

The Power of Infrared Grism Surveys

Insights from the WISP Survey

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see also Talks by J.Colbert, A. Henry
Posters by M. Malkan, C. Scarlata

WFC3 Infrared Spectroscopic Parallel Survey (WISPs)

PI: Matt Malkan (UCLA)

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at this meeting

WISPS

WFC3 Infrared Spectroscopic Parallel Survey

- WISPs overview
- What can HST-WISPs tell WFIRST?
 - Forecasting emission line galaxy (ELG) number counts
 - Previewing classes of unusual objects
 - EELGs (extreme ELGs)
 - galaxy pairs/triplets
 - Ly α emitters
 - gravitational lenses
 - Showing the scientific insights IR grism surveys can bring to galaxy evolution

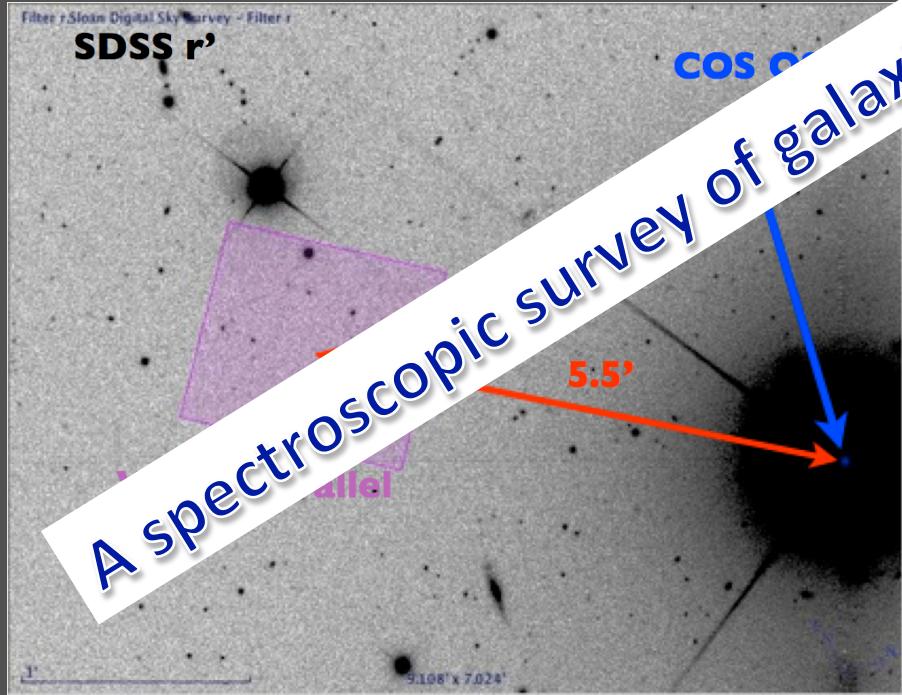
WISPs

WFC3 Infrared Spectroscopic Parallel Survey

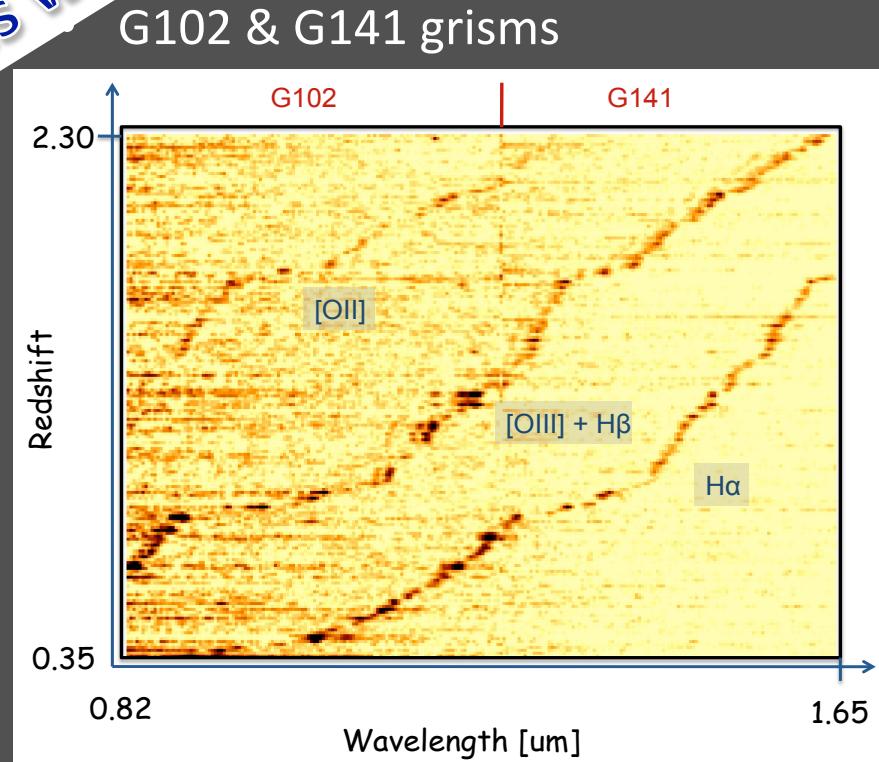
Parallel Separation:

- 5.5' from COS
- 4.75' from STIS

- A pure parallel survey
- PI: Prof. M. Malkan (UCLA)
- Identifying and analysis of emission line galaxies at moderate and high redshift

