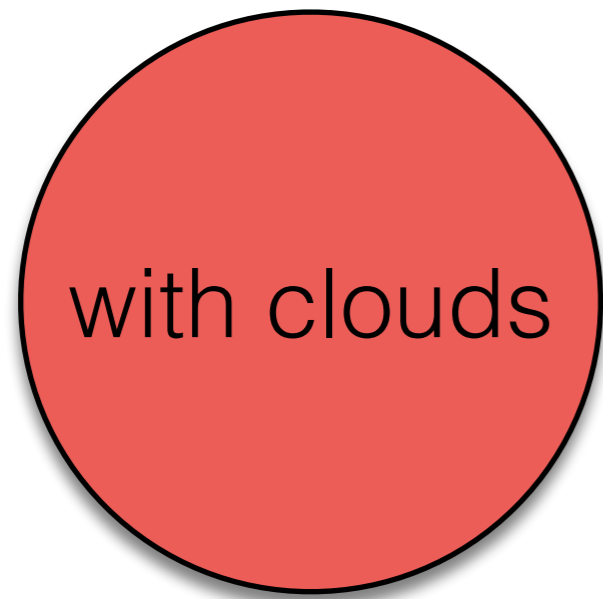
Albedo Spectra: Basics



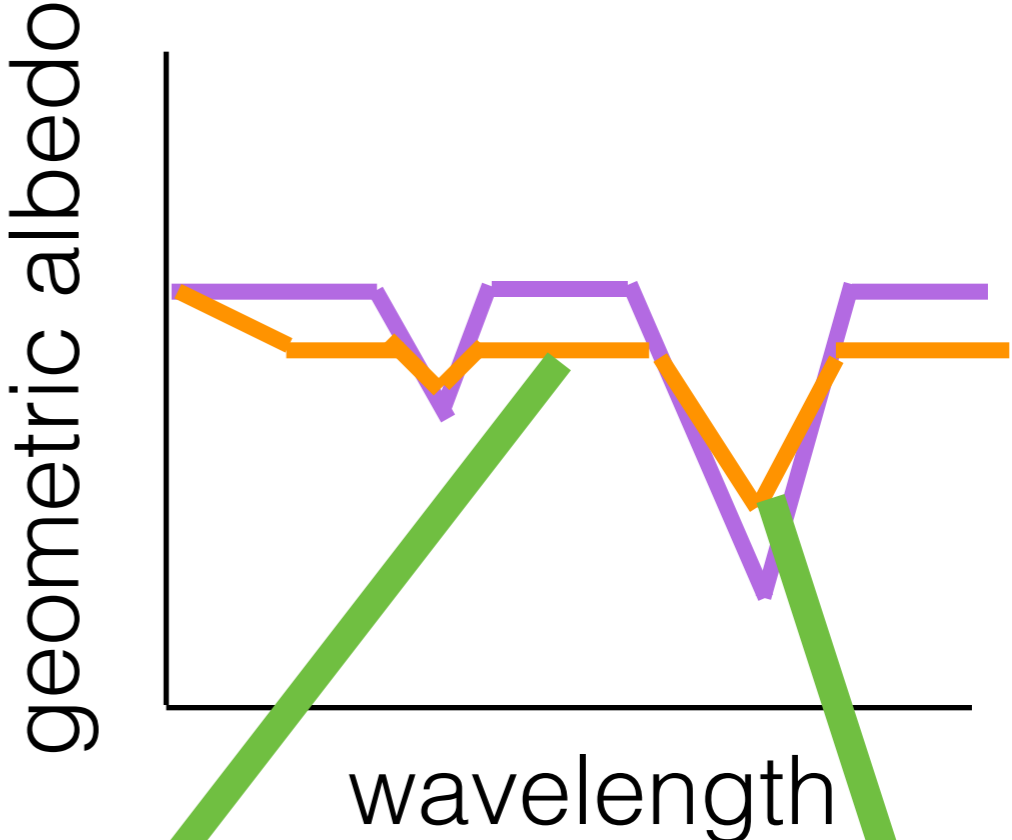
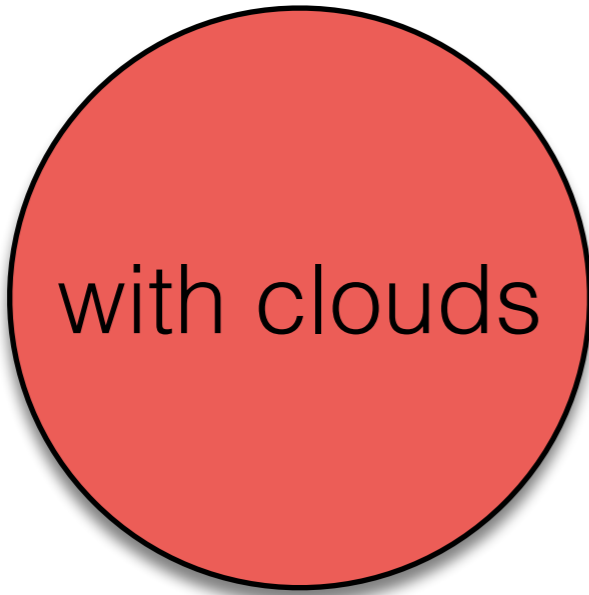
Albedo Spectra: Basics



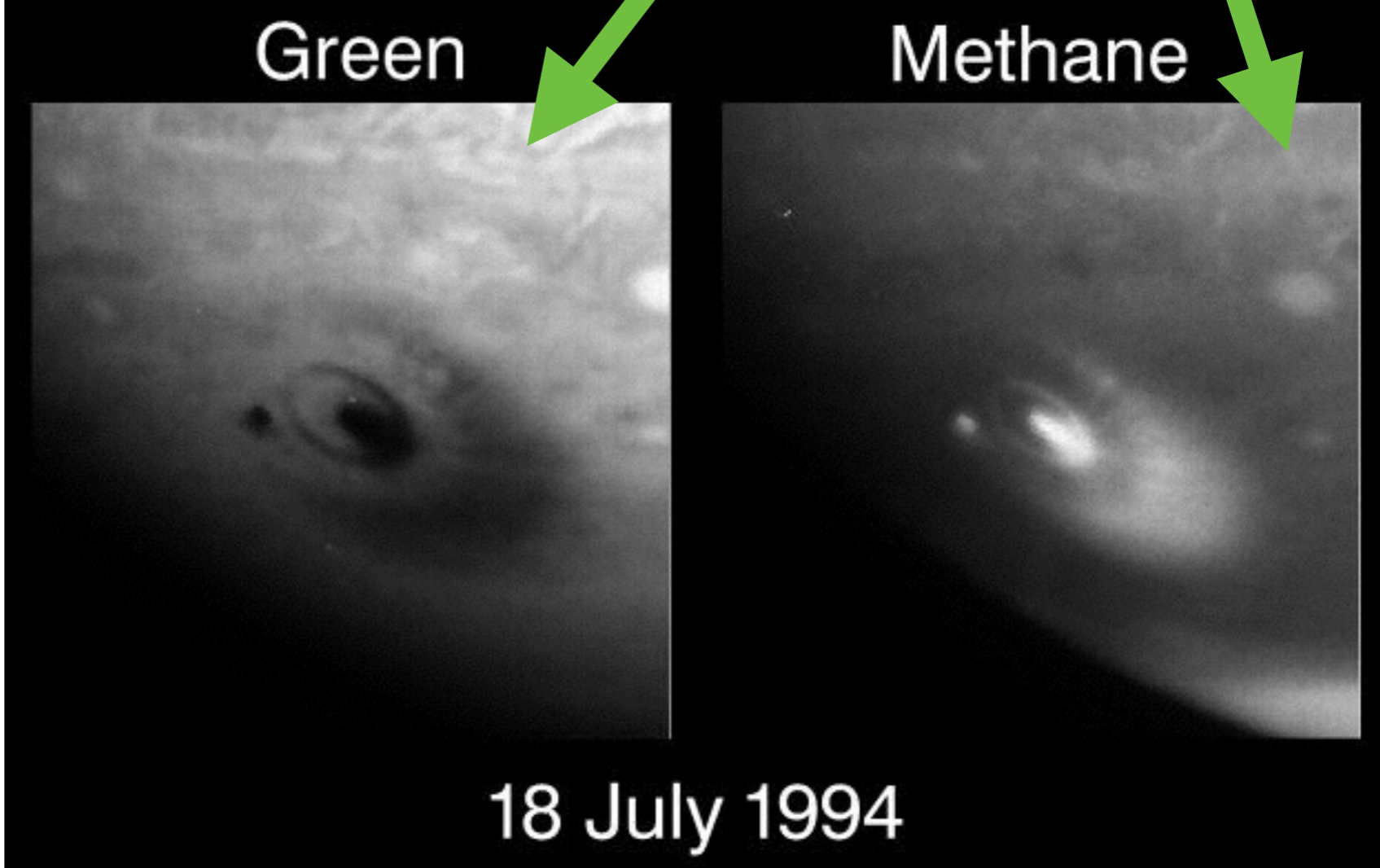
Albedo Spectra: Basics



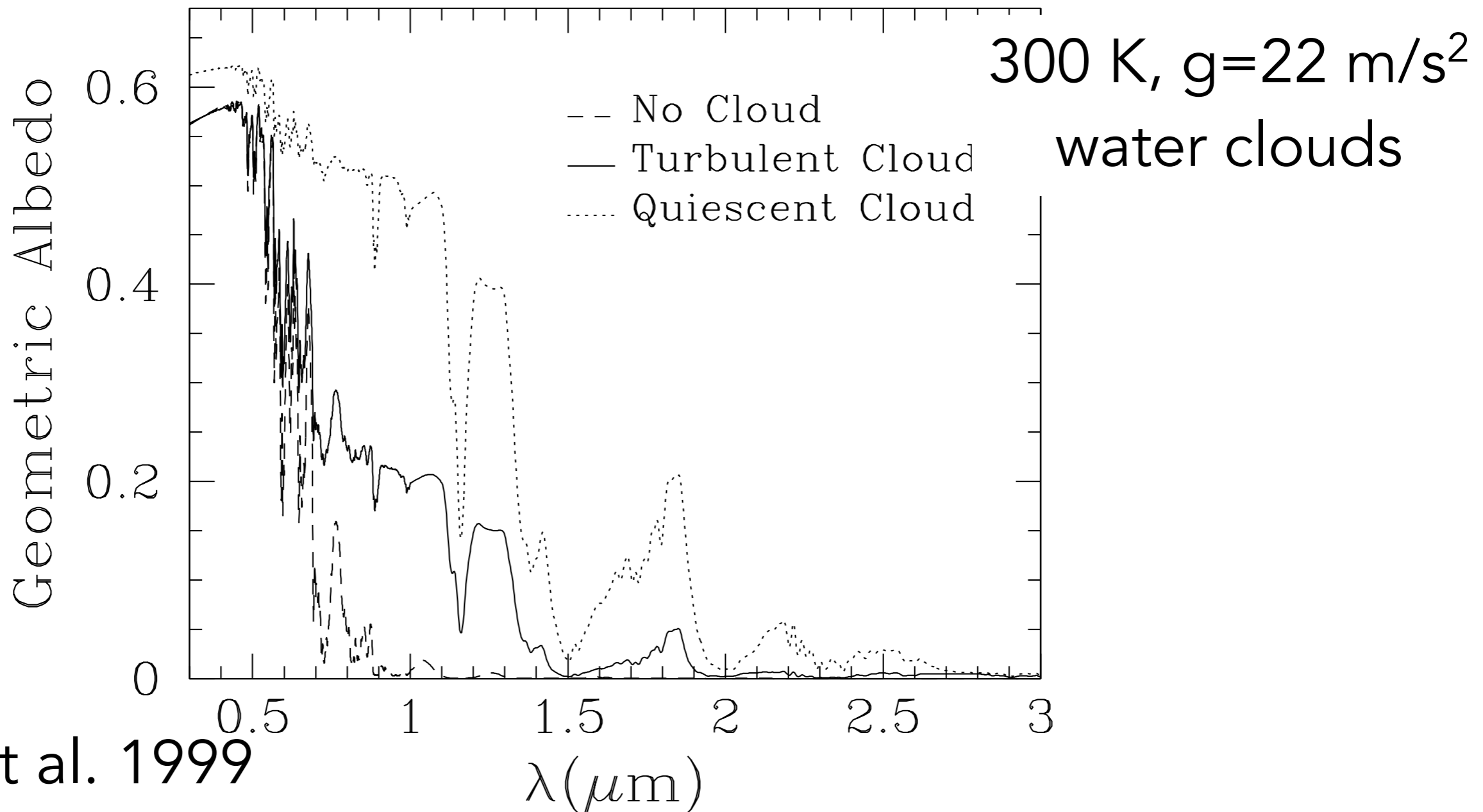
Albedo Spectra: Basics



Shoemaker-Levy 9 Impact on Jupiter seen with Hubble



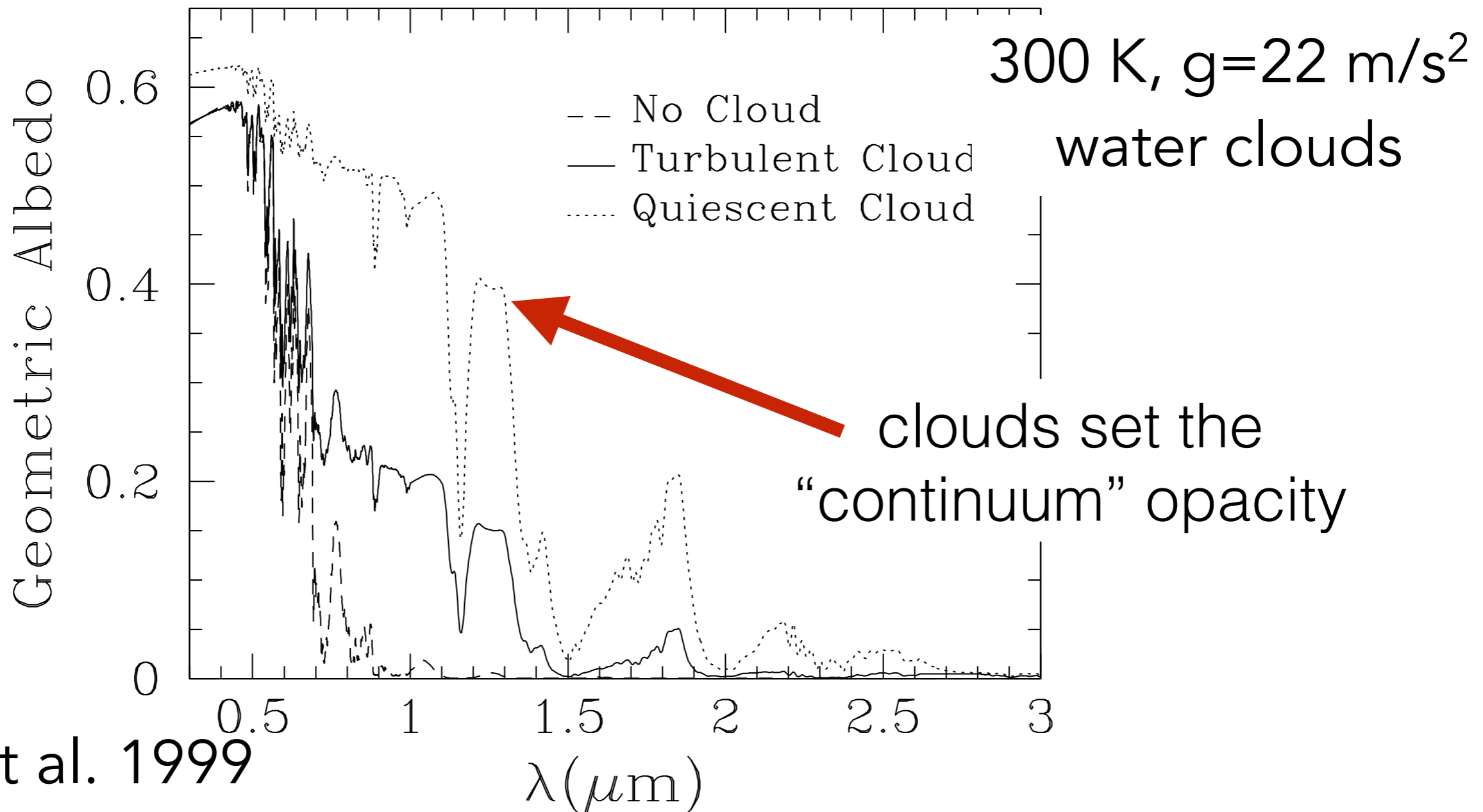
Albedo Spectra: Basics



degeneracy between methane abundance and continuum opacity: need both weak and strong bands

lots of work done in ~1999-2005 developing models and making predictions for exoplanets

Albedo Spectra: Basics

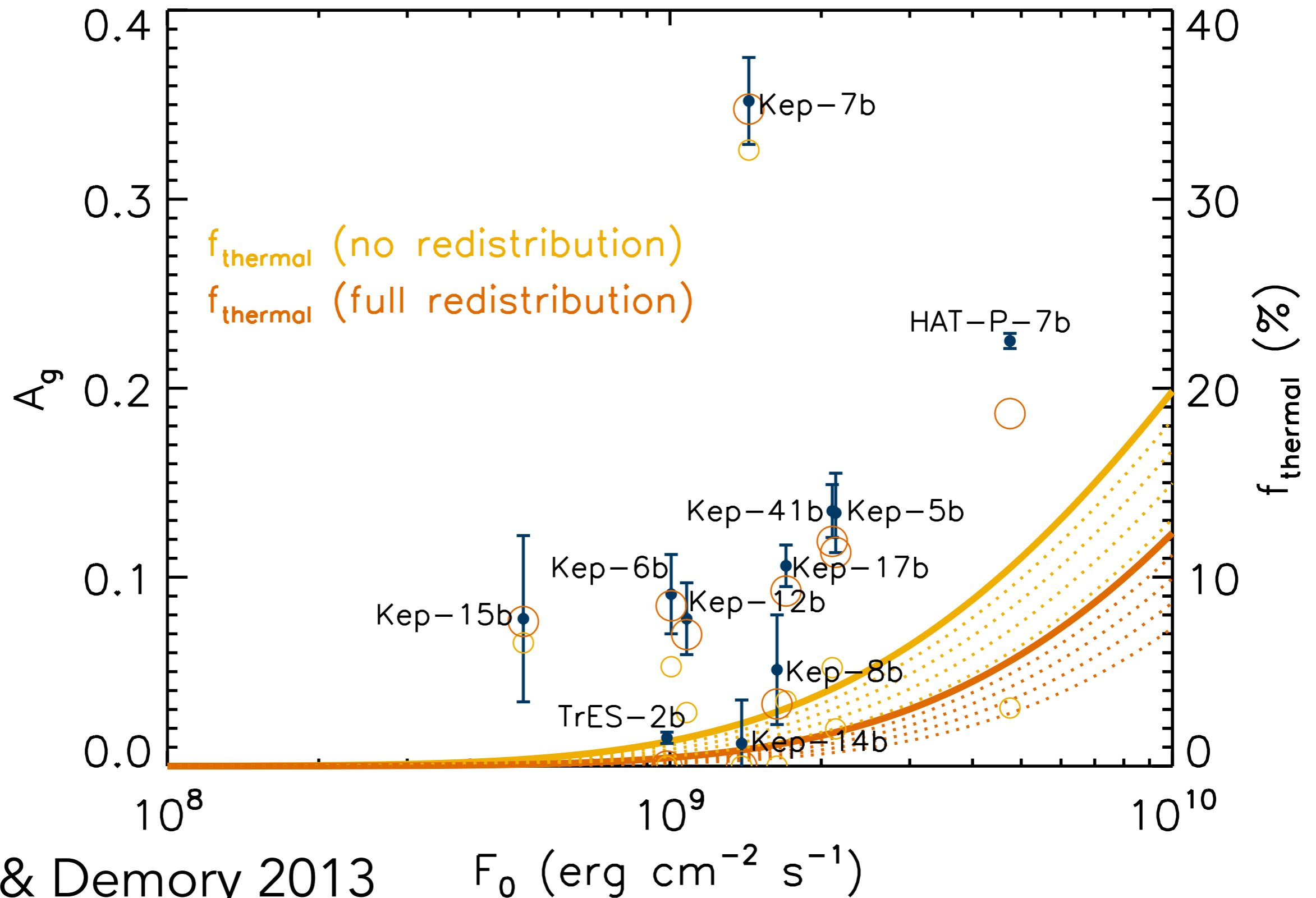


Marley et al. 1999

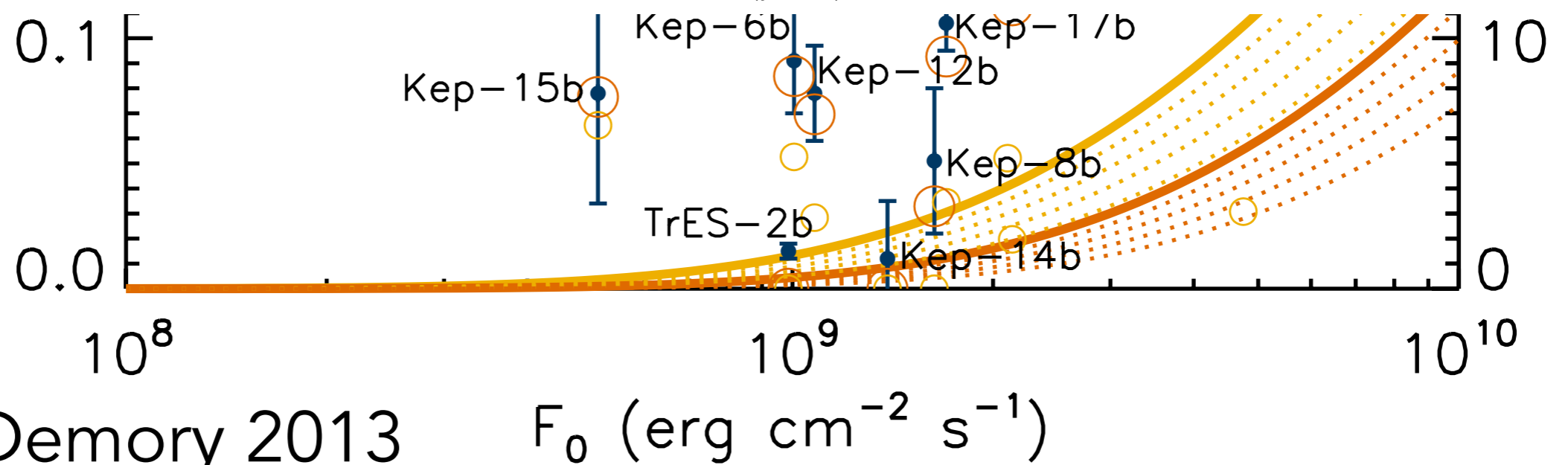
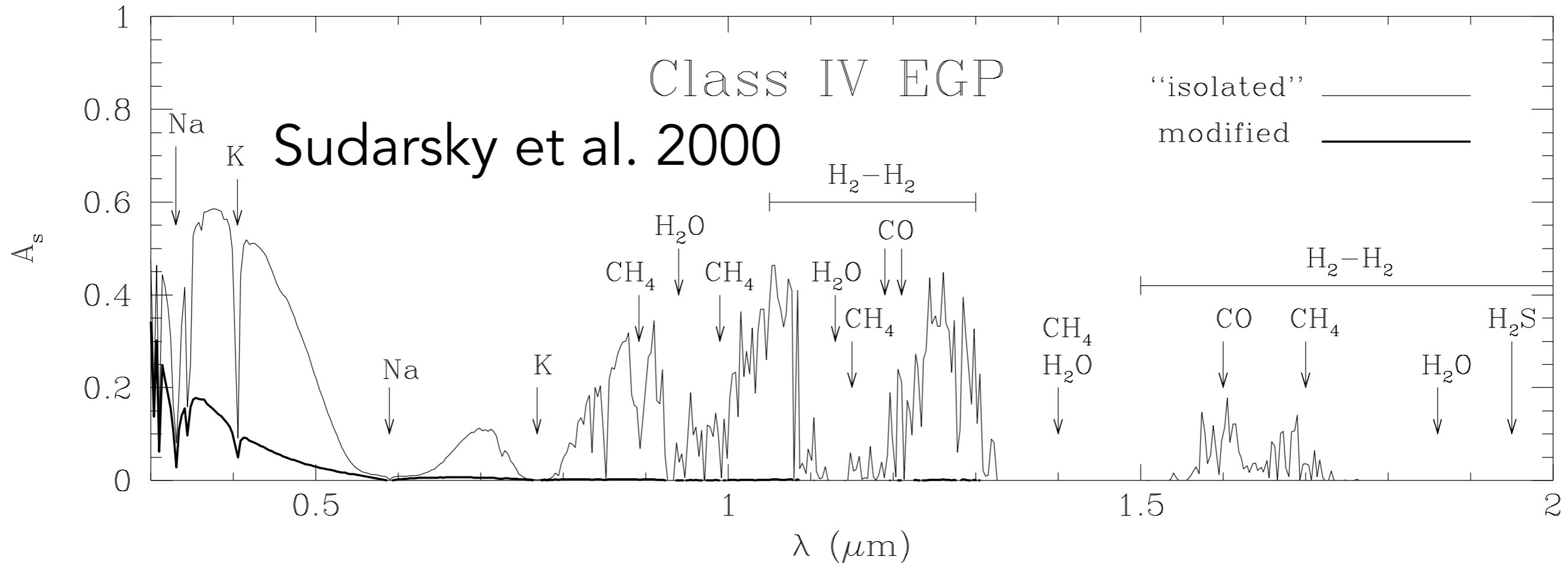
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lots of work done in $\sim 1999-2005$ developing models and making predictions for exoplanets

Exoplanet reflection spectra out of fashion for last ~5 years because **hot Jupiters are dark**.

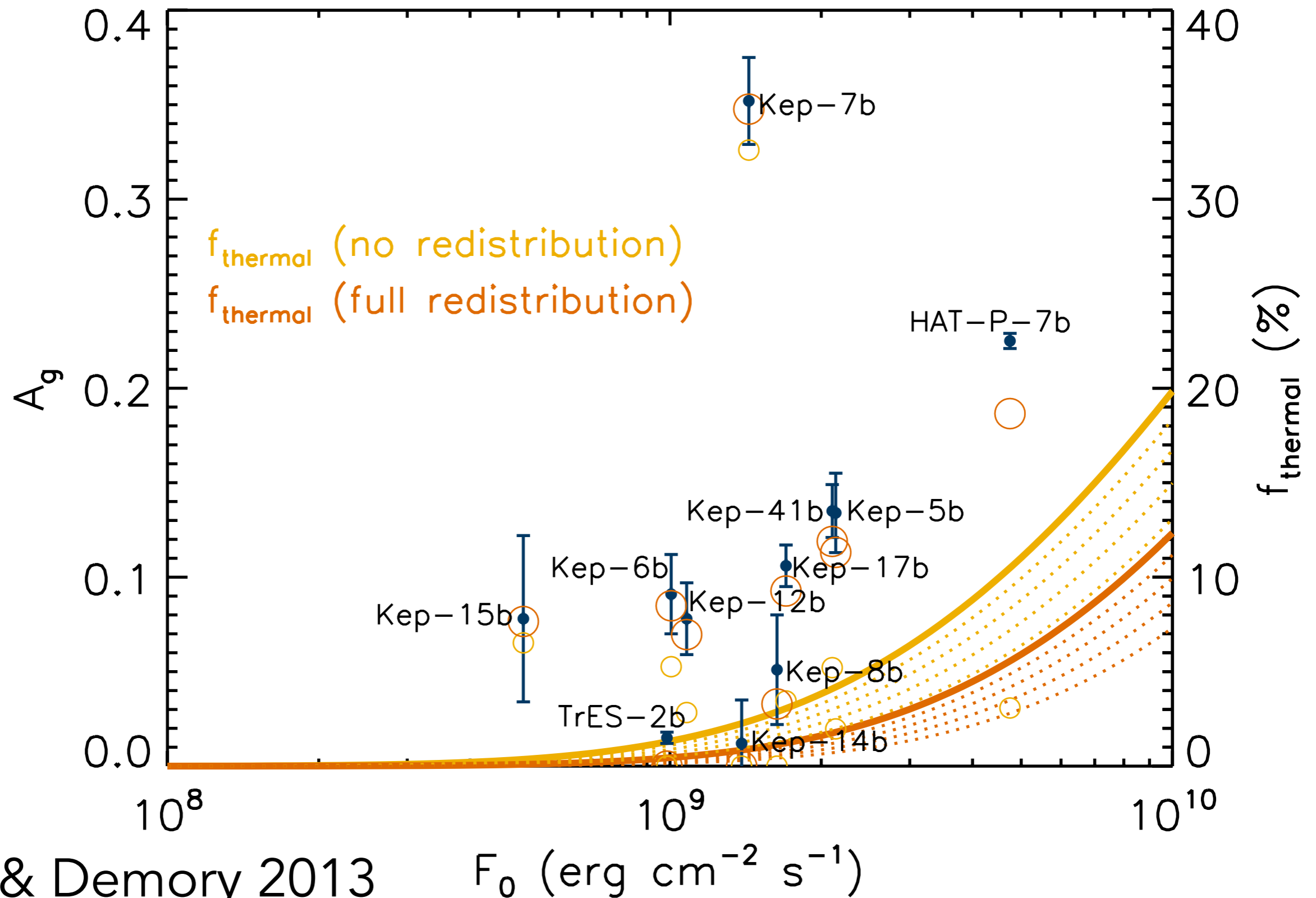


Exoplanet reflection spectra out of fashion for last
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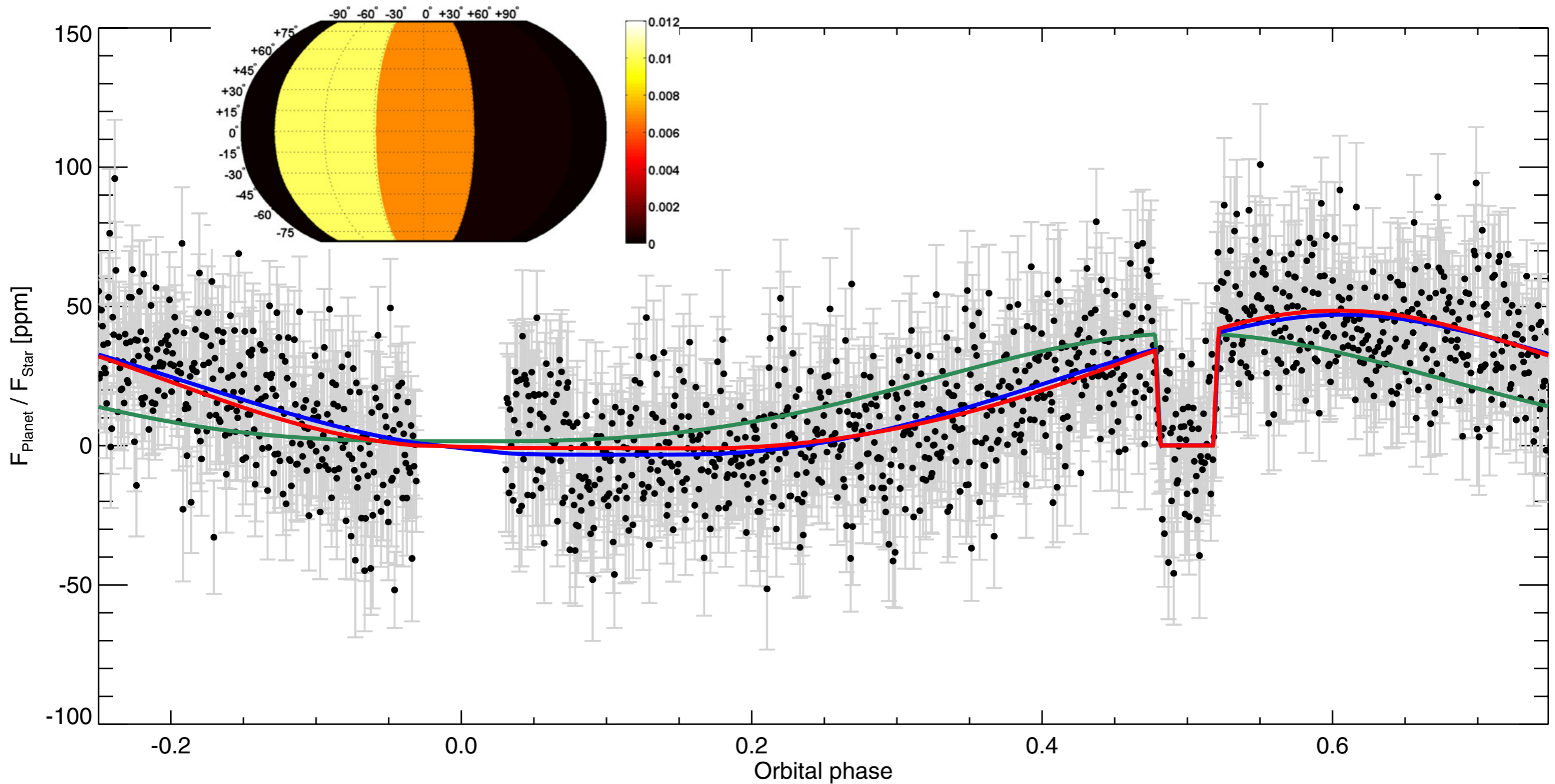


Heng & Demory 2013

Exoplanet reflection spectra out of fashion for last ~5 years because **hot Jupiters are dark**.



Kepler photometry allowed us to infer **inhomogeneous clouds** for the first time.

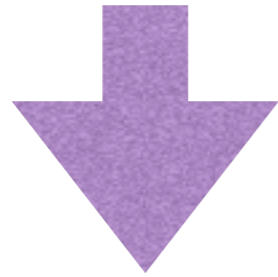


Demory et al. 2013

Theoretical Albedo Spectra: general approach

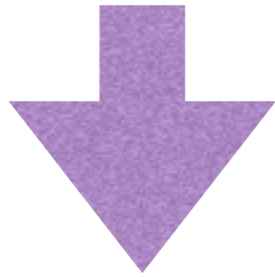
1D radiative-convective
equilibrium model:

temperature, composition

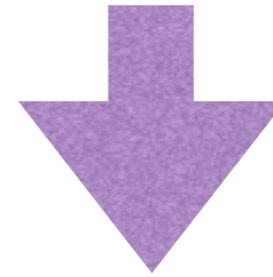


Theoretical Albedo Spectra: general approach

1D radiative-convective
equilibrium model:
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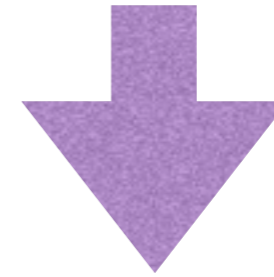
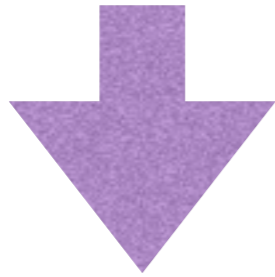
coupled cloud model:
cloud tau, scattering,
asymmetry



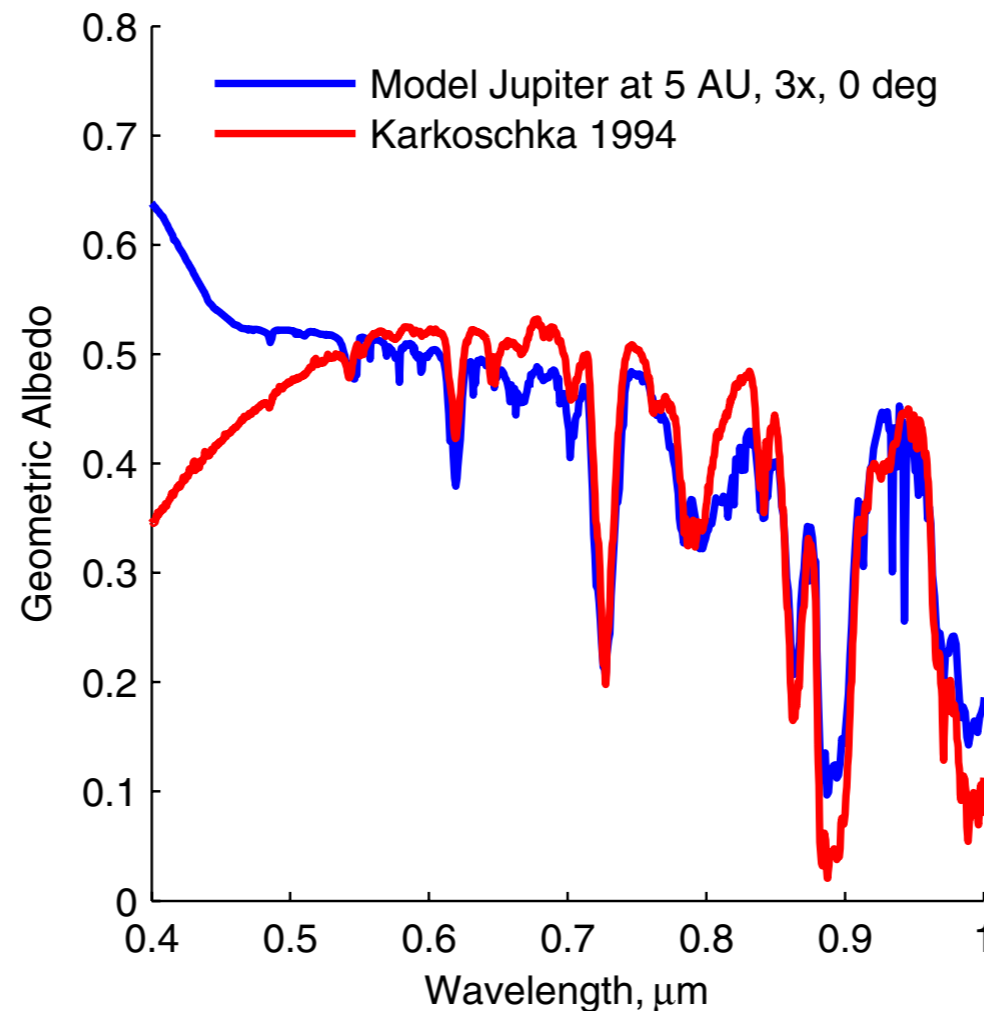
Theoretical Albedo Spectra: general approach