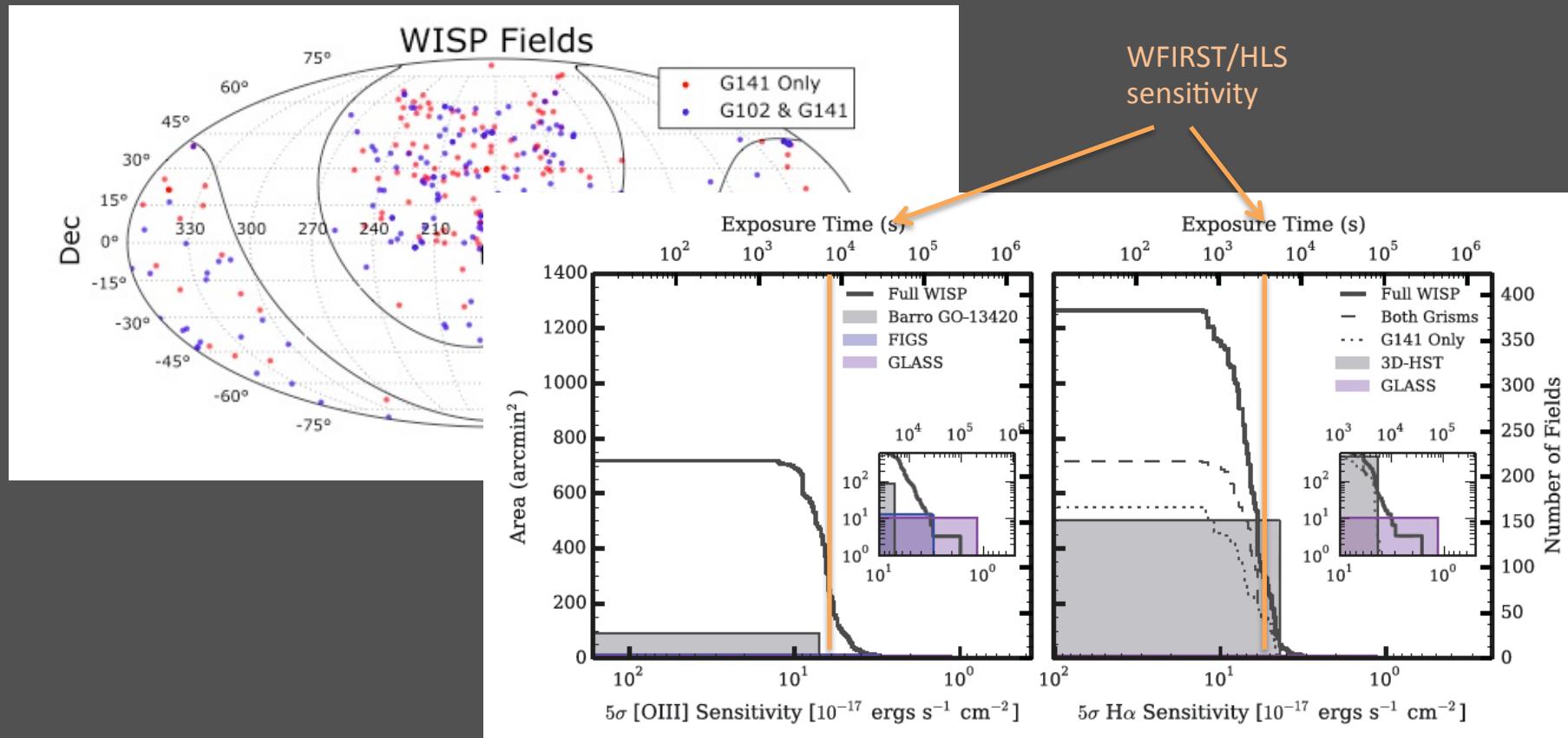


See also: Poster by M. Malkan



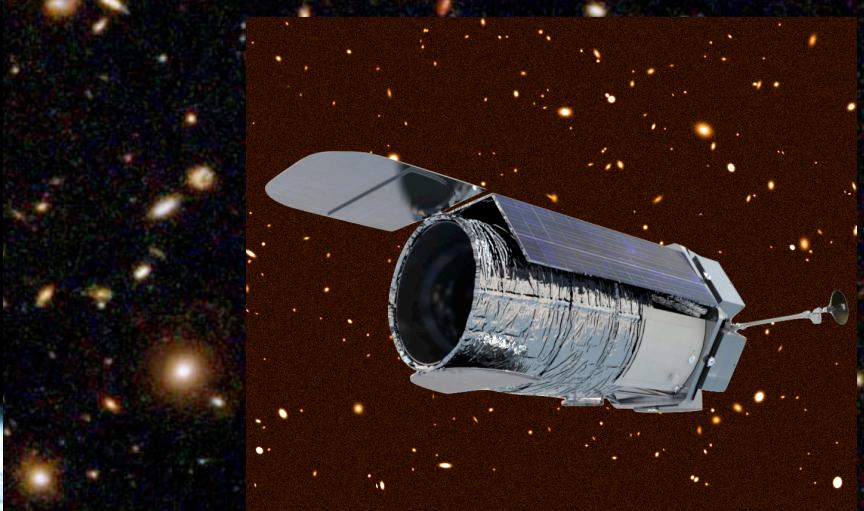
Observations (HST + IRAC + Palomar)

- ~ 1,800 parallel orbits of HST ~ 450 fields
- Direct near-IR imaging (F110W, F140W or F160W)
- Direct UVIS imaging if available (F475X, F600LP)
- The near-IR grisms image (G102, G141)
- Palomar follow-up of Northern fields
 - g + i imaging
- Spitzer/IRAC follow-up of deep fields
 - IRAC 1 map
- <https://wisps.ipac.caltech.edu>



From HST to WFIRST

1. number counts of emission line galaxies



HST / WFC3 vs. WFIRST

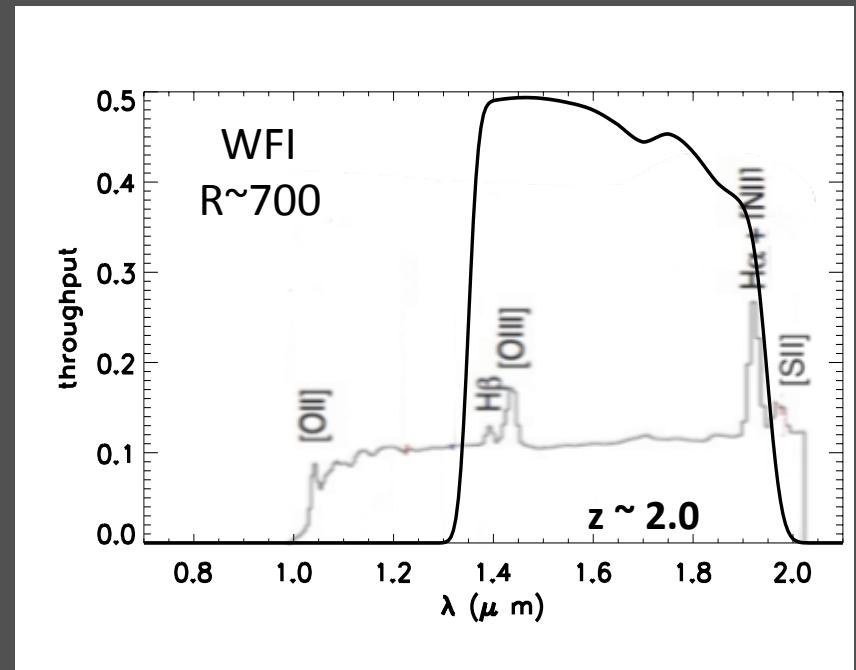
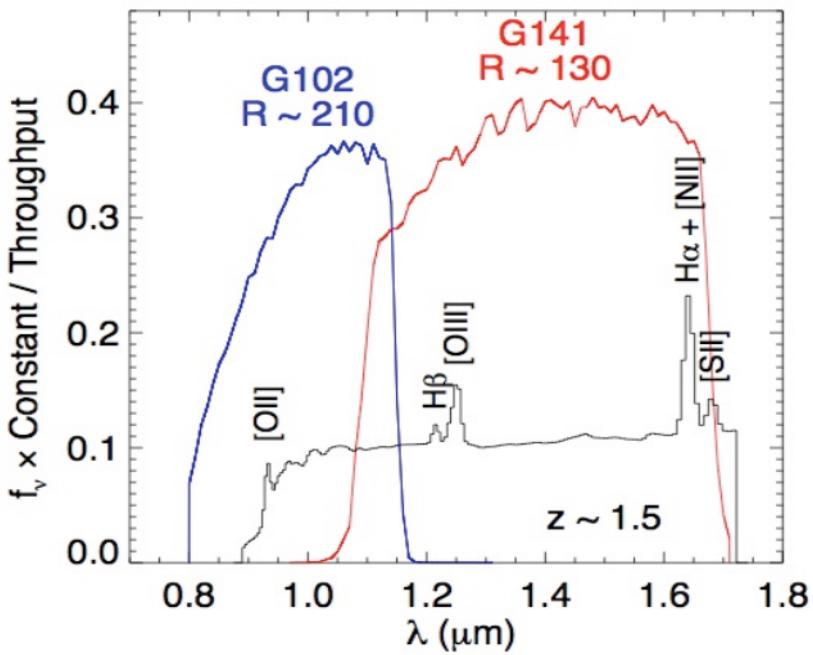
HST/WFC3

- G102: 0.80—1.15 μm ,
G141: 1.07-1.70 μm
– $R(\Delta\lambda/\lambda) \sim 130\text{-}210$
- WFC3: 0.13 ''/pix
- FOV: 0.0013 deg^2