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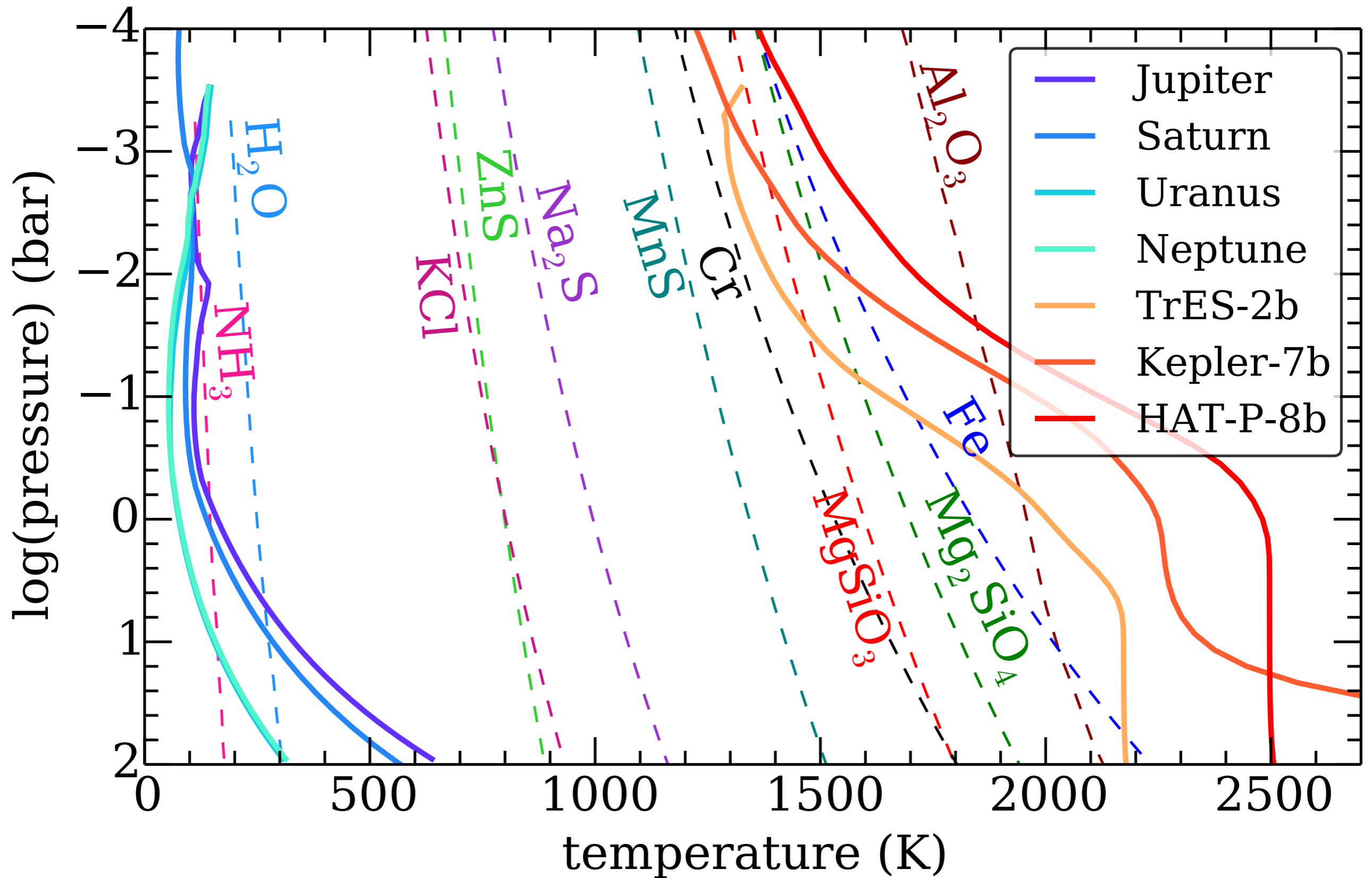
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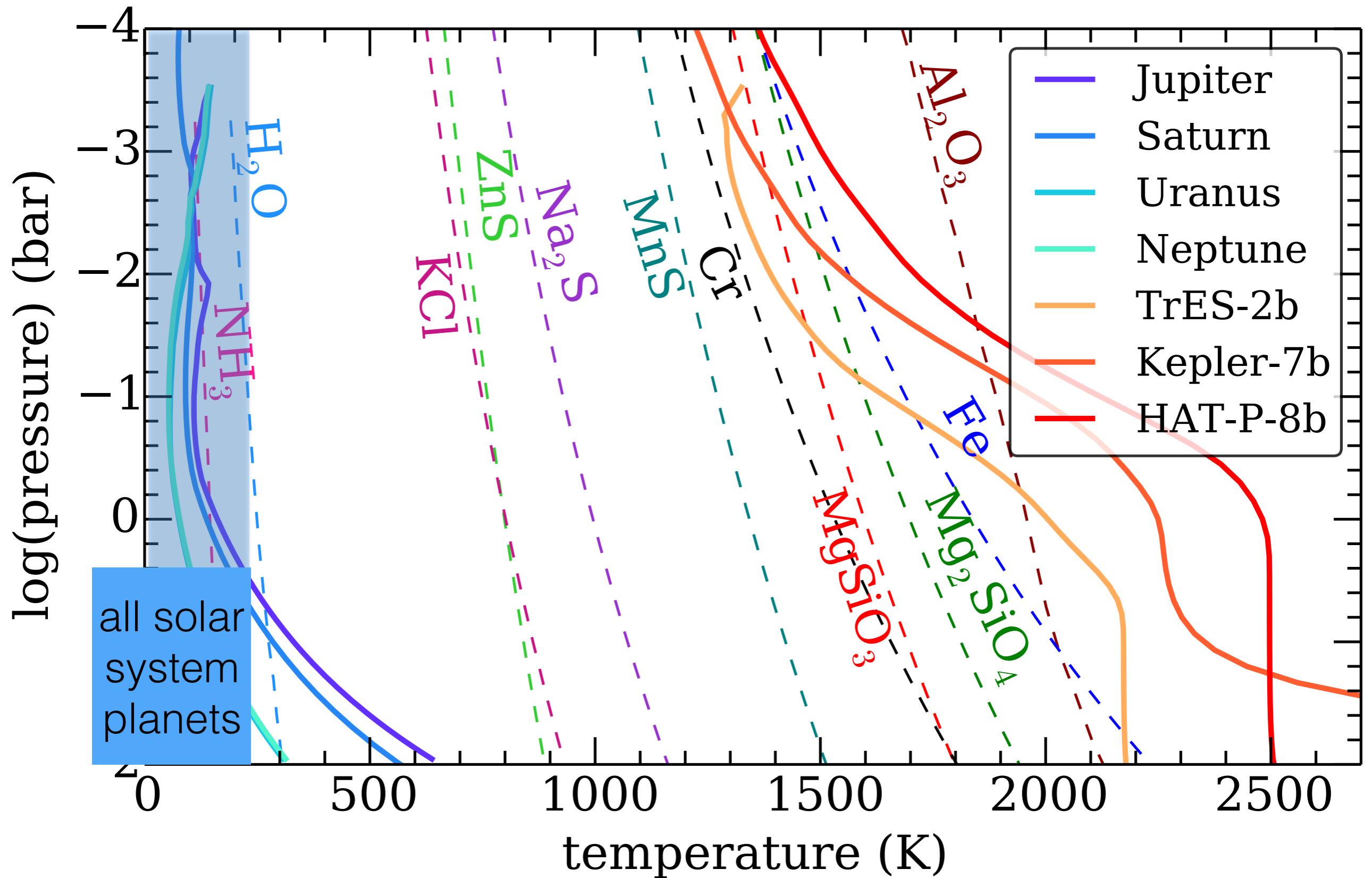
scattered radiation (Rayleigh, Raman, Mie)



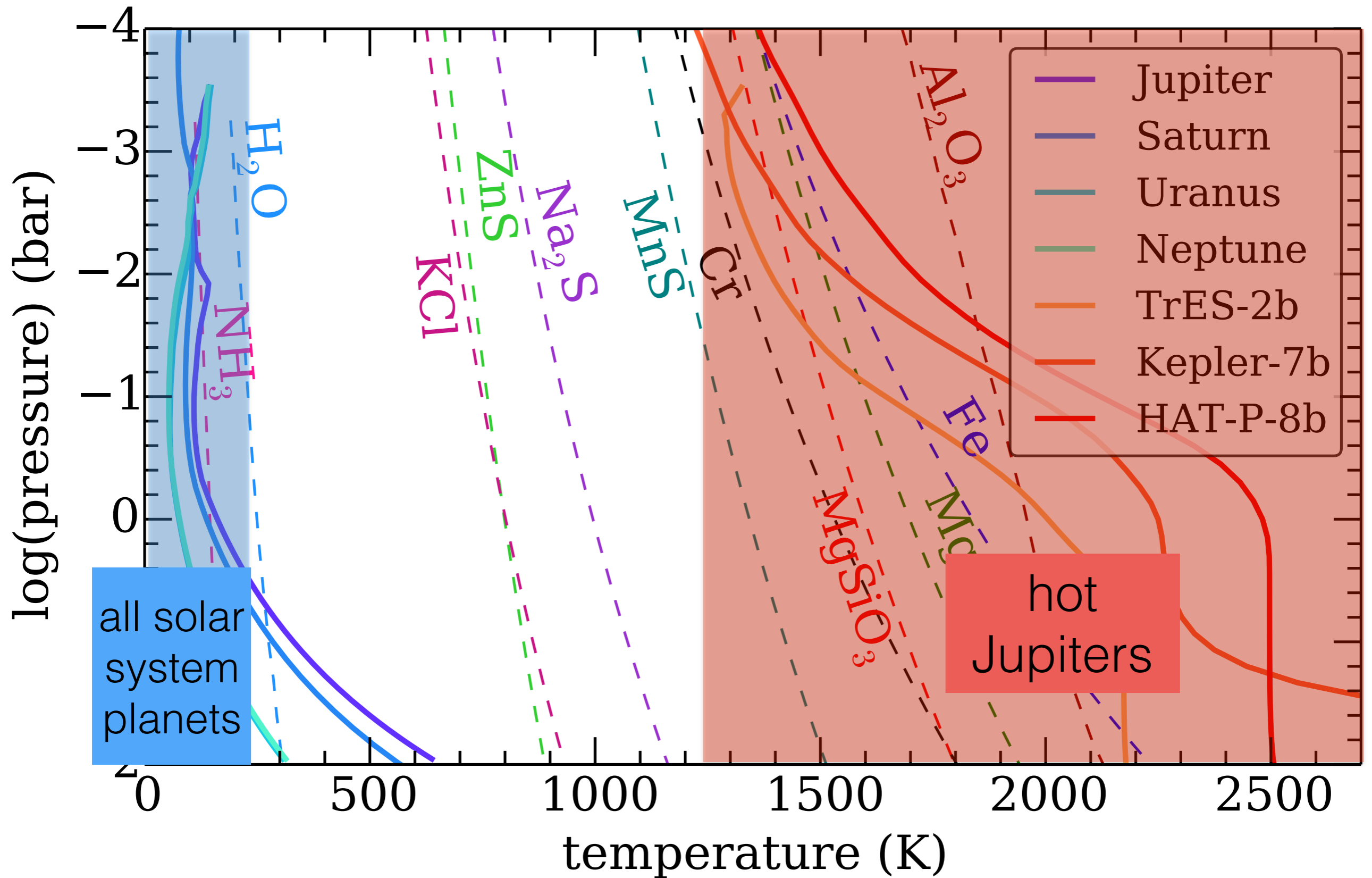
The temperature structure (set by stellar flux) controls the clouds.



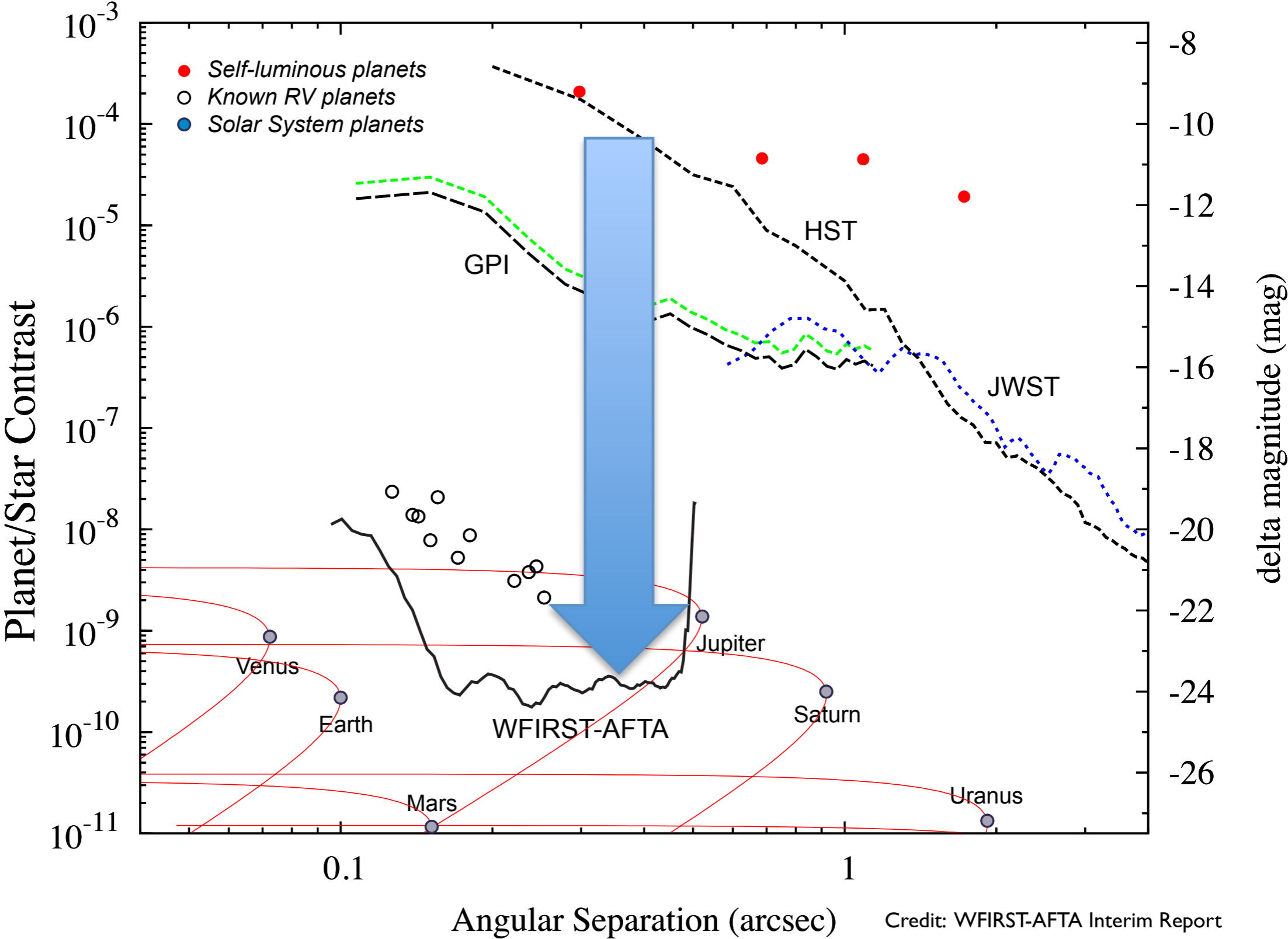
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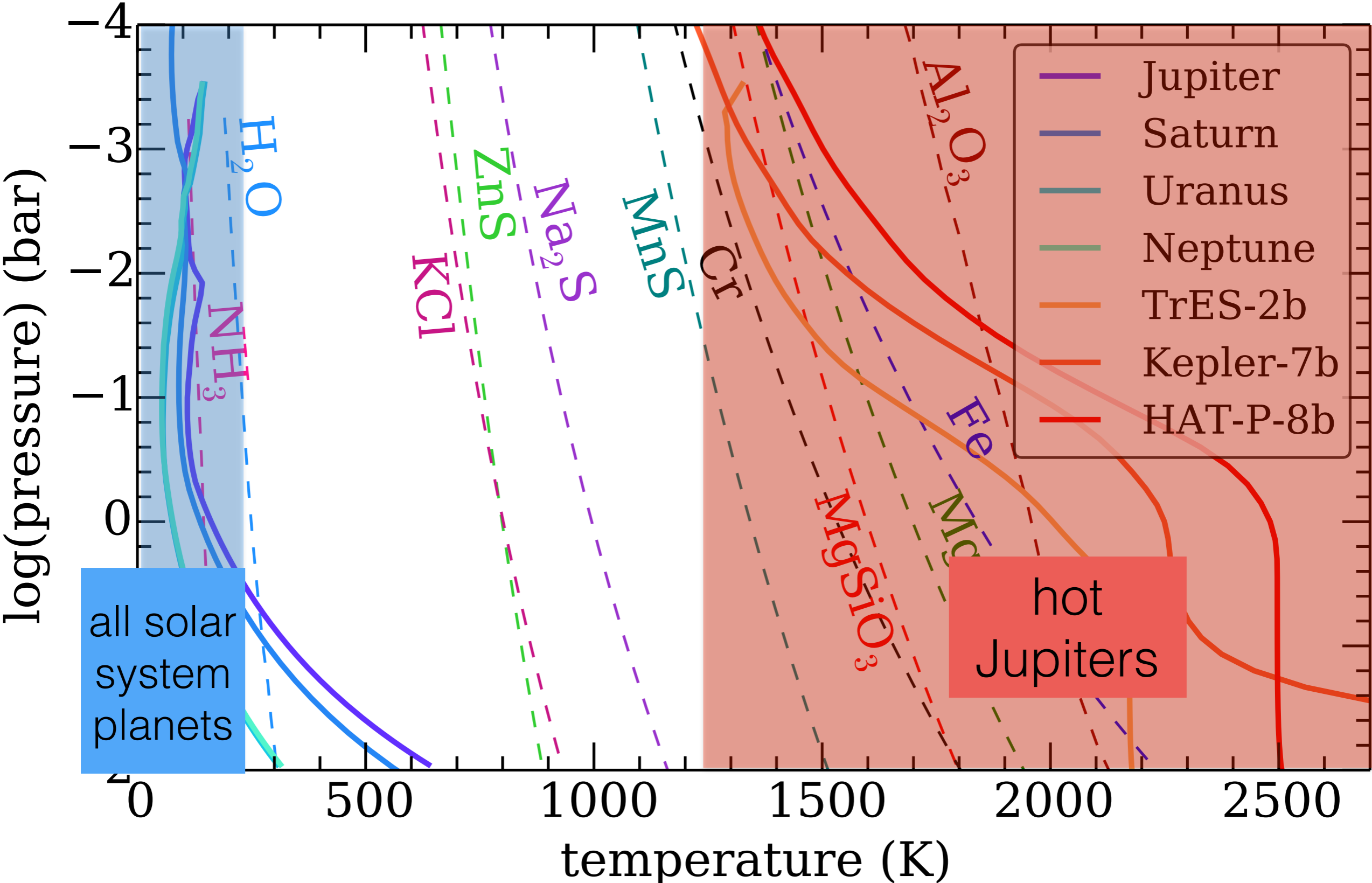
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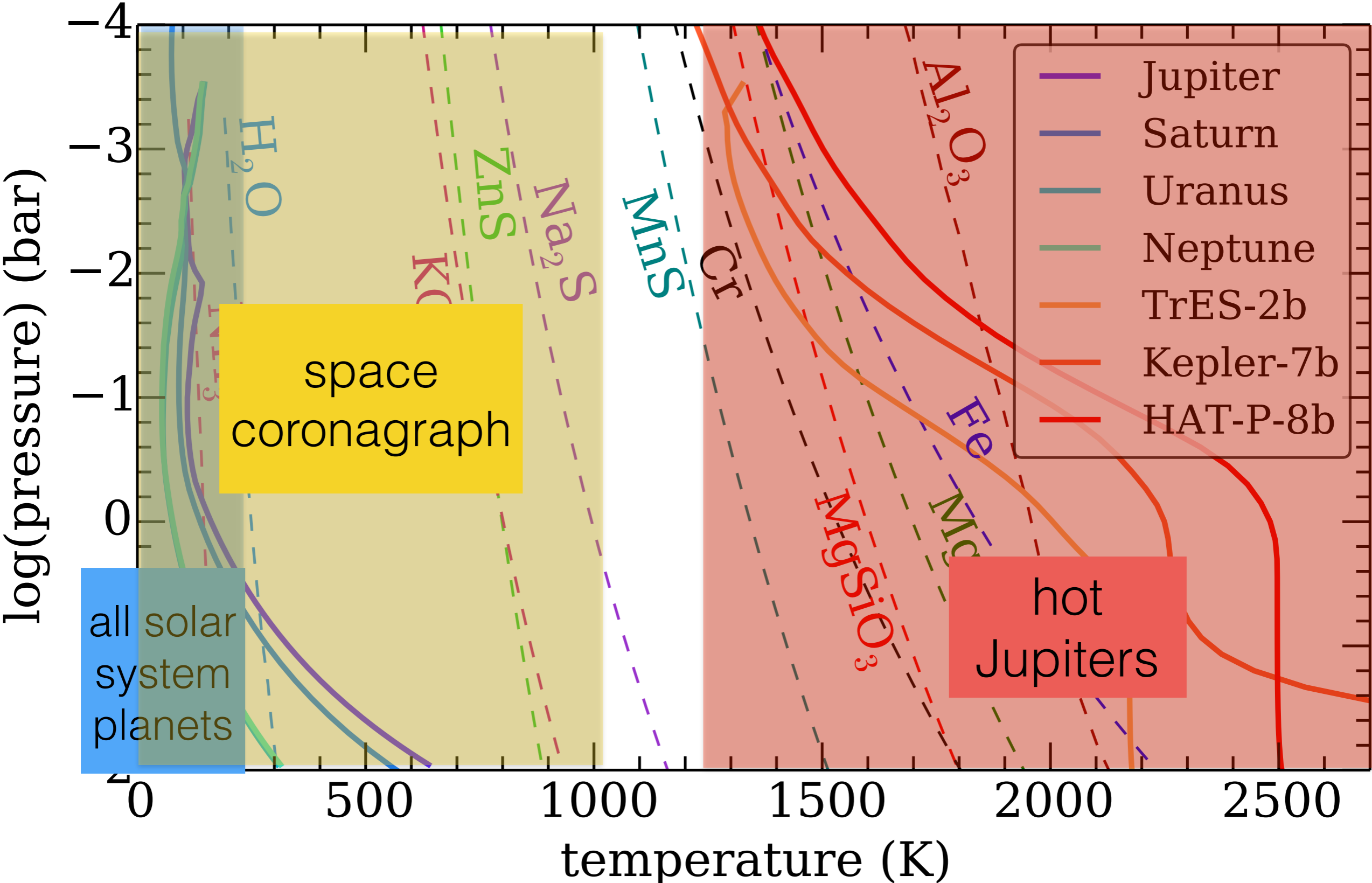
A space coronagraph opens up a totally **different class of planets** for atmospheric characterization.



We'll probe solar-system temperature planets AND warmer planets.



We'll probe solar-system temperature planets AND warmer planets.