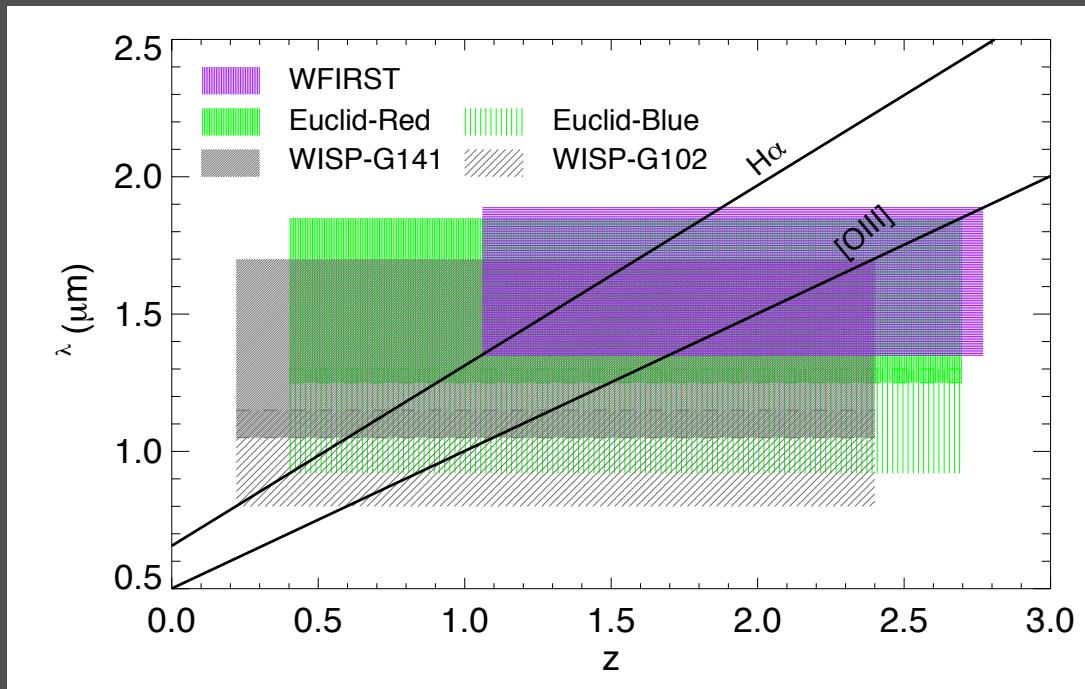
WFIRST/WFI

- Grism range: 1.35—1.89 μm
– $R(\Delta\lambda/\lambda) \sim 600$
- WFI: 0.11 ''/pix
- FOV: 0.28 deg^2

~100 X bigger FOV!



Wavelength Coverage

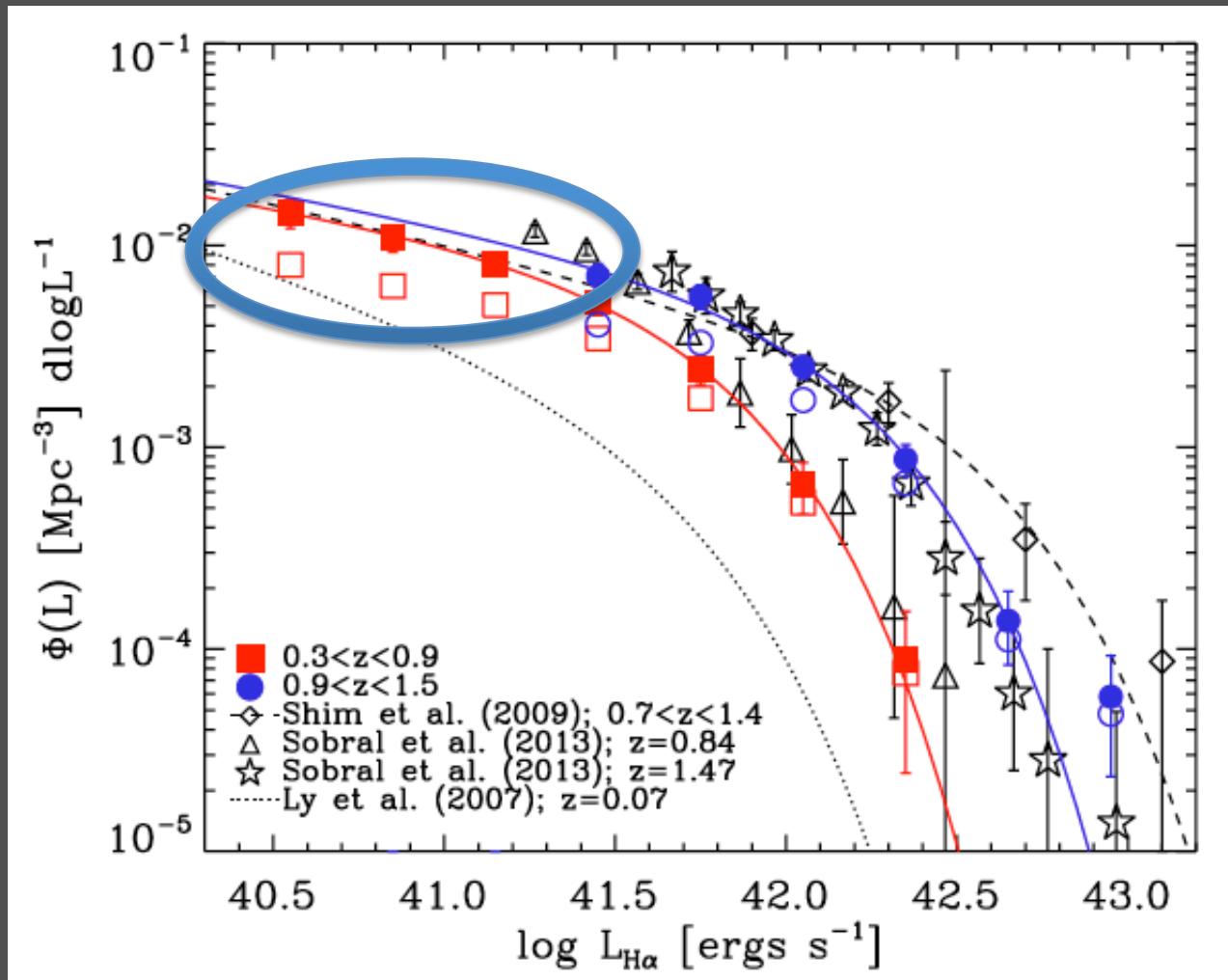


HLS:
4000X WISP area!

Also JWST!

- WISPs spectra continuously cover the $0.85 - 1.65 \mu\text{m}$ range
- WISP targets $\text{H}\alpha$ up to $z \sim 1.5$, $[\text{OIII}]$ up to $z \sim 2.3$
- Multiple lines in the range $0.9 < z < 1.5$
- WFIRST will target $\text{H}\alpha$ in $z \sim 1.0 - 1.9$, $[\text{OIII}]$ @ $z \sim 1.7 - 2.7$

Predicting emission line galaxy (ELG) number counts H α luminosity function (LF) down to 10^{40} erg/s