RV targets span temperature range from alkali, to water, to ammonia, to methane clouds.

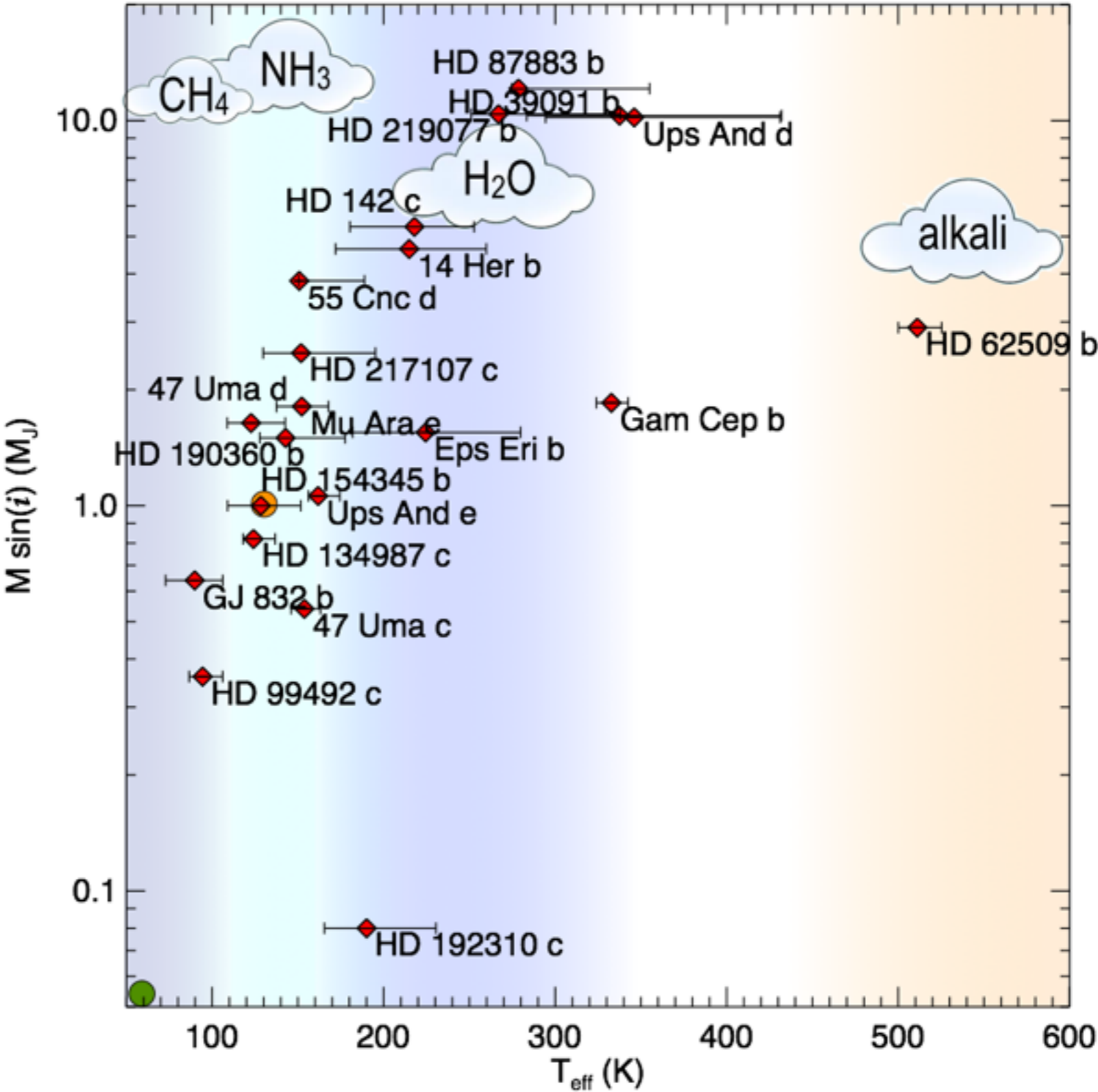


Figure from
Nikole Lewis

RV targets span temperature range from alkali, to water, to ammonia, to methane clouds.

HD 62509b
(warm, alkali clouds)

HD 99492c
(cold, ammonia clouds)

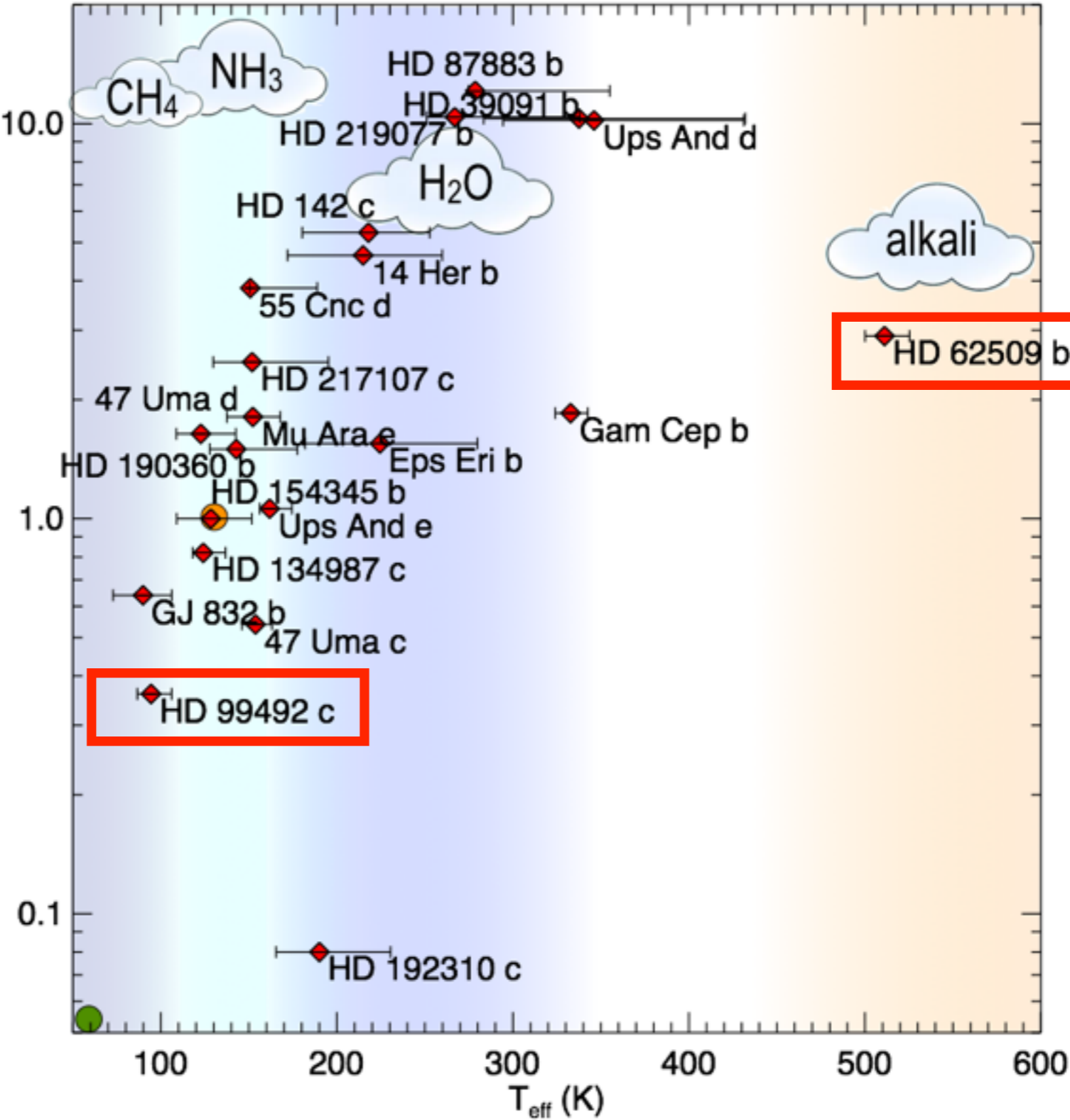


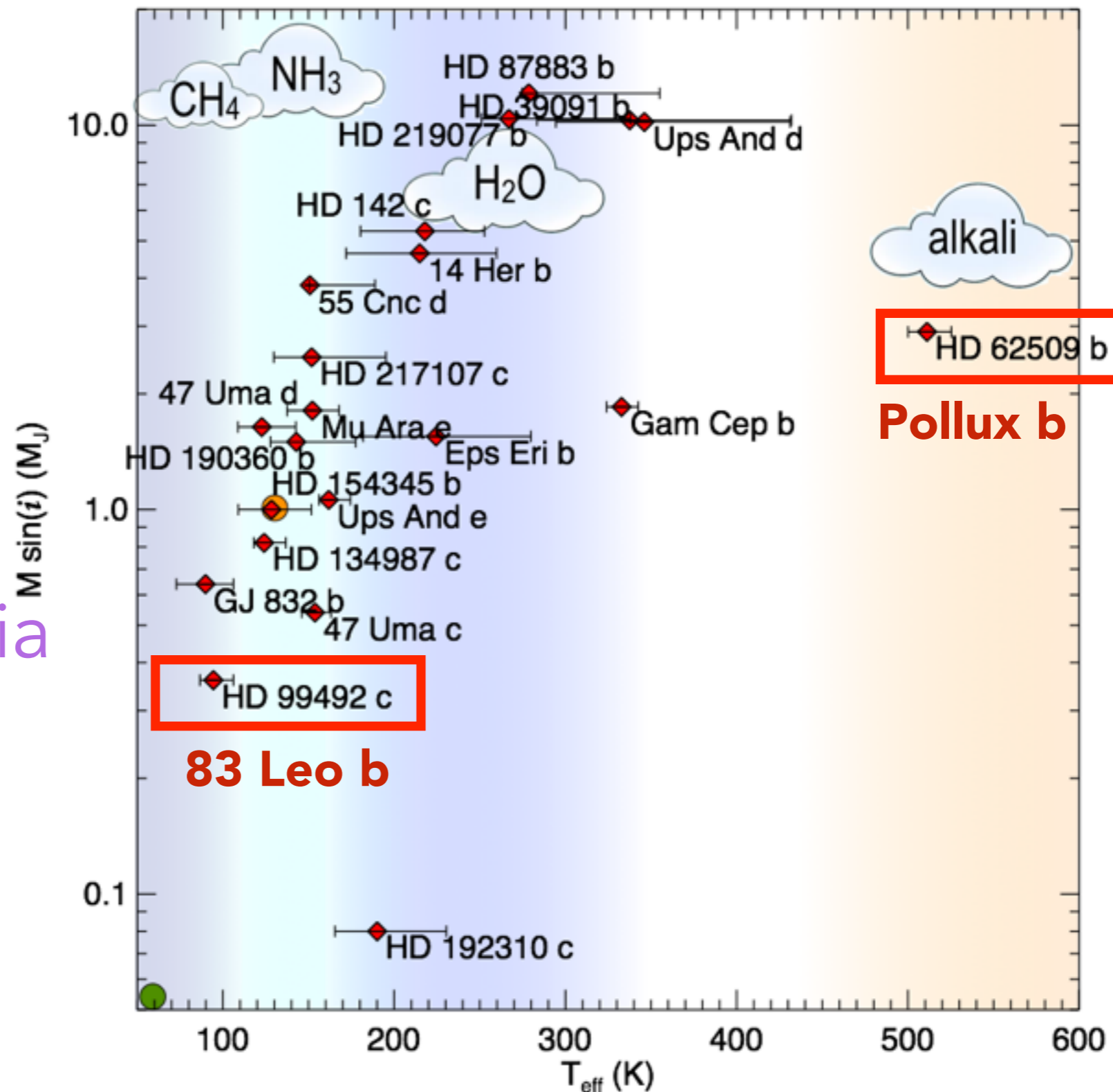
Figure from Nikole Lewis

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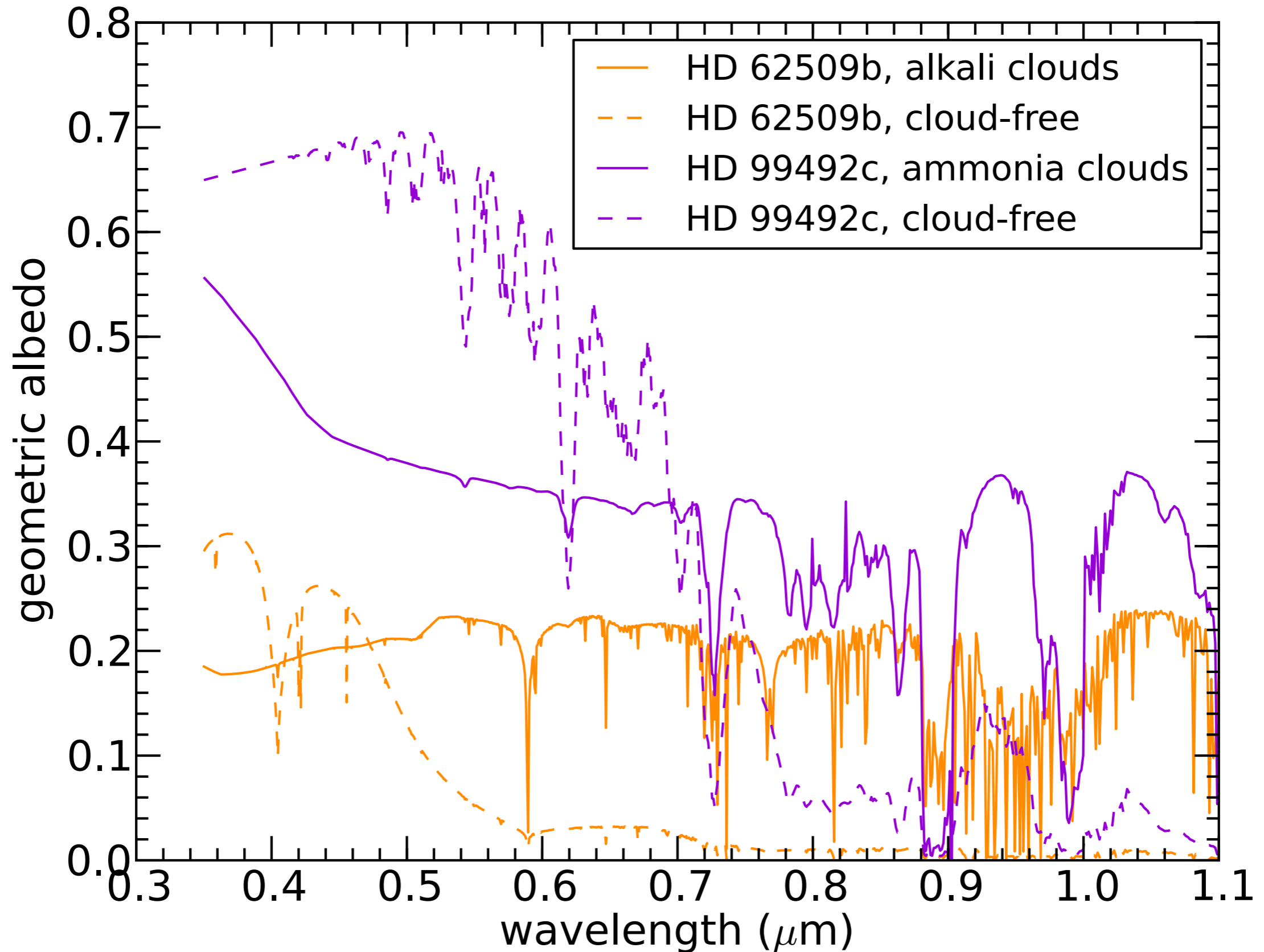
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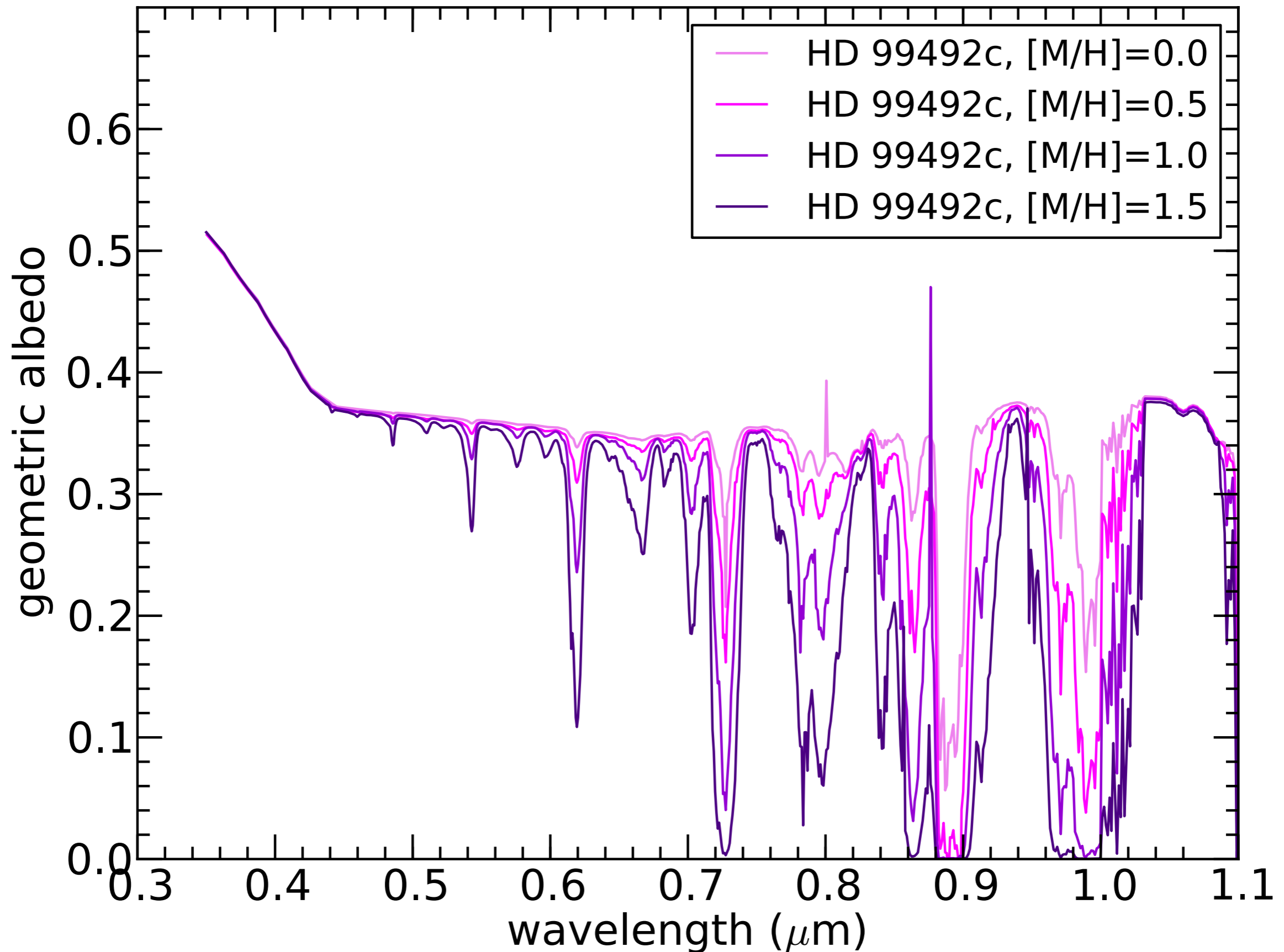
Figure from
Nikole Lewis



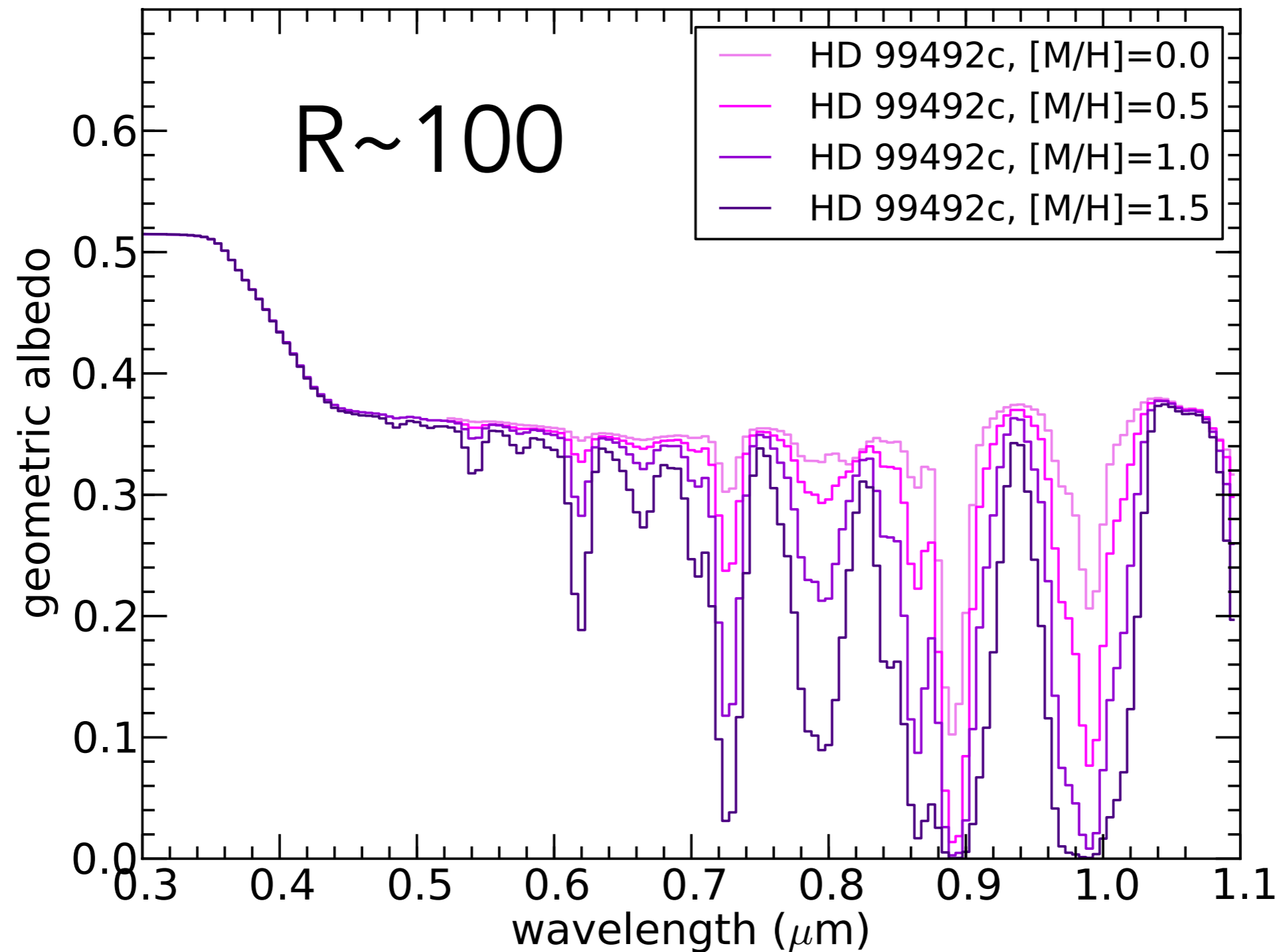
Huge range of spectra possible (not just scaled Jupiters!)