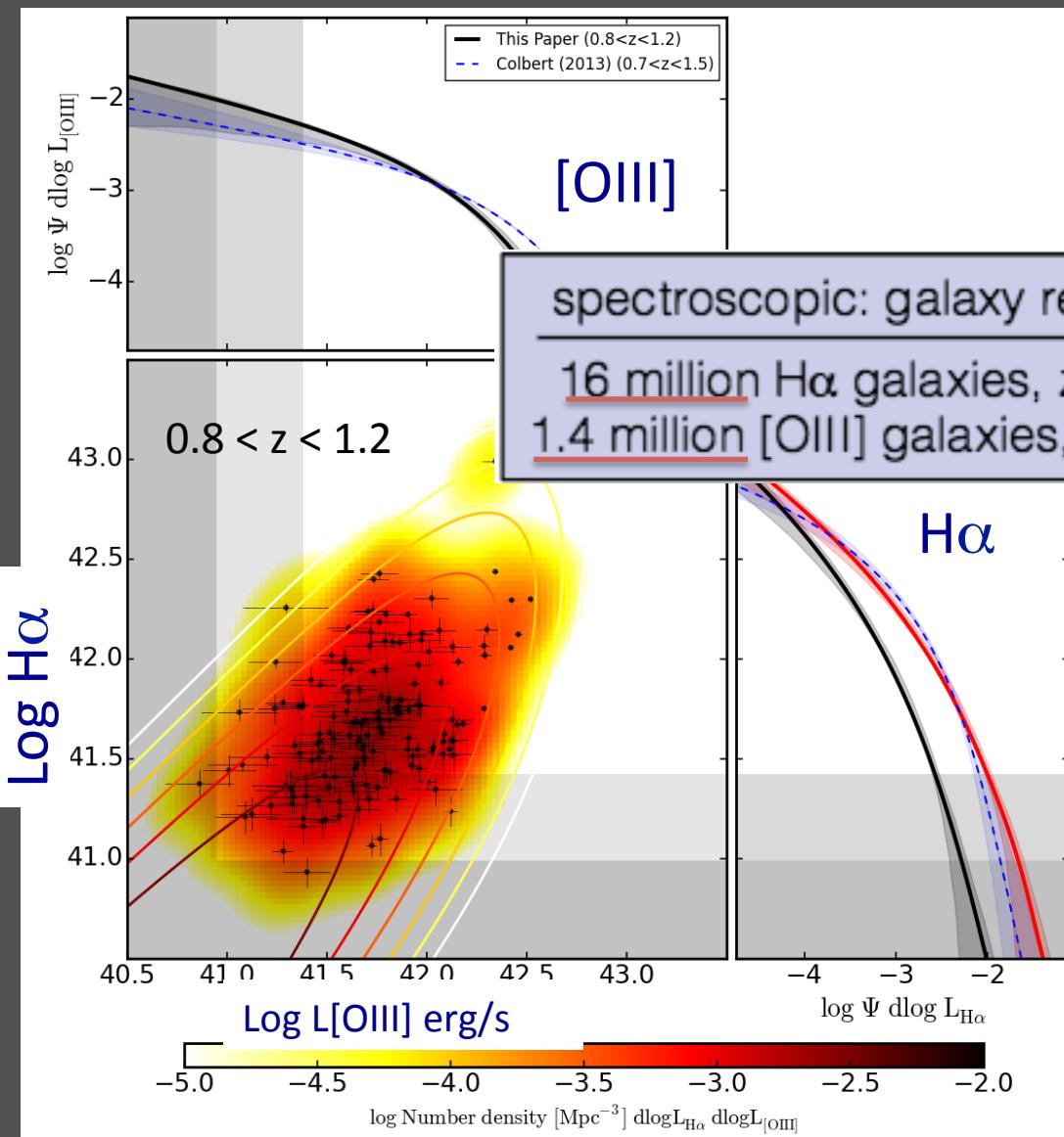


See also: Talk by J. Colbert

Colbert + 2013, ApJ, 779, 34

Predicting emission line galaxy (ELG) number counts

The H α - [OIII] bi-variate LF at $z \sim 1$



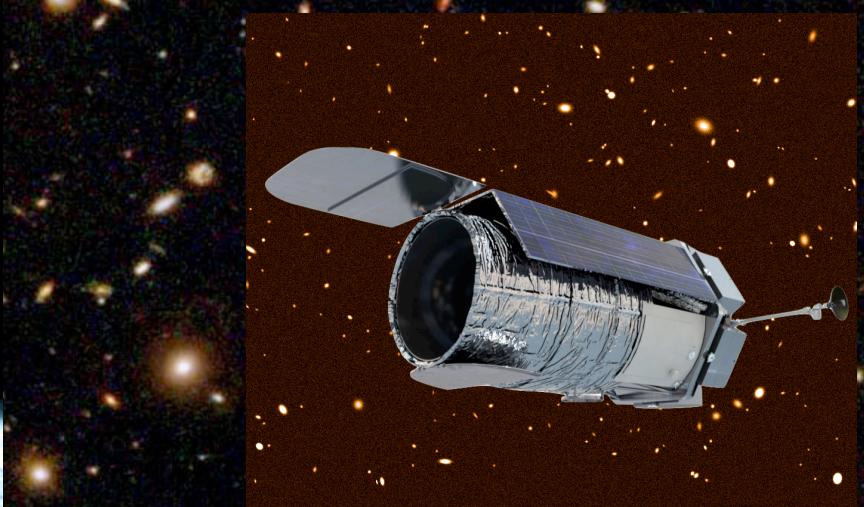
No flux ratio evolution from
 $z=0.2$ to $z=1$

Mehta+2015

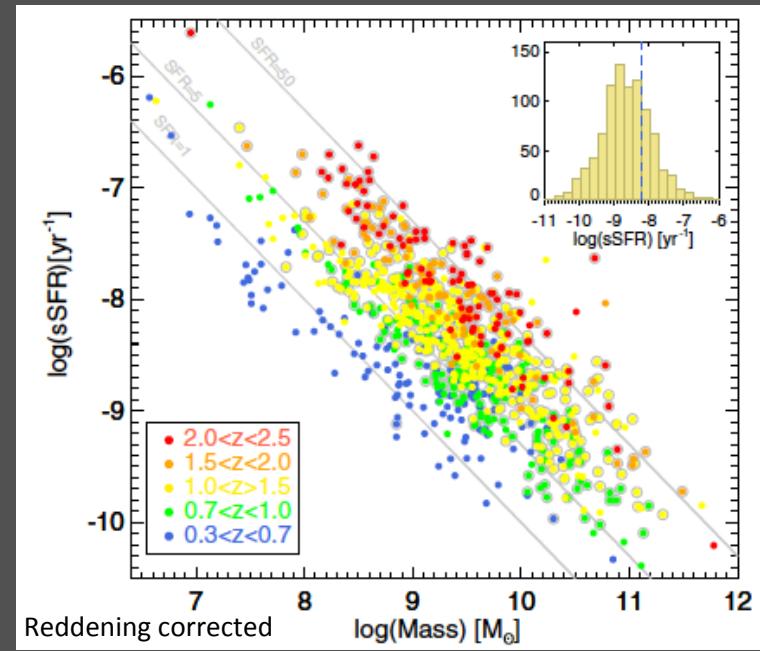
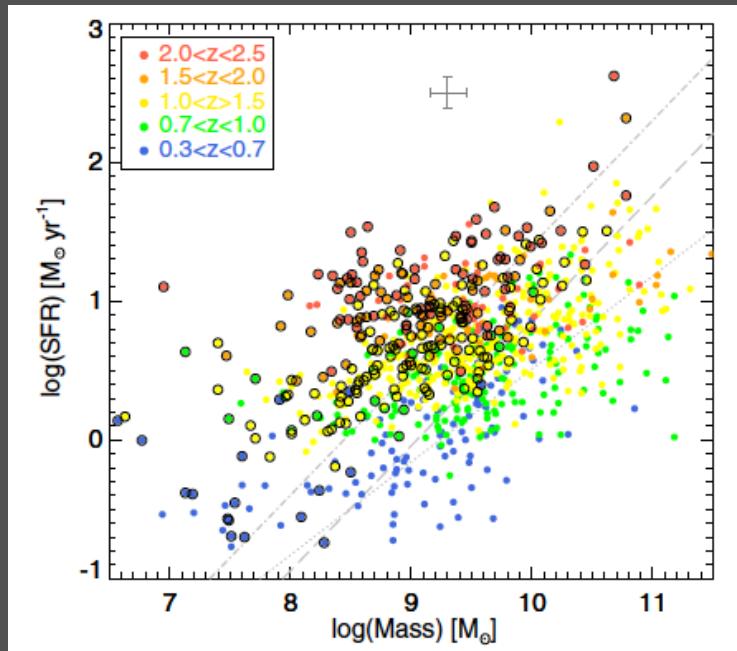
See also: talk by J. Colbert

From HST to WFIRST

2. Unusual classes of targets



Previewing unusual targets for WFIRST: EELG Extreme Emission Line Galaxies



High EW (Hα) galaxies' contribution to total SFR density @ z = 1~2:

> 300 Å : 13%

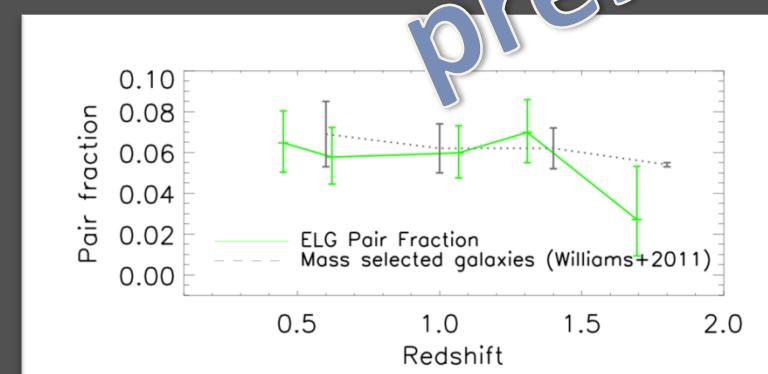
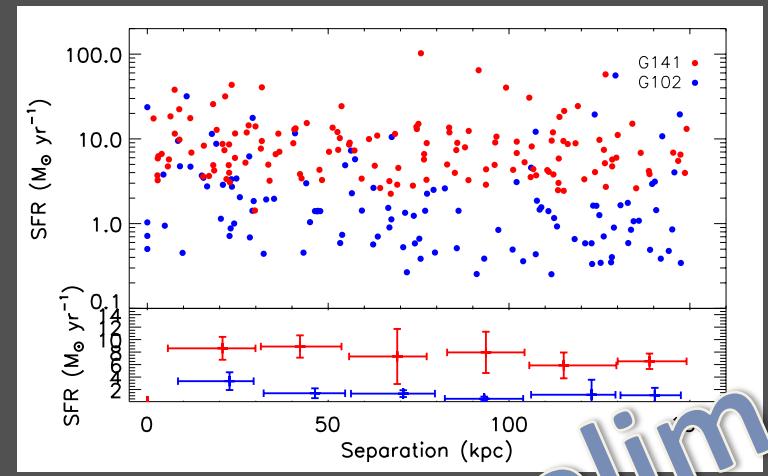
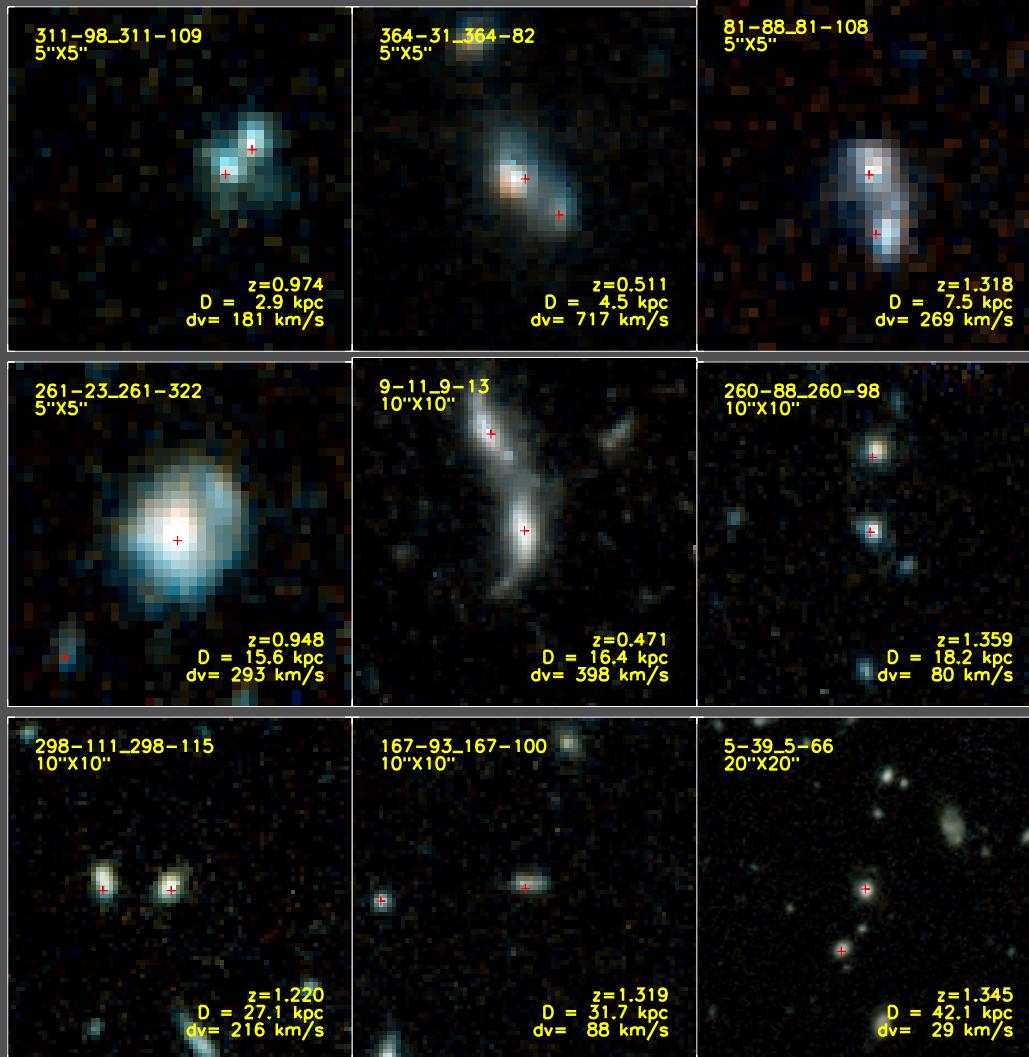
> 200 Å : 18%

> 100 Å : 34%

high sSFR allows doubling M* in <150 Myr

Previewing unusual targets for WFIRST: galaxy pairs

the role of mergers and their impact on SFH

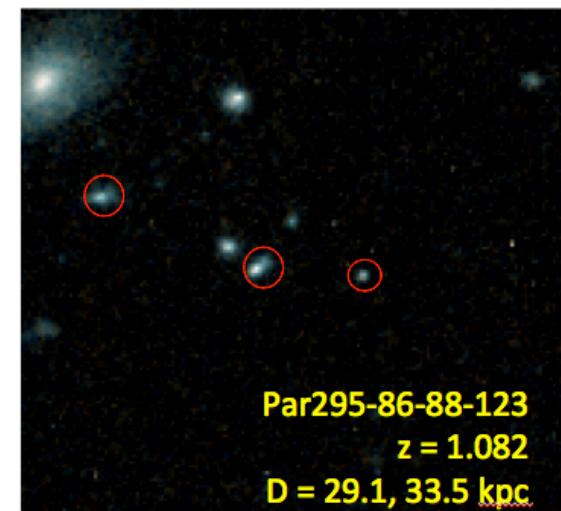
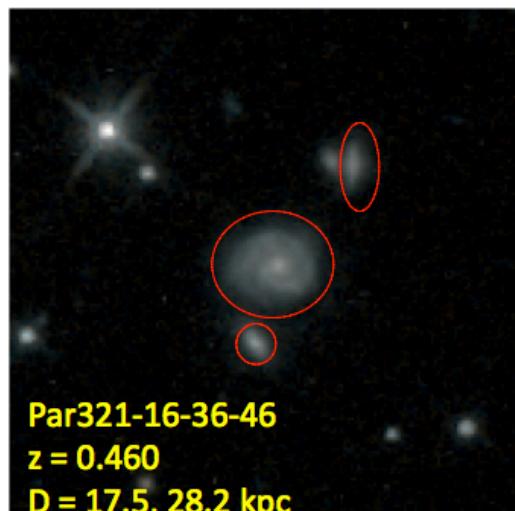
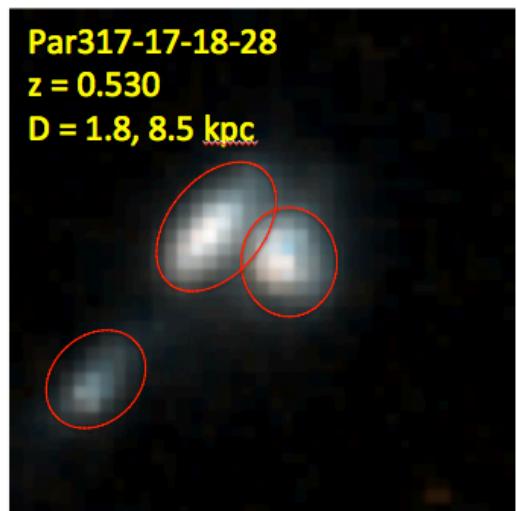


Also JWST

Dai + 2016, in prep

Previewing unusual targets for WFIRST: galaxy triplets and groups

High incidence of triplets and groups in ELGs

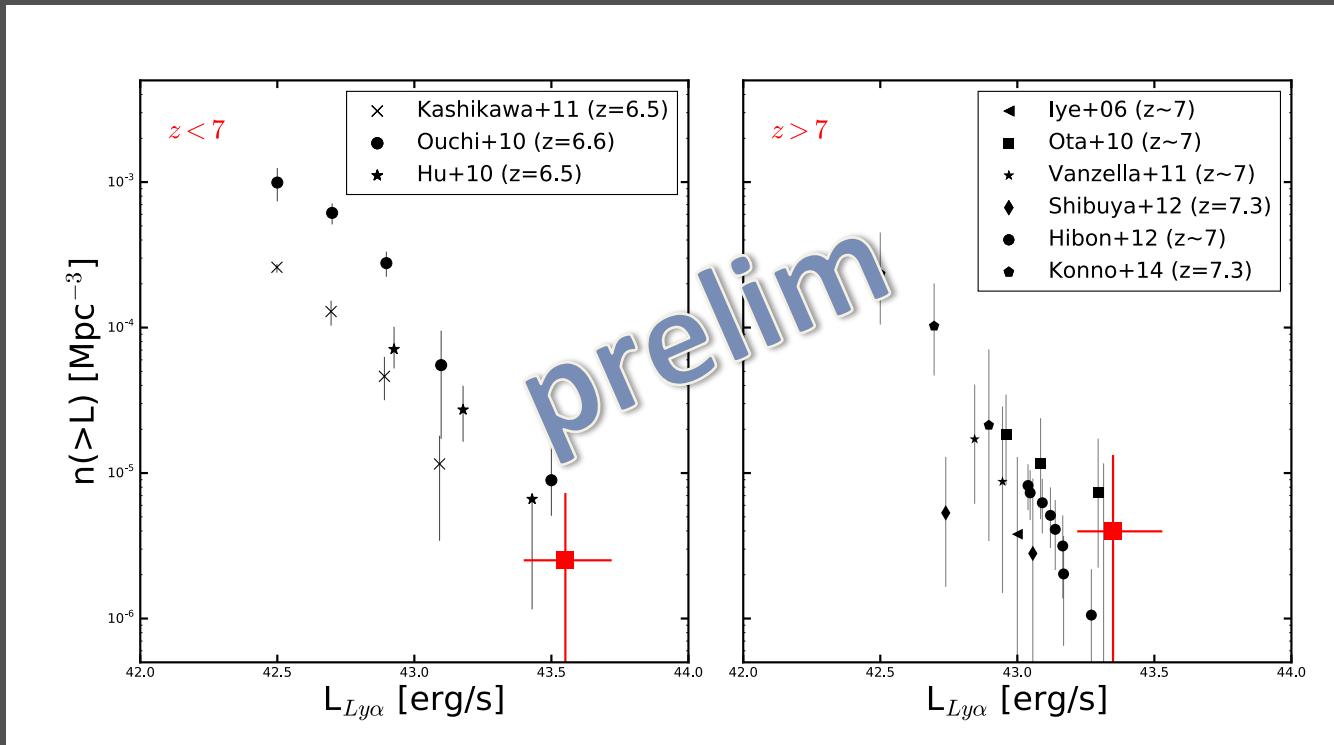


ELGs: 17 +/- 3% ($0.2 < z < 2.0$)

SDSS: ~ 5% ($z < 0.2$, Ellison+2008)

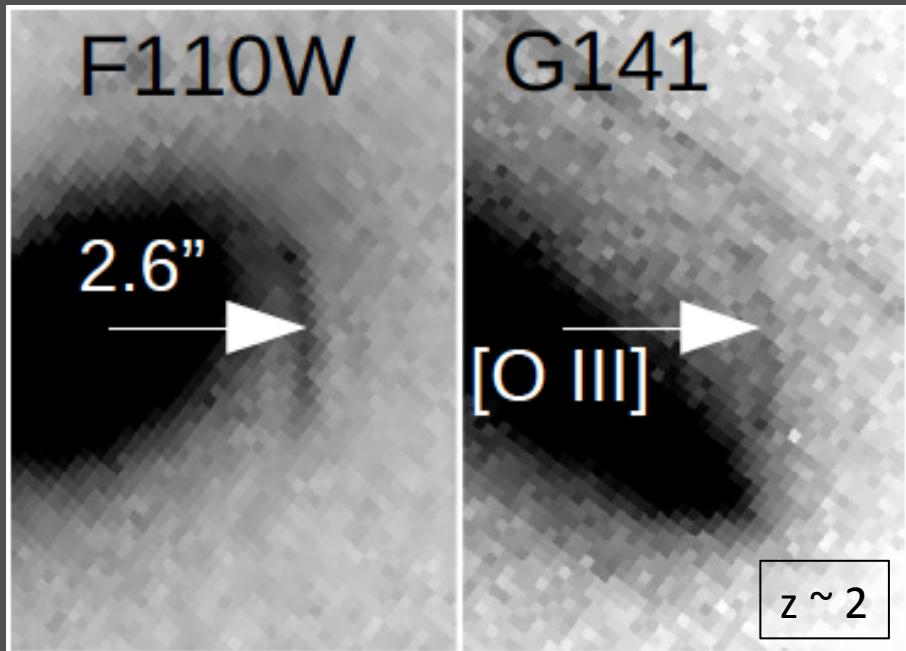
Previewing unusual targets for WFIRST: Ly α emitters

the luminous end of the Ly α LF

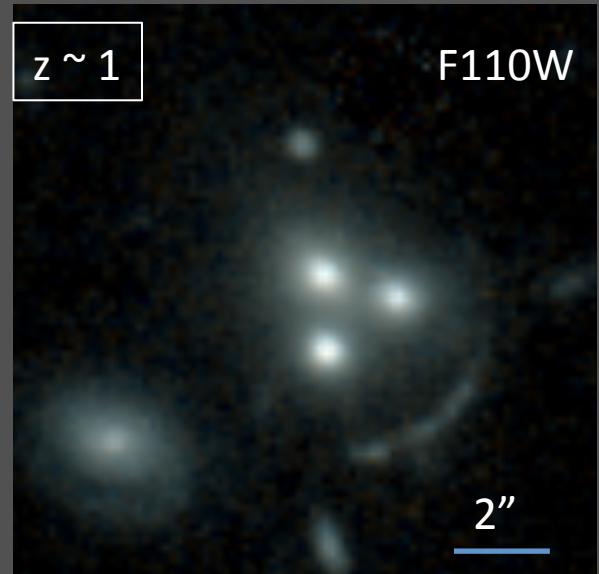


Previewing unusual targets for WFIRST: Lens gravitational lensed galaxies at high z

(1)