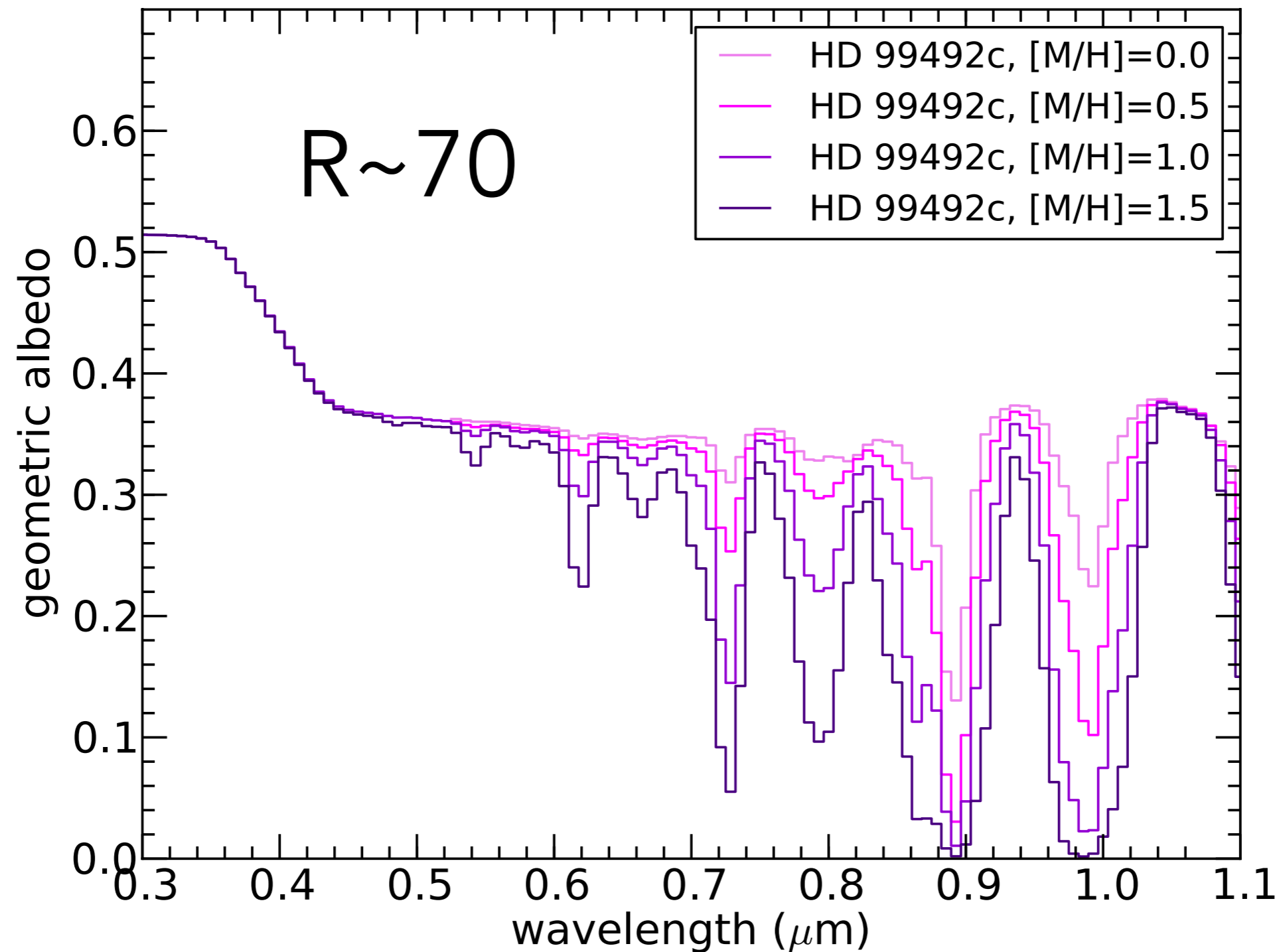
Higher metallicity widens and deepens molecular features: can constrain metallicity!



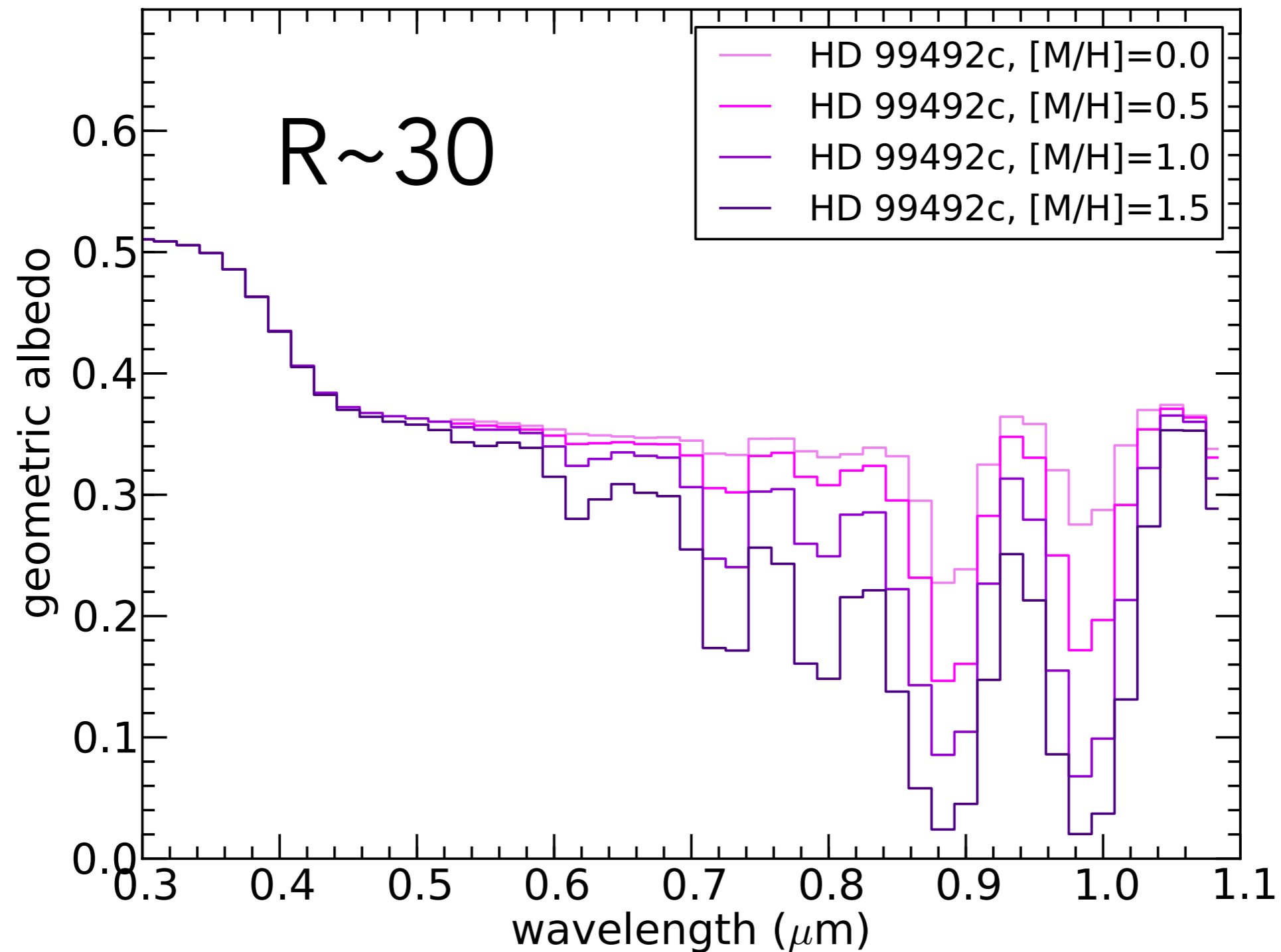
Need a minimum resolution to resolve both strong and weak features



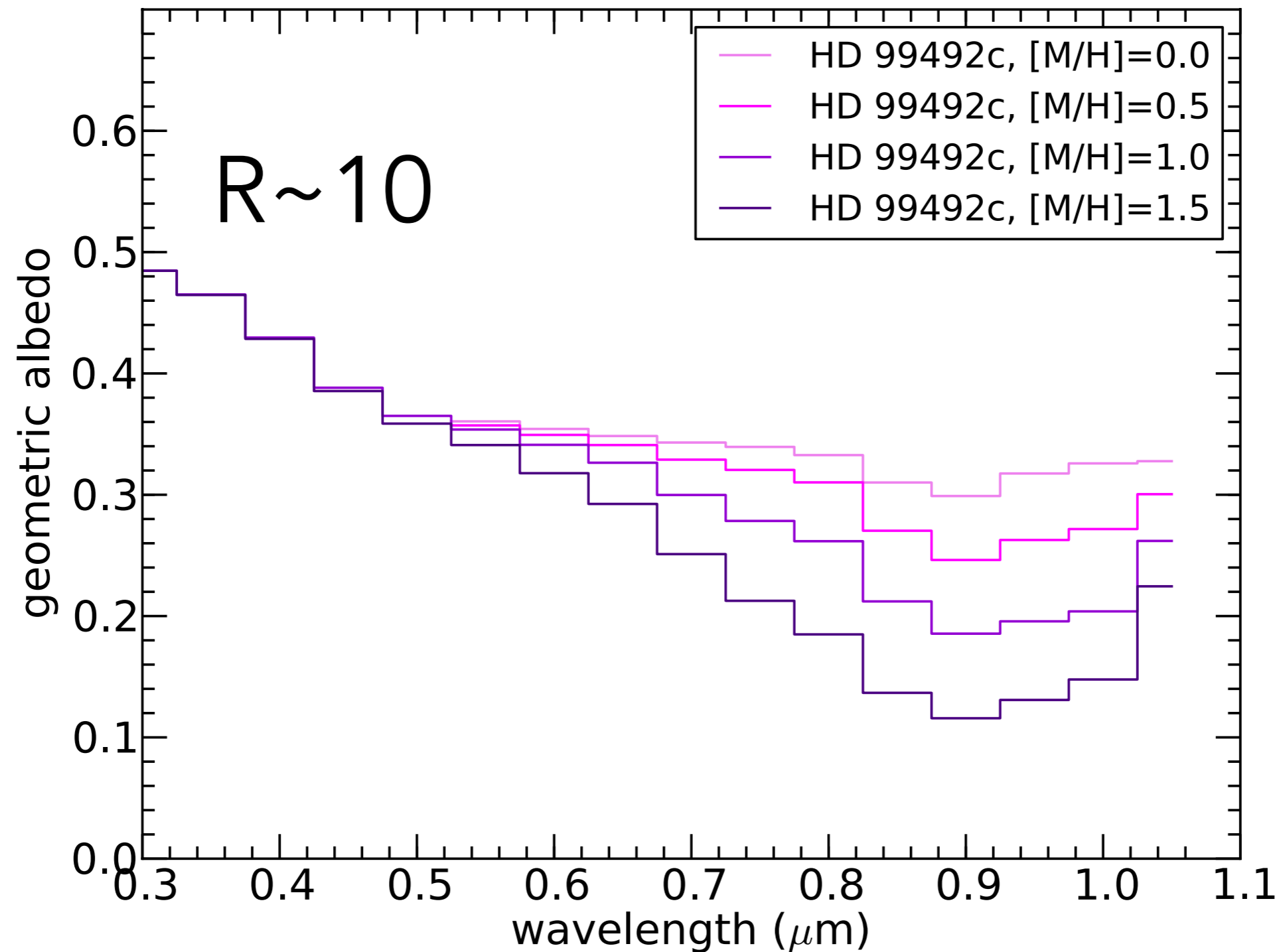
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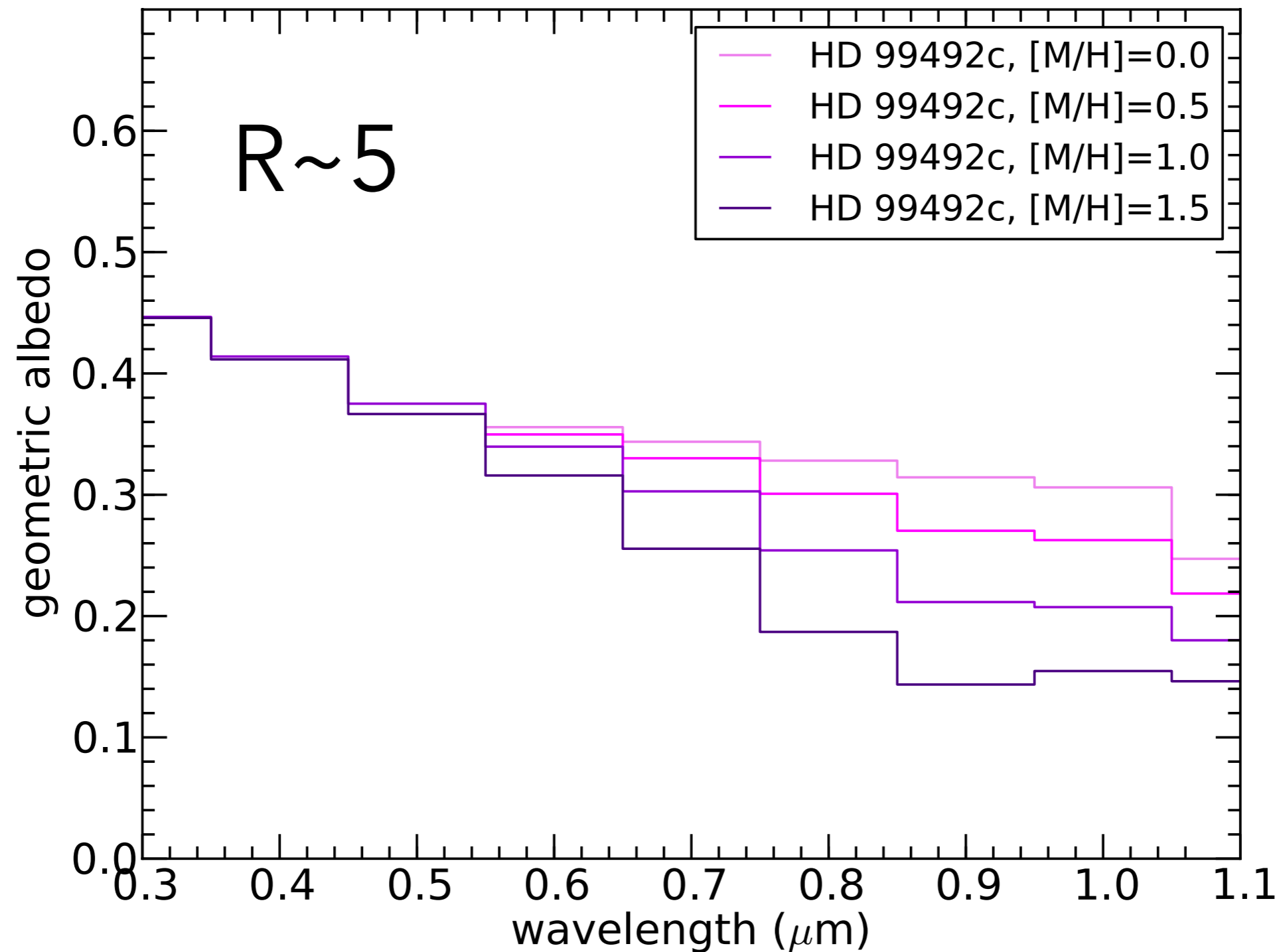
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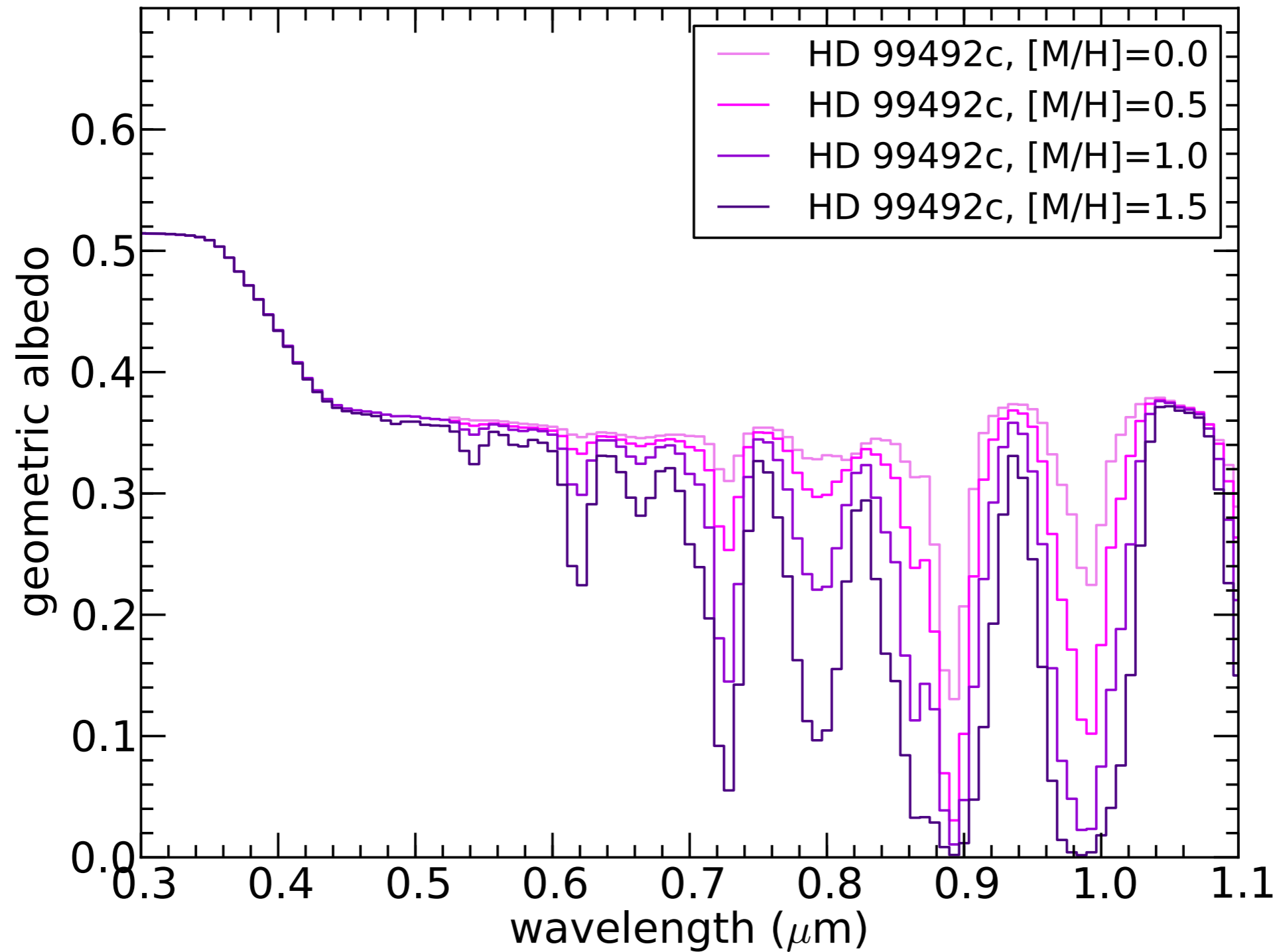
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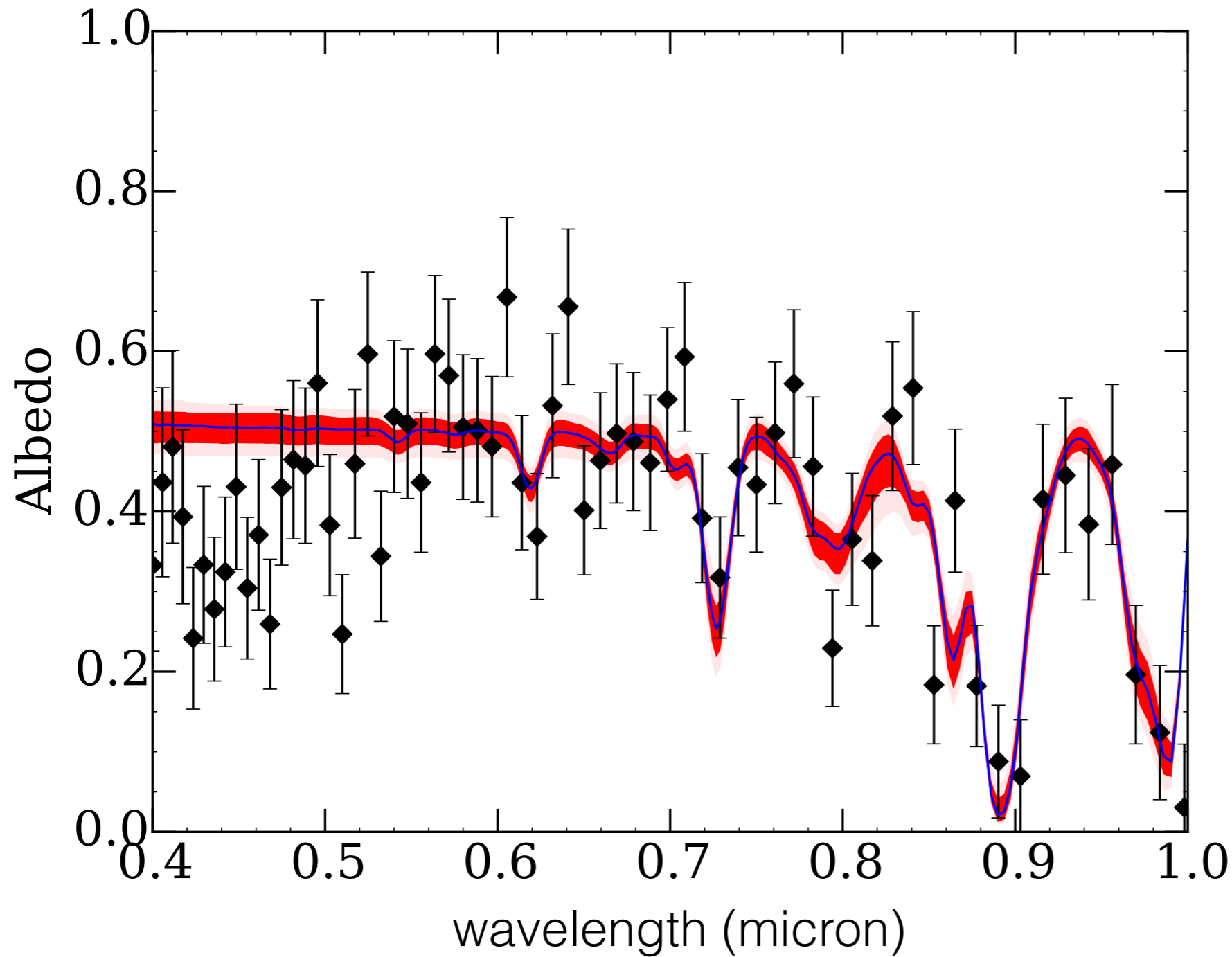
Need a minimum resolution to resolve both strong and weak features



R~70 adequately samples several methane features.



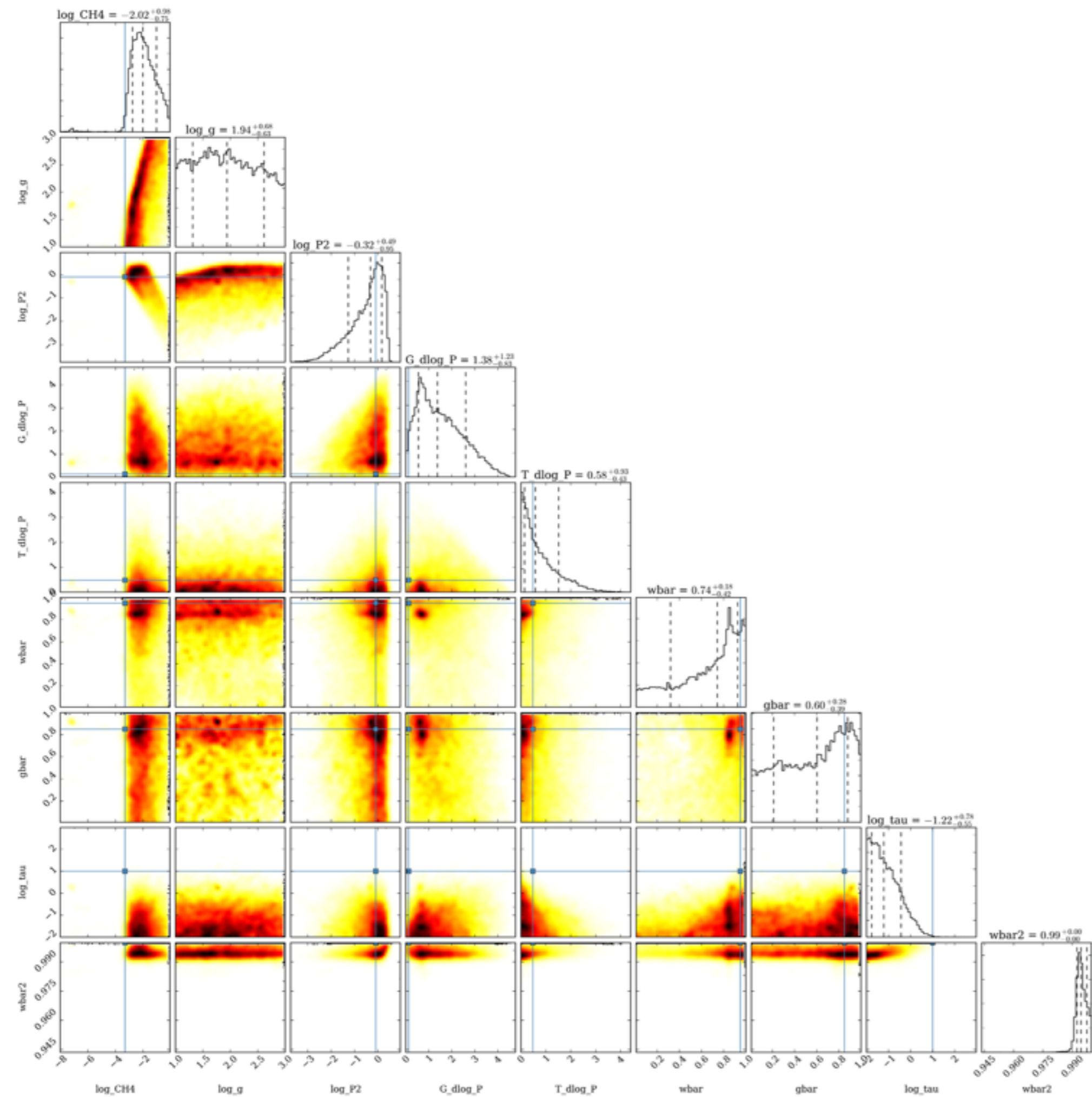
We can apply powerful retrieval techniques to low SNR data to constrain CH_4 , clouds, etc. See Roxana's poster here!!!



Observed
Jupiter spectrum
with added
noise to make
SNR=5

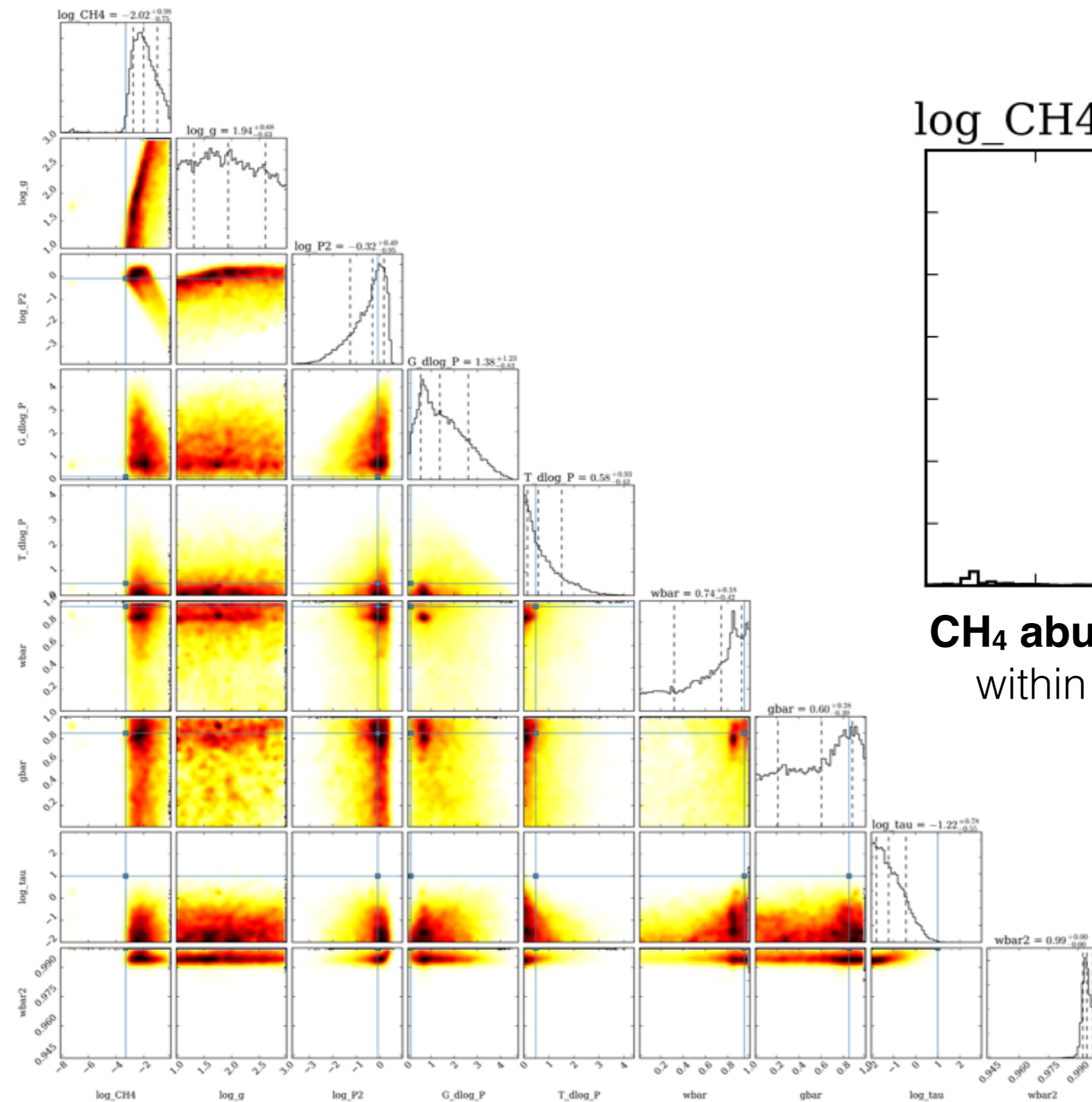
Figure from Roxana Lupu

Karkoschka 1994
spectrum

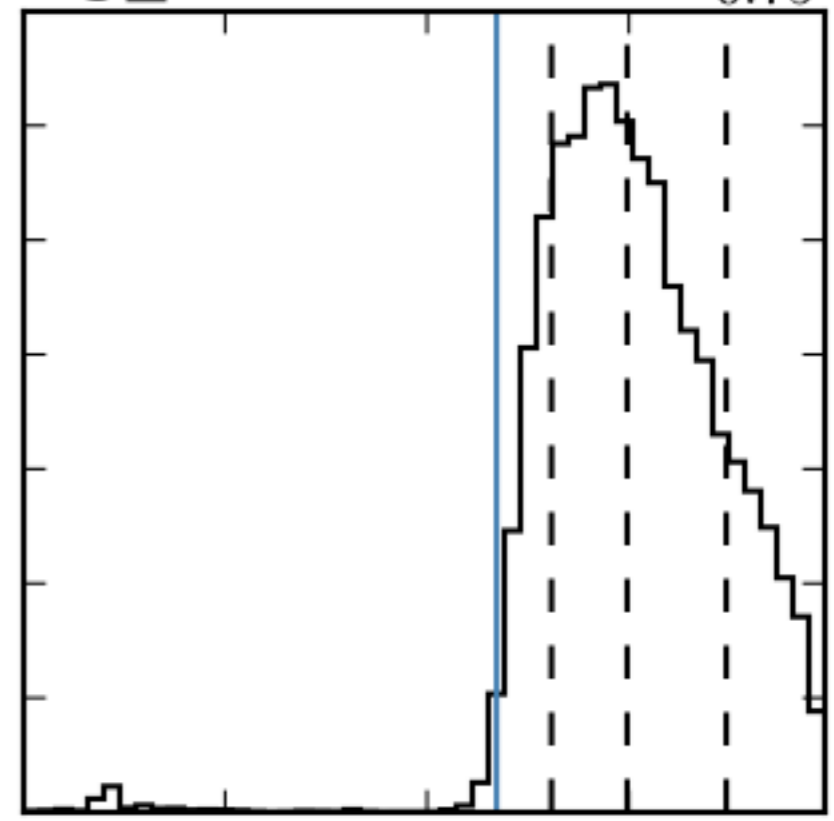


Figures from
Roxana Lupu

See Roxana's
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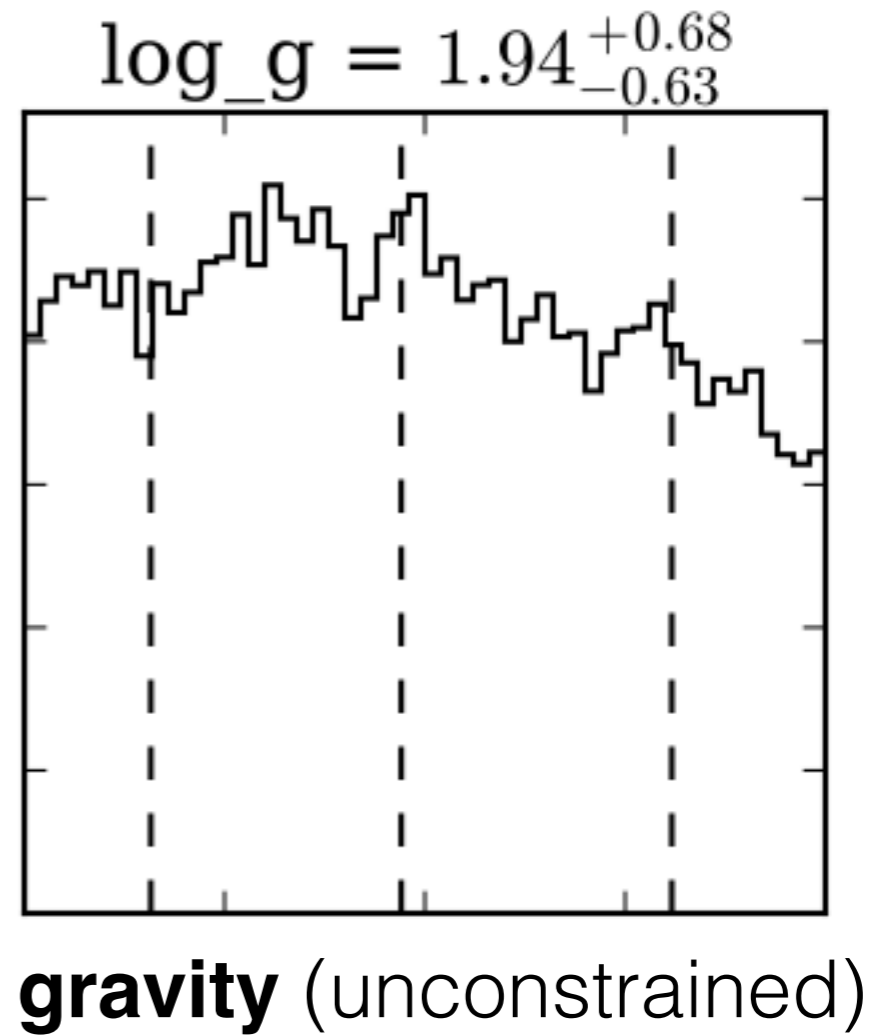
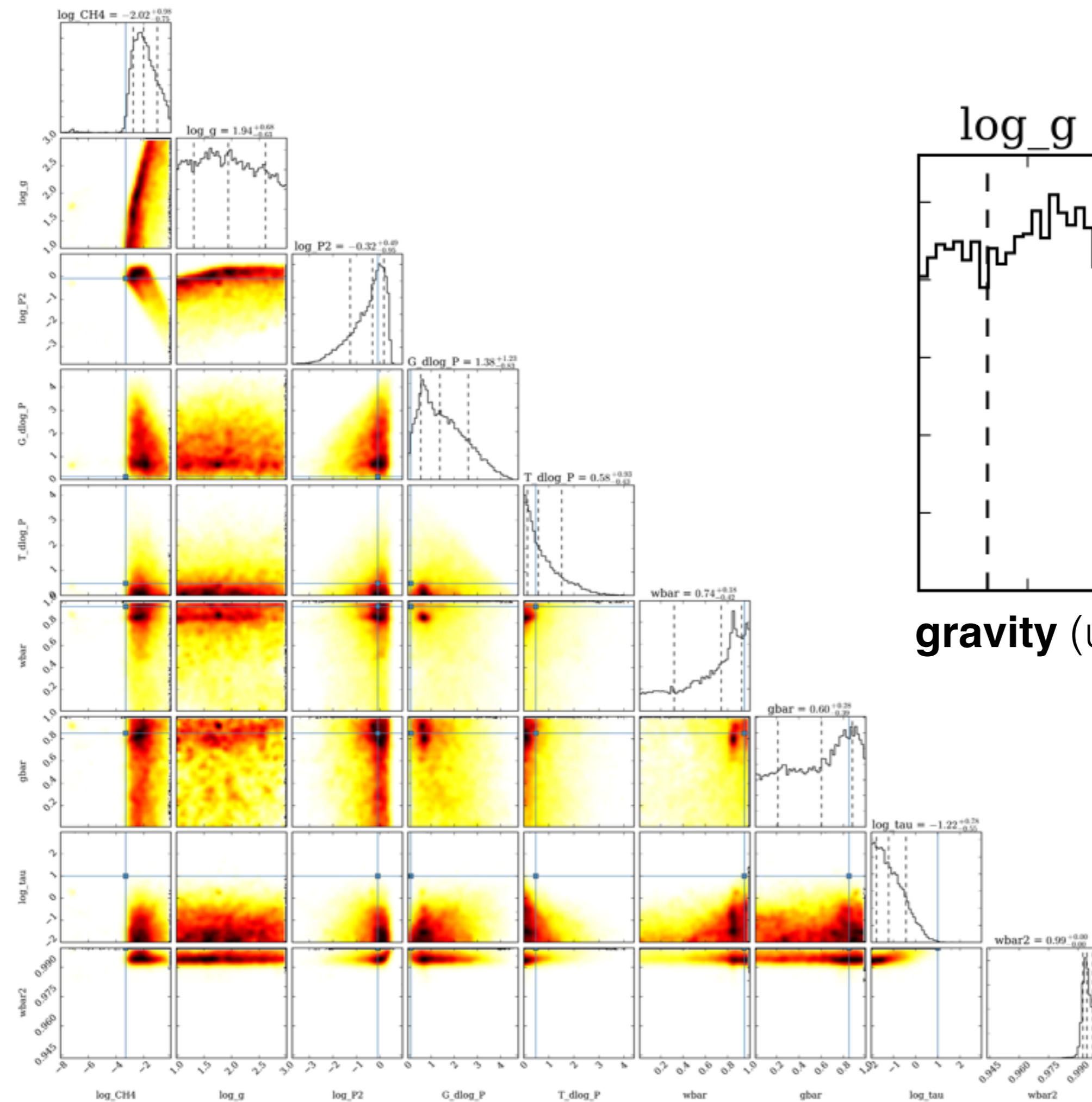
$$\log_CH4 = -2.02^{+0.98}_{-0.75}$$