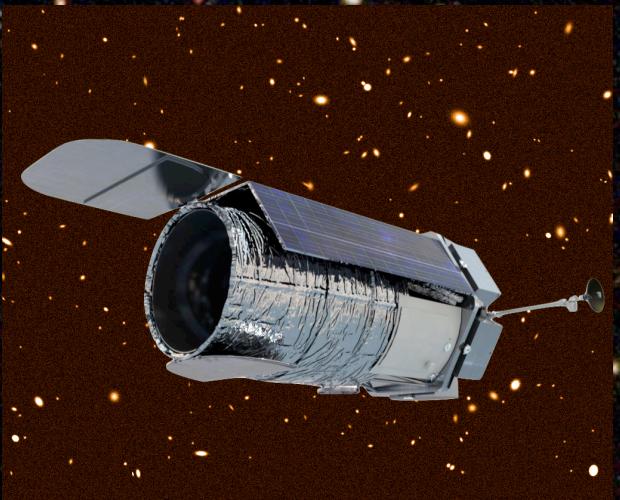
(2)



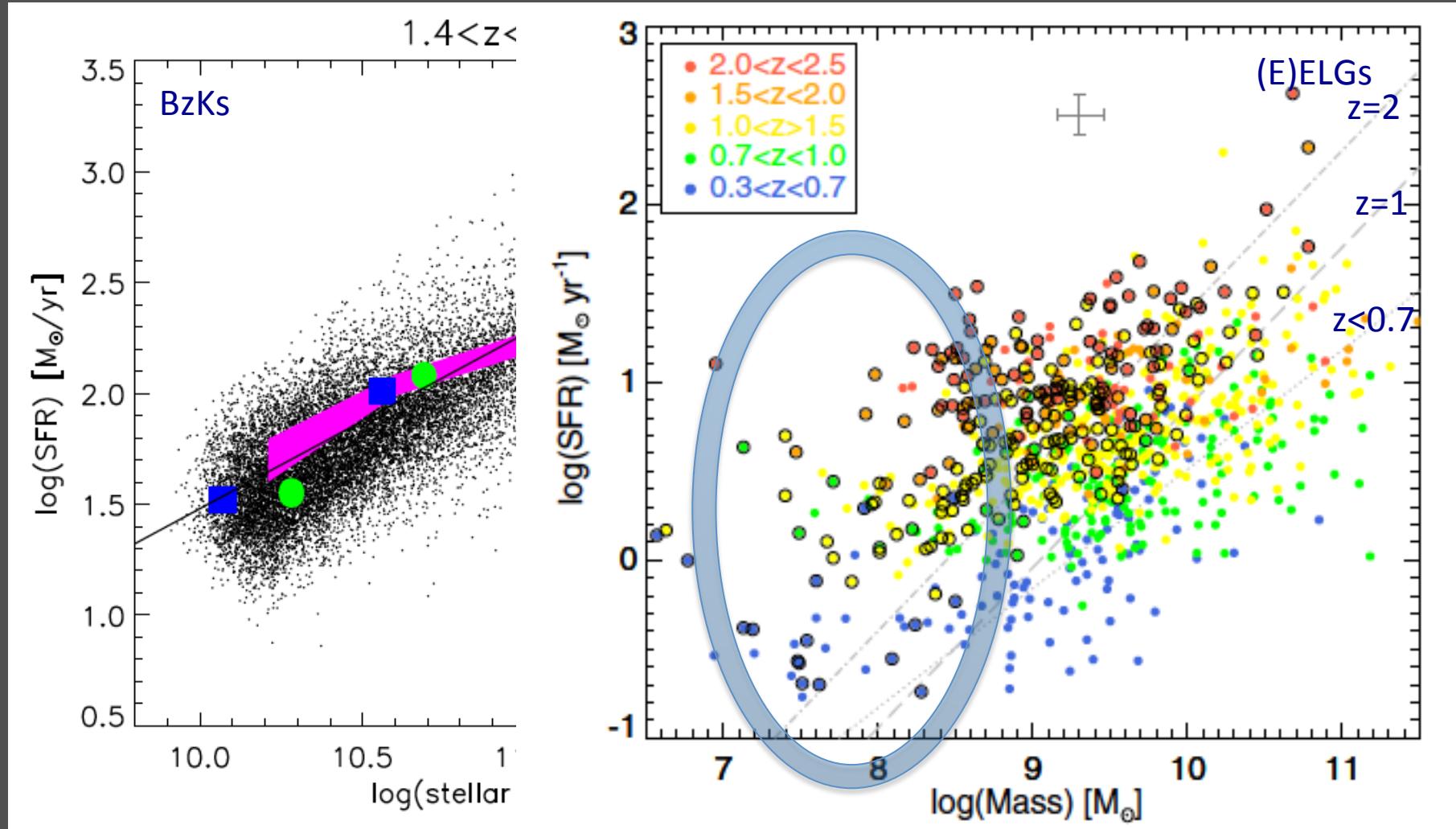
Collaborations welcome.

From HST to WFIRST

3. Insights in galaxy evolution



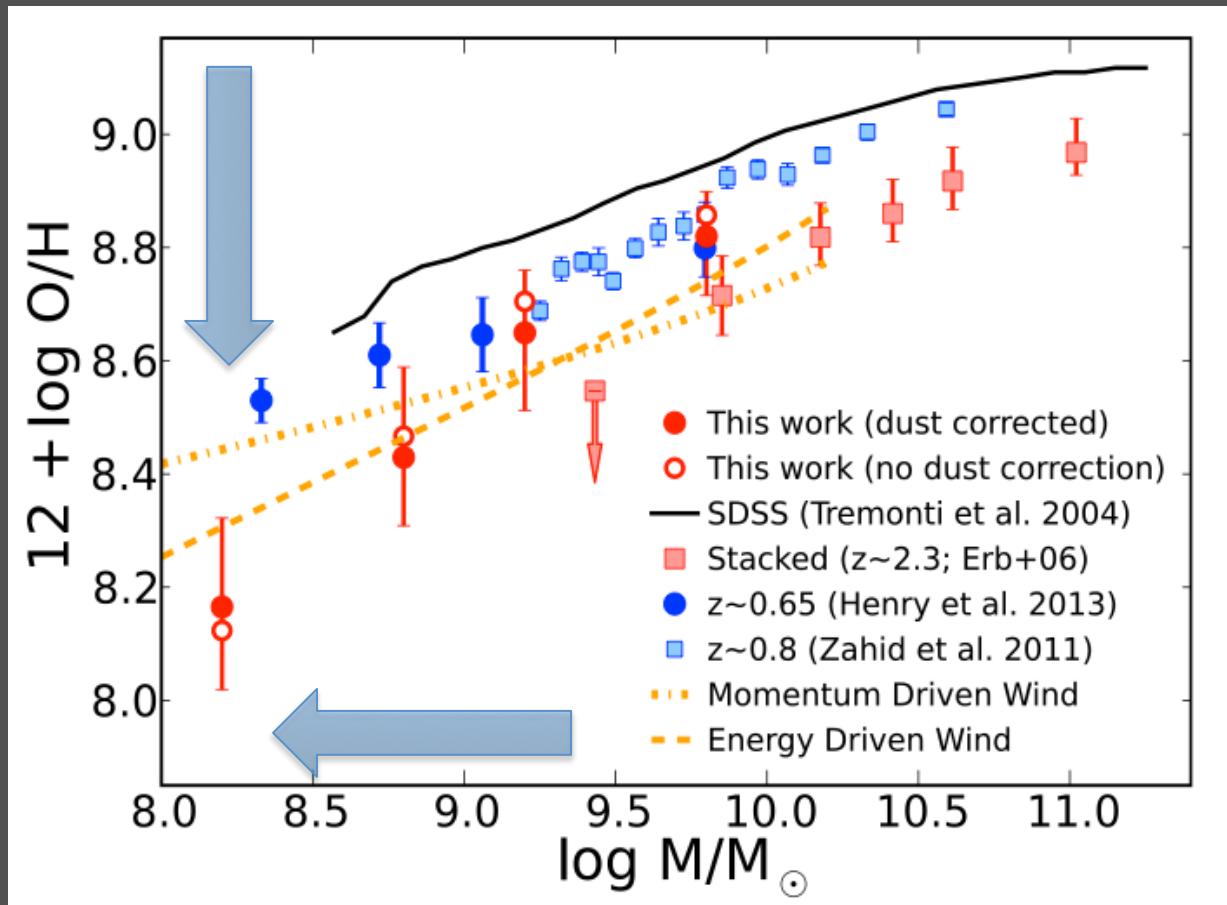
Insights on galaxy evolution from Grism Surveys: Large Dispersion (above MS) in SFR-M \star using H α