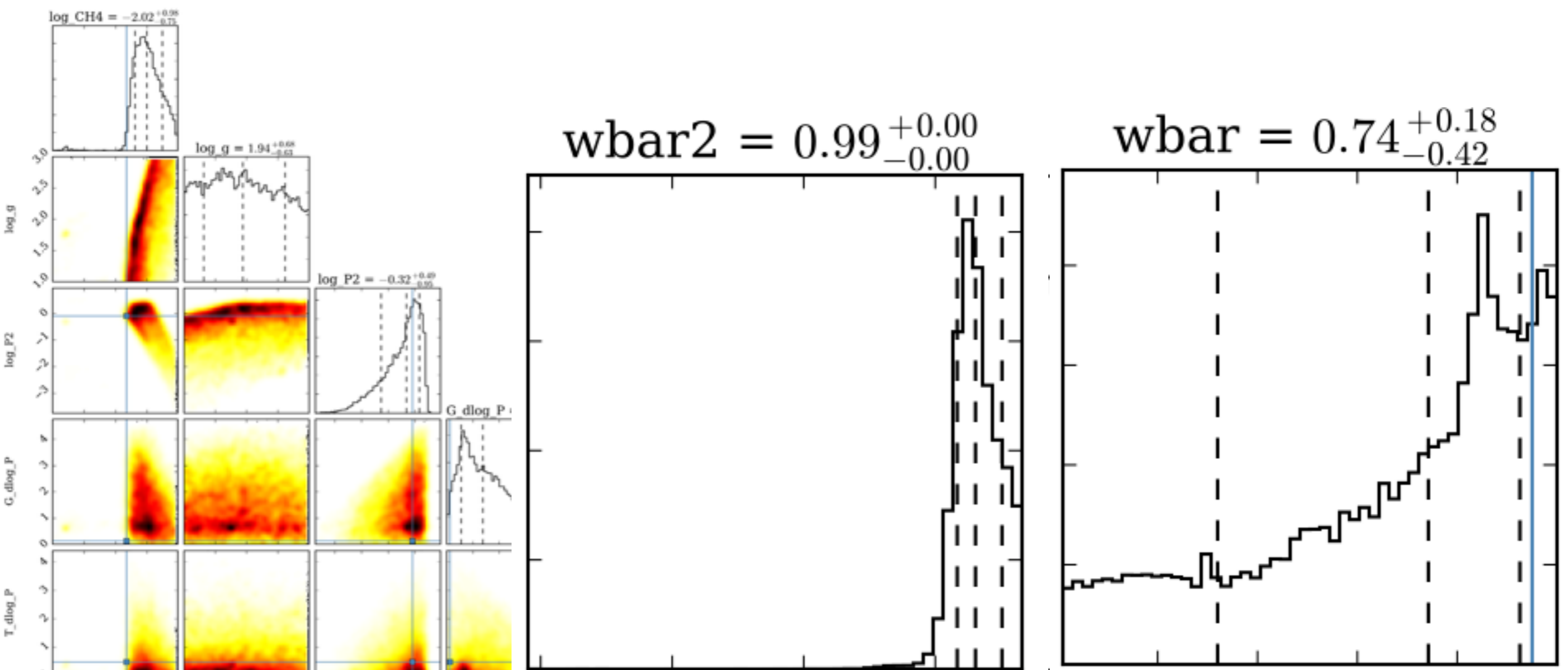
CH₄ abundance (right within one sigma)

Figures from Roxana Lupu

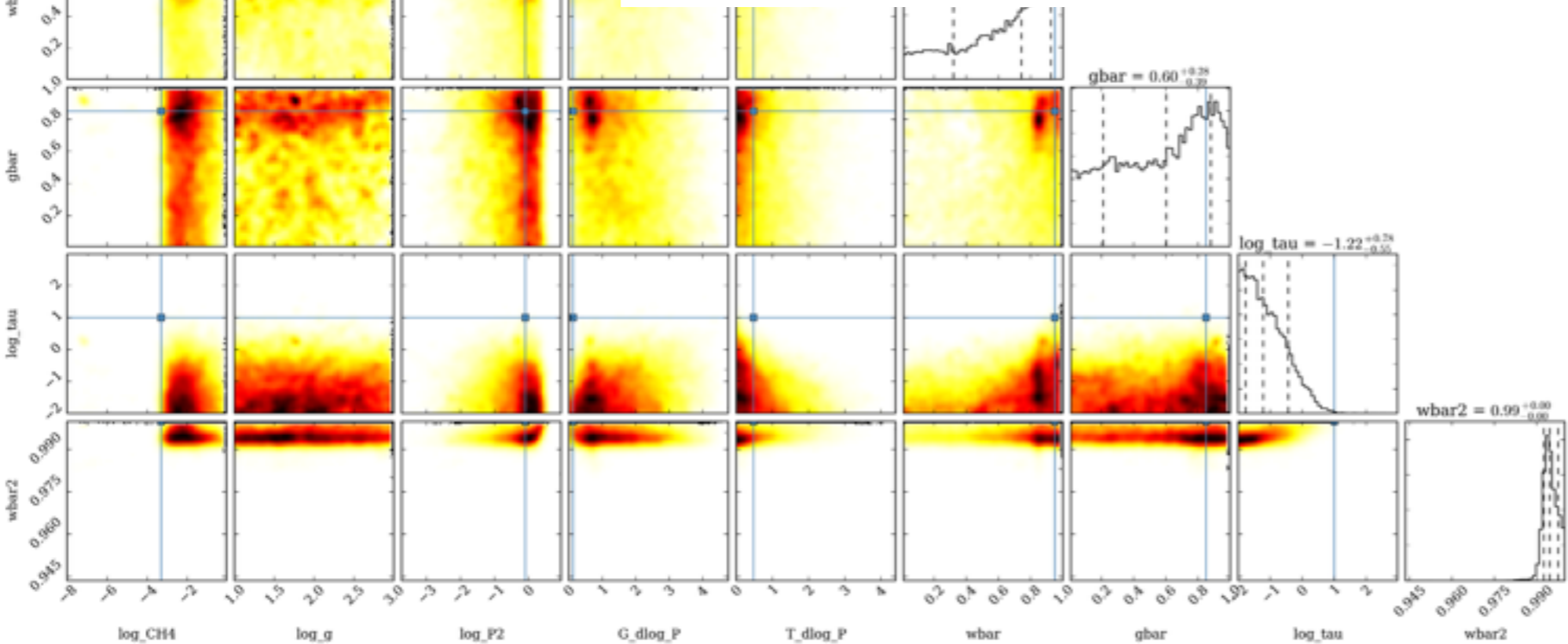
See Roxana's poster here!!!



Figures from
 Roxana Lupu
 See Roxana's
 poster here!!!



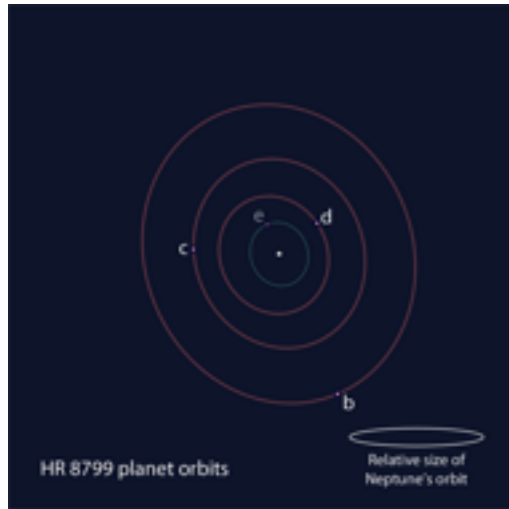
single scattering albedo of both cloud and haze



Figures from
Roxana Lupu

See Roxana's
poster here!!!

Radial velocities give us critical information for understanding these planets.



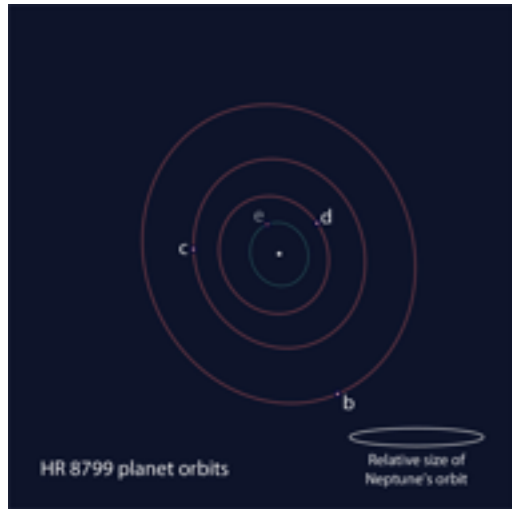
NASA, ESA, and R. Soumerai (STScI)

orbital information:

temperature

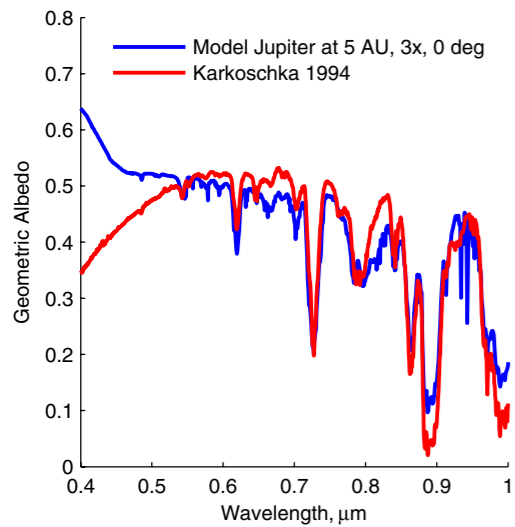
$M \sin(i)$ \longrightarrow M

Radial velocities give us critical information for understanding these planets.



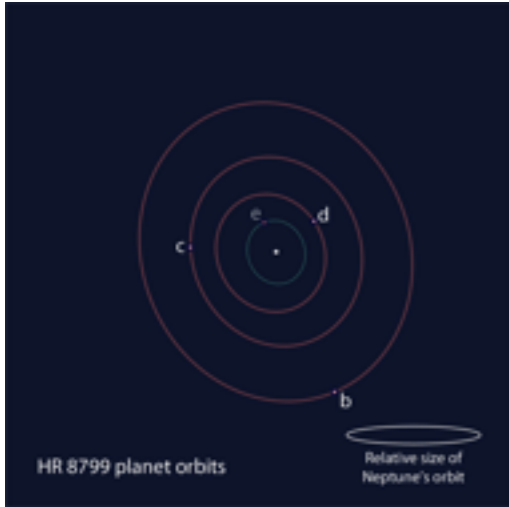
NASA, ESA, and R. Soummer (STScI)

orbital information:
temperature
 $M \sin(i) \longrightarrow M$



limits on radius

Radial velocities give us critical information for understanding these planets.

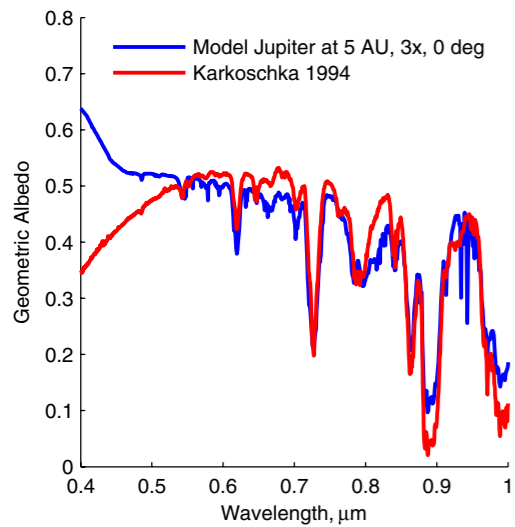


NASA, ESA, and R. Soummer (STScI)

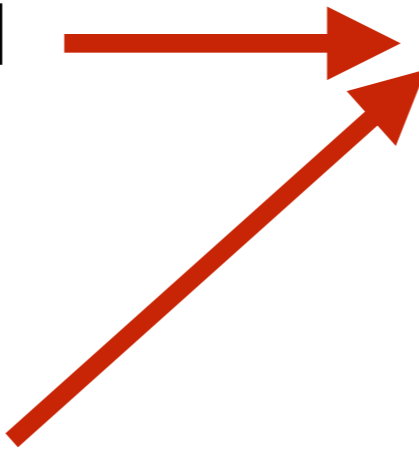
orbital information:

temperature

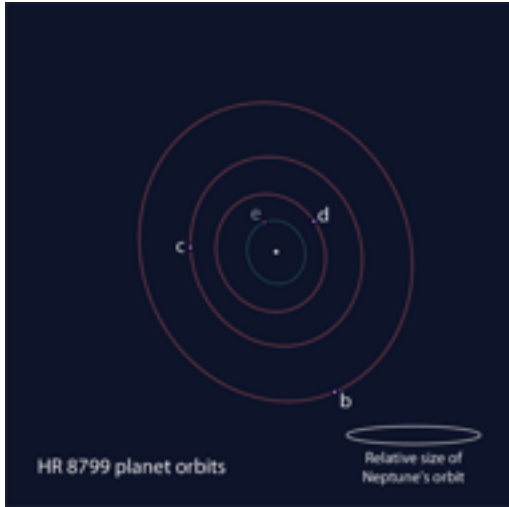
$M \sin(i) \longrightarrow M \longrightarrow$ limits on gravity



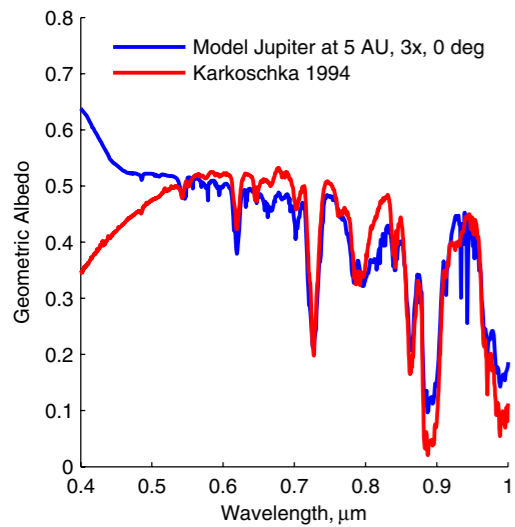
limits on radius



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NASA, ESA, and R. Soummer (STScI)



orbital information:

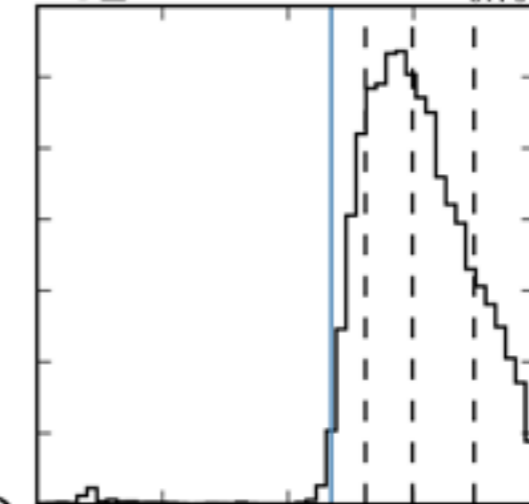
temperature

$M \sin(i) \rightarrow M$

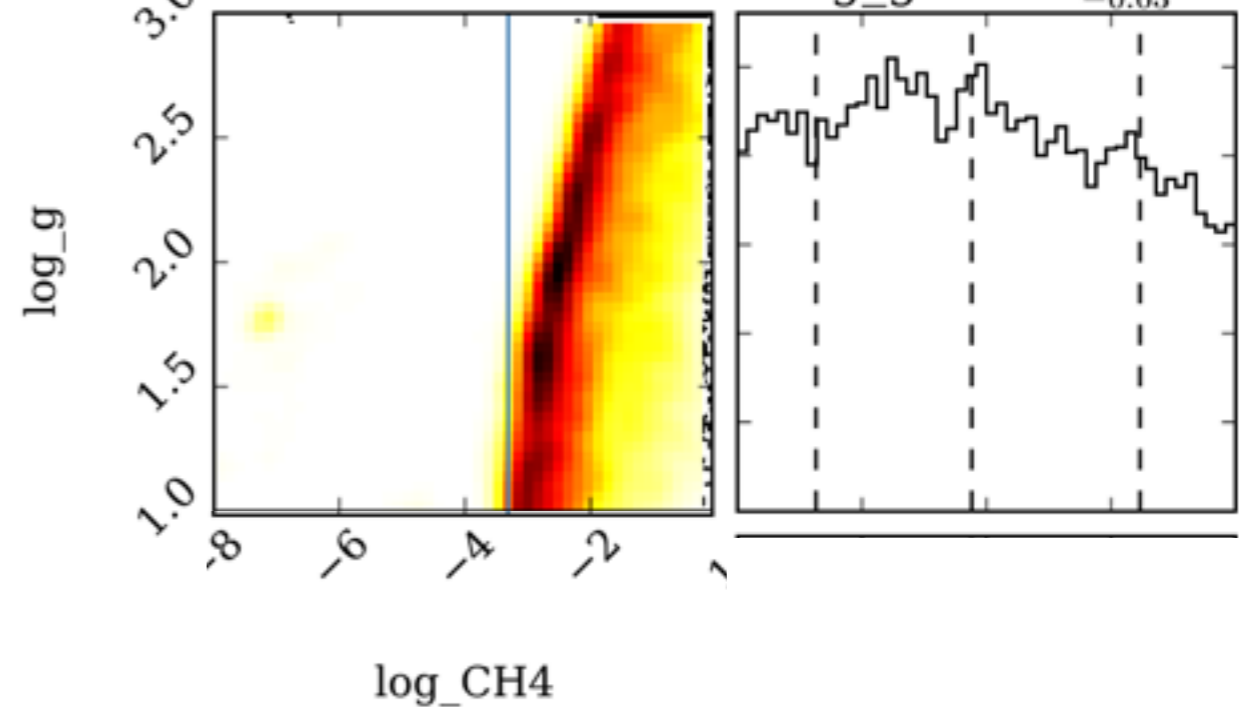
limits on gravity

limits on radius

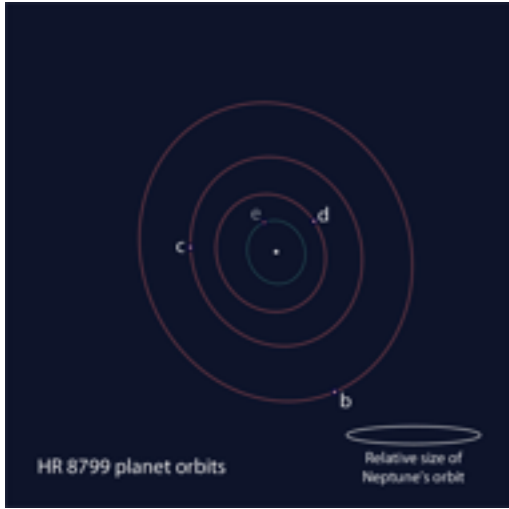
$$\log_{\text{CH}_4} = -2.02^{+0.98}_{-0.75}$$



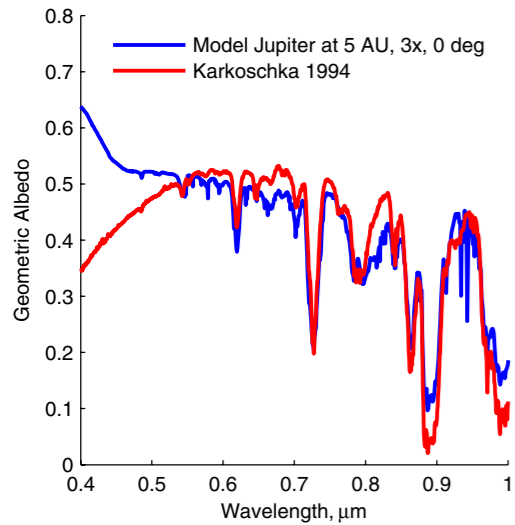
$$\log_g = 1.94^{+0.68}_{-0.63}$$



Radial velocities give us critical information for understanding these planets.



NASA, ESA, and R. Soummer (STScI)



orbital information:

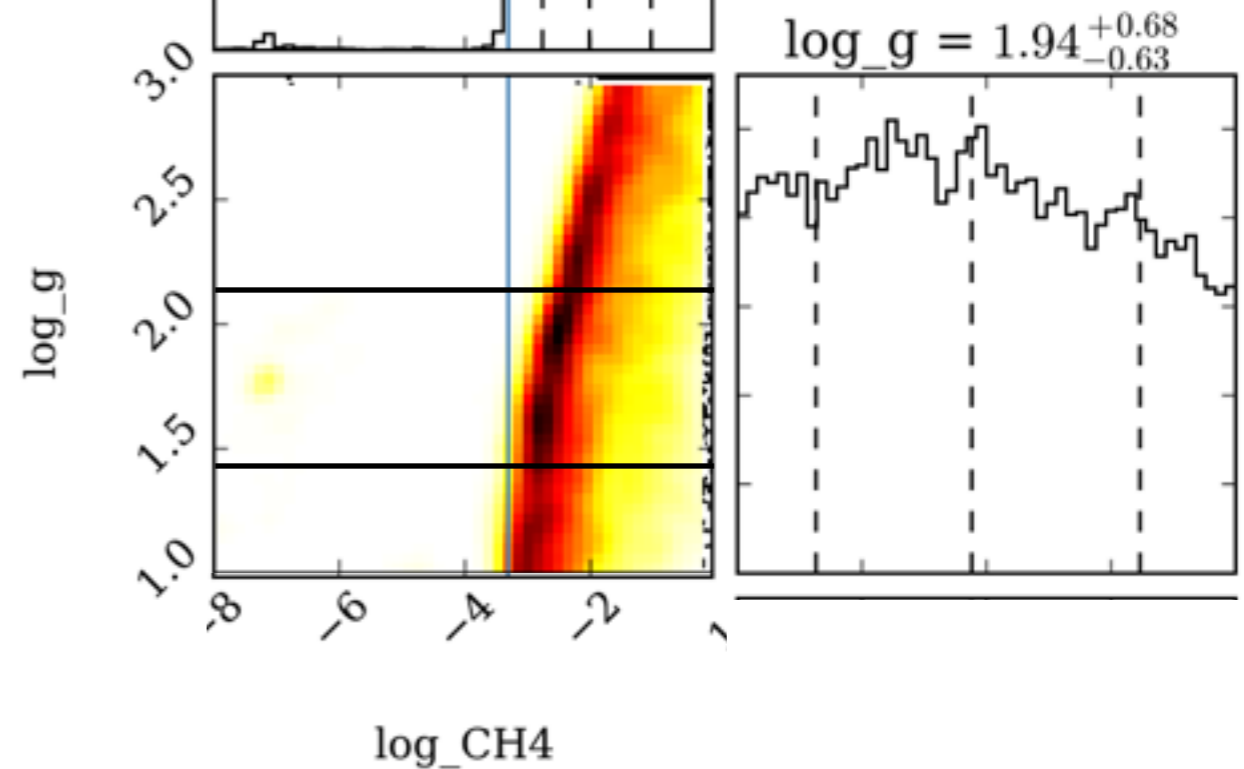
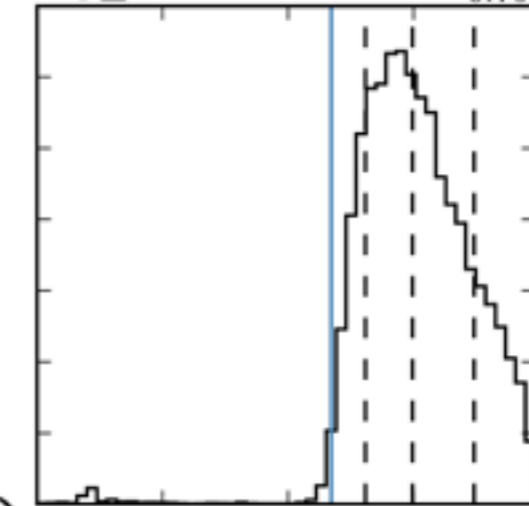
temperature

$M \sin(i) \longrightarrow M$

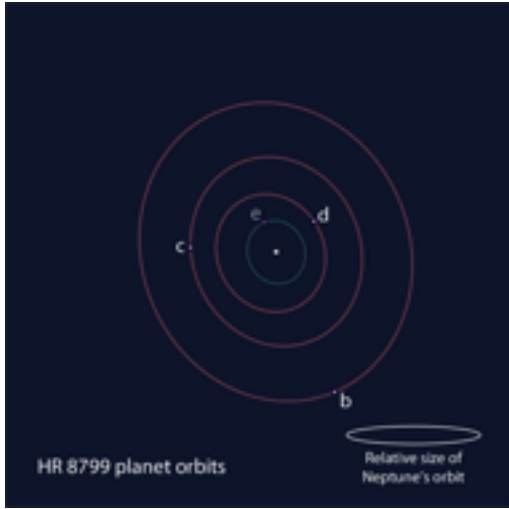
limits on gravity

limits on radius

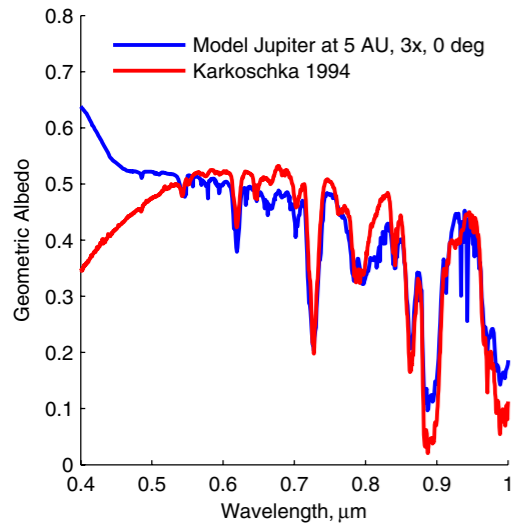
$$\log_{\text{CH}_4} = -2.02^{+0.98}_{-0.75}$$



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NASA, ESA, and R. Soummer (STScI)



orbital information:

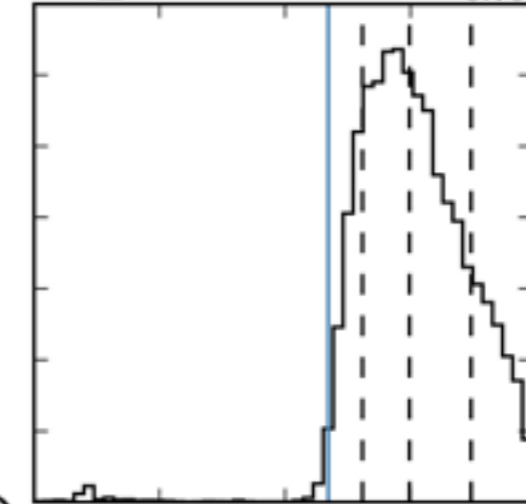
temperature

$M \sin(i) \rightarrow M$

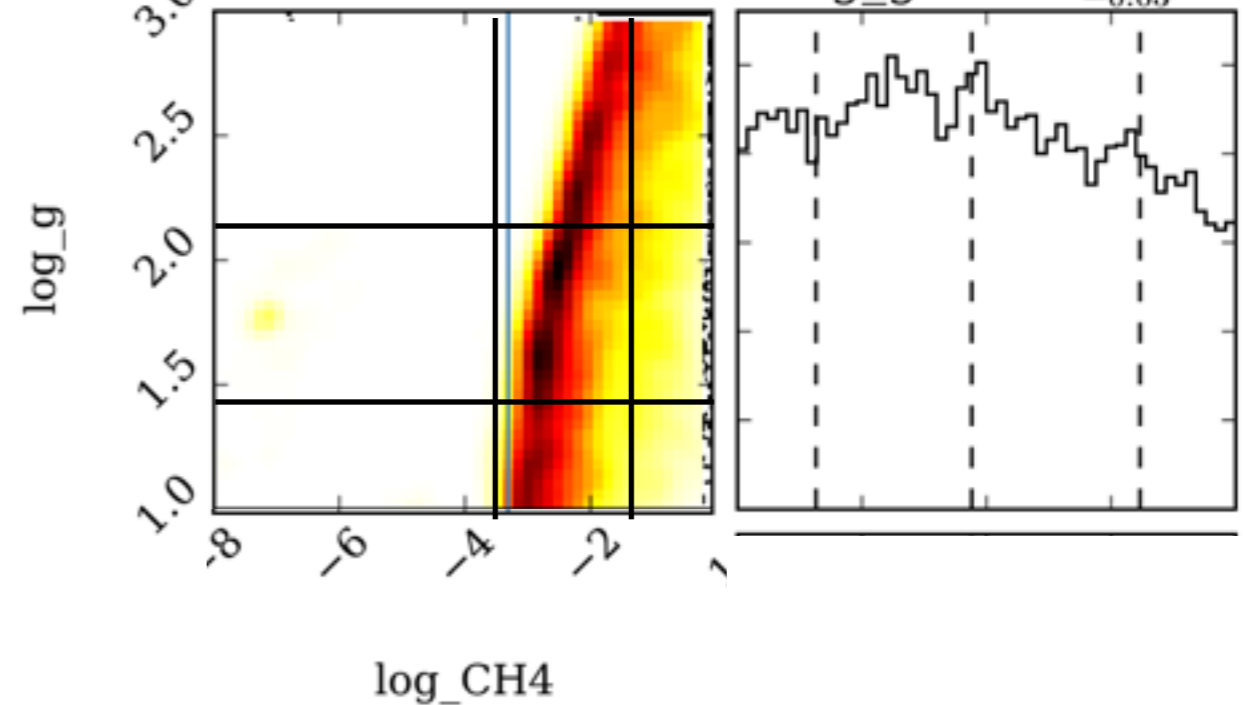
limits on gravity

limits on radius

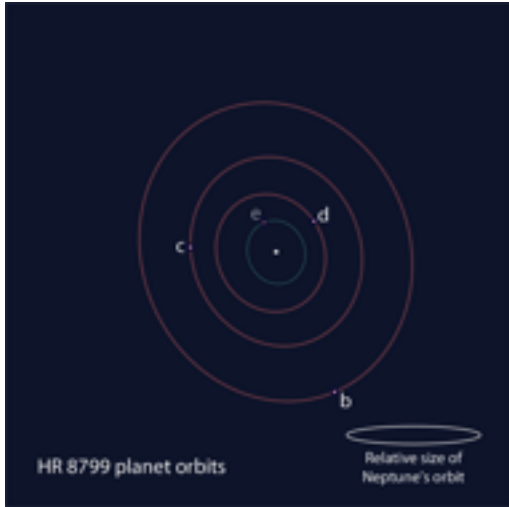
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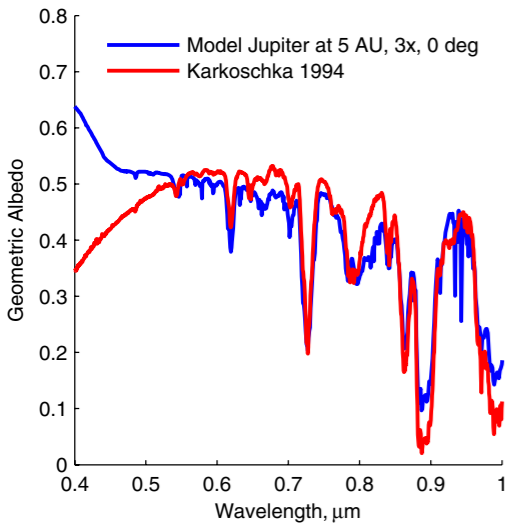
$\log_g = 1.94^{+0.68}_{-0.63}$



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NASA, ESA, and R. Soummer (STScI)



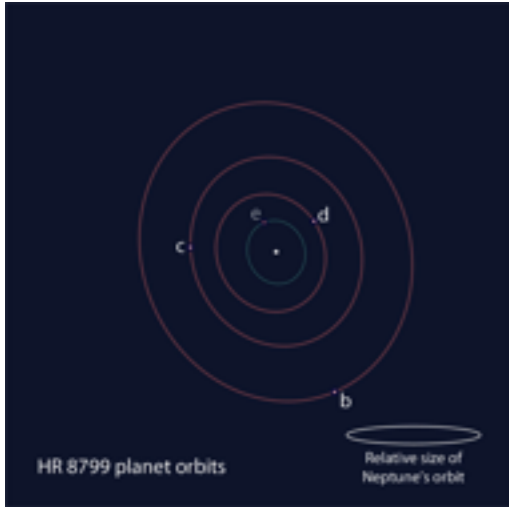
orbital information:

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Radial velocities give us critical information for understanding these planets.

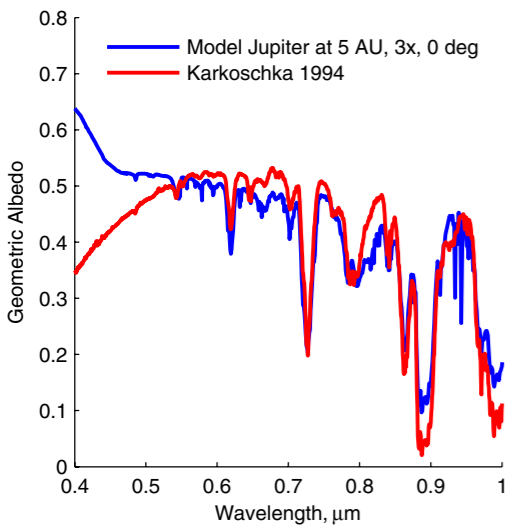


NASA, ESA, and R. Soummer (STScI)

orbital information:

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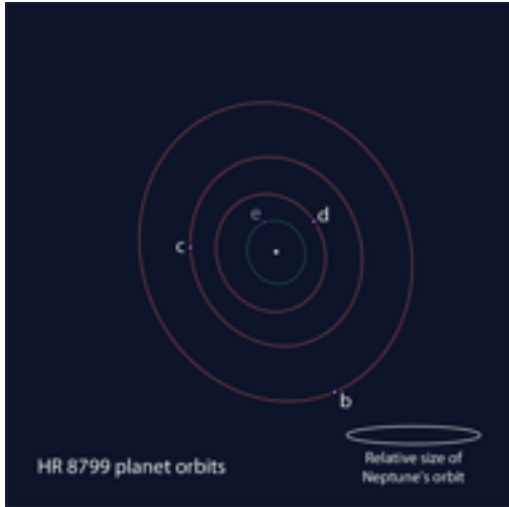
limits on radius



phase information:
makes interpreting
spectra much easier

European Southern Observatory - ESO

Radial velocities give us critical information for understanding these planets.

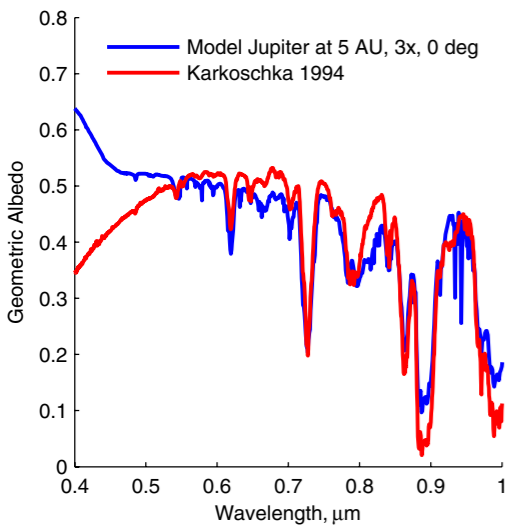


NASA, ESA, and R. Soummer (STScI)

orbital information:

temperature

$M \sin(i) \longrightarrow M \longrightarrow$ limits on gravity



limits on radius



European Southern Observatory - ESO

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**Information-rich
set of objects**

Space coronagraph gives us a catalog of RV planets that spans wide unexplored T_{eff} space.

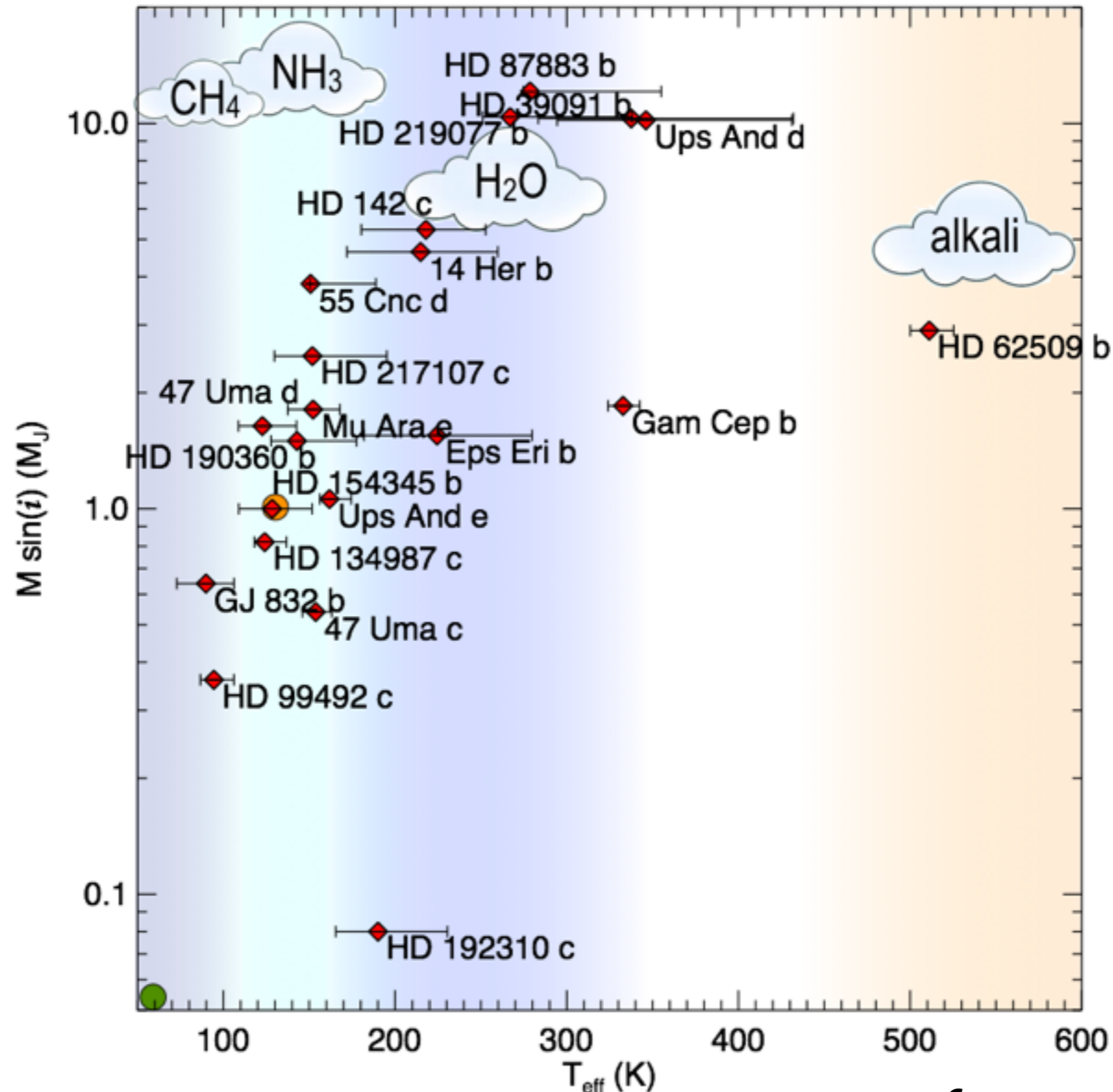


Figure from Nikole Lewis

Conclusions

- Albedo spectra finally poised to provide **powerful constraints on planet properties**
- Can retrieve methane abundance, cloud locations, cloud albedos for Jupiter-like planets
- Critical “catalog” for years to come
- RV sample provides **context for new discoveries**