e.g. Rodighiero+ 2011, 2014

Atek + 2014, ApJ, 789, 96

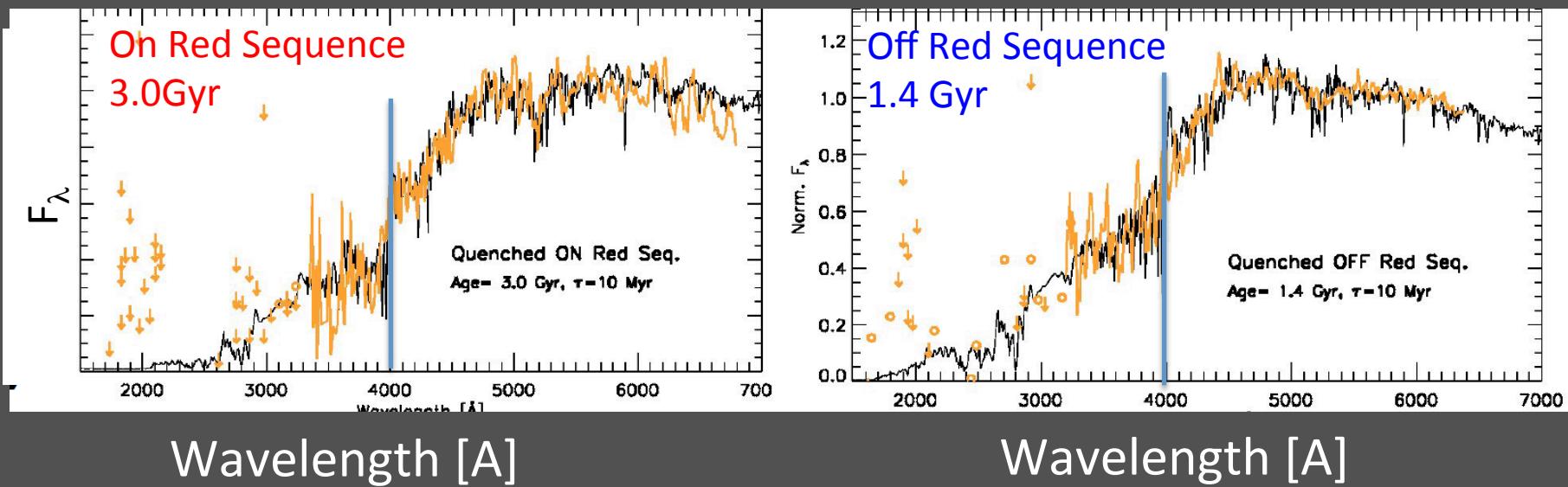
Insights on galaxy evolution from grism surveys: Dust corrected Mass–metallicity (MZ) relation at $z=1.76$



Henry + 2013, ApJ, 776L, 23
Dominguez + 2013, ApJ, 763, 145
Masters + 2014, ApJ, 785, 153

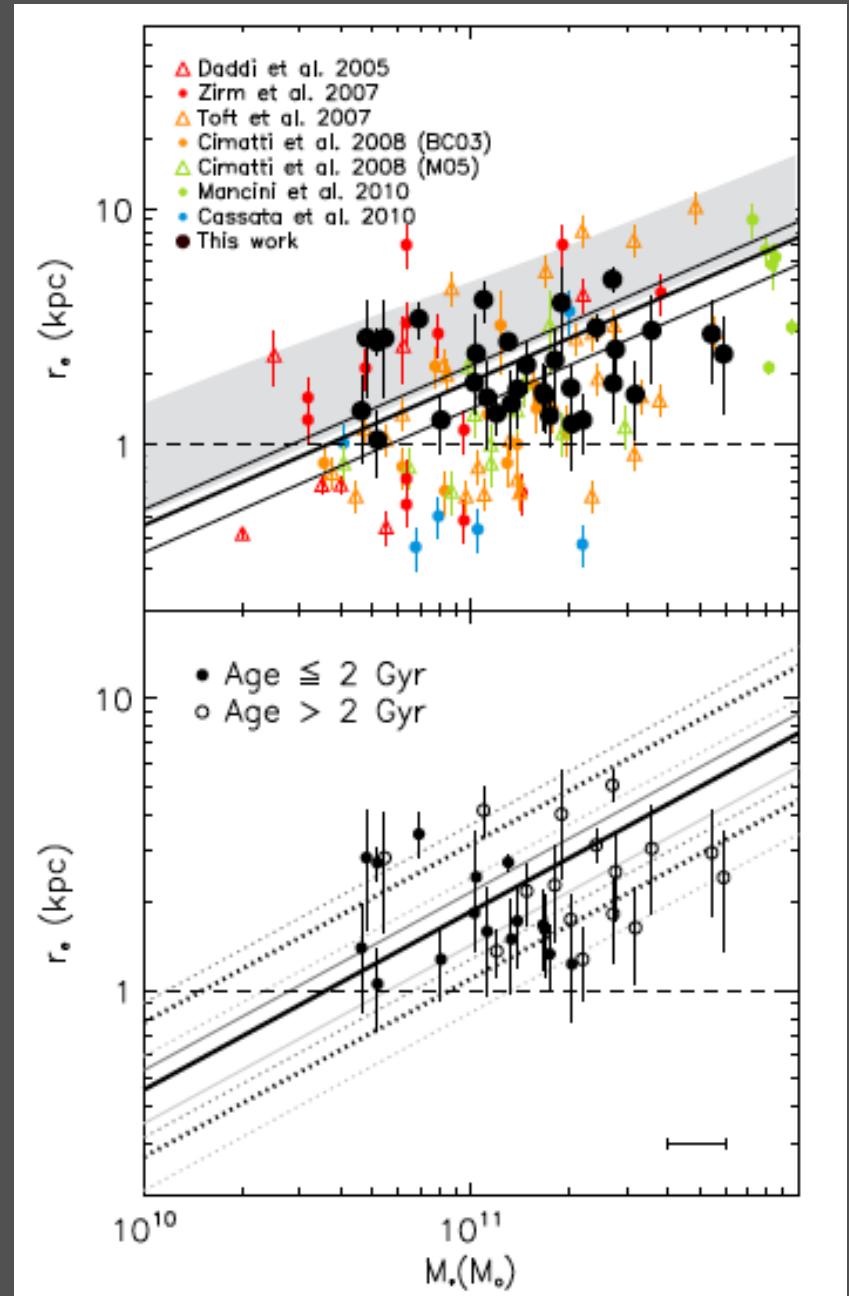
See also: Talk by A. Henry

Insights on galaxy evolution from grism surveys: Stellar age of recently quenched galaxies



Bedregal + 2013, ApJ, 778, 126

Insights on galaxy evolution from grism surveys: Flat mass-size relation at $z \sim 1.6$ for passive galaxies



Data available on MAST

See also: Poster#16 by M. Malkan

<https://archive.stsci.edu/prepds/wisp> <https://wisps.ipac.caltech.edu>

- 1D spectra + WFC3 direct imaging data

DATA PROCESSING FLOW:

