LSST DESC Overview

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DESC Overview



- LSST Science Collaborations distinct from LSST Project
- DESC focuses on cosmological measurements related to dark energy, dark matter, neutrino mass, modified gravity, etc.



- DESC: Particle physics-style collaboration, inaugurated Summer 2012
- Now, 540 scientists from >50 institutions (~75% US; ~20% France and UK, and growing); with 160 Full Members who've made firm commitments of effort







Science Working Group Leadership Team



Collaboration Council Chair	Phil Marshall
Spokesperson	Rachel Bean
Deputy Spokesperson	Jeff Newman

Analysis Team								
Coordinator: Rachel Mandelbaum								
Working Group	Conveners							
Clusters	Anja von der Linden Ian Dell'Antonio							
Large Scale Structure	Eric Gawiser Anze Slosar							
Photometric Redshifts	Ofer Lahav Sam Schmidt							
Strong Lensing	Chris Fassnacht Phil Marshall							
Supernovae	Renee Hlozek Saurabh Jha							
Theory/ Joint Probes	Elisabeth Krause Andrew Zentner							
Weak Lensing	Joe Zuntz Michael Schneider							

Computing & Software Infrastructure Team Coordinator: Andrew Connolly							
Working Group	Conveners						
Cosmological Simulations	Katrin Heitman Simon Krughoff						
Survey Simulation	John Peterson Chris Walter						
Computing Infrastructure	Scott Dodelson Richard Dubois						

Technical Team Coordinator: Aaron Roodman							
Working Group	Conveners						
Sensor Anomaly	Pierre Astier Andrei Nomerotski						
Photometric Calibration	Eli Rykoff Nicolas Regnault						

Building the pipeline in advance of first light. Why?

- To enable the agile delivery of results:
 - LSST, has no proprietary period, DESC needs to be ready to both ensure accurate results and make sure they are delivered in a timely fashion.
- Address systematics mitigation in advance of data releases:
 - Experience has demonstrated that it is essential to have analysis pipelines in place in advance of the first data to be able to effectively identify and mitigate systematic effects.
- Provide feedback to the Project e.g. survey strategy & data mgt.:
 - DESC pre-commissioning work will feed back lessons learned back to Project to help shape the LSST survey design and the data products.

• Make blind analyses possible:

 By constructing and validating pipelines in advance of survey start, blind analyses can be conducted, removing risks of confirmation bias.

Pre-Commissioning Focus



- Build and test/validate the DESC analysis pipeline and its interface with Project data management/delivery pipeline for each science probe
- Use both DESC-generated simulated and Project processed real datasets
 - 3 simulated data challenges (DC1-DC3) provide the validation framework
 - LSST Project pre-commissioning datasets : test pipeline and build interface with Project
- 2015 DESC Science Roadmap (SRM) lays out tasks
 - <u>http://lsst-desc.org/sites/default/files/DESC_SRM_V1.pdf</u>
 - Tasks span multiple working groups and are currently underway

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								Commissioning										
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LSST DESC	DC1	RQ	Prep'n -		Analysis	s →												
Pre-commissioning	DC2			\wedge	RQ Pre	paratio	n —	->Ana	lysis —									
Data Challenges	DC3				2			RQ	Prepara	tion		Analysis						
LSST Project Verification	DM Verification																	
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here!

• Broader collaboration activities: e.g. novel theoretical and algorithmic developments and cross-correlation with non-LSST datasets.



• Lays out WG key projects, deliverables and individual tasks to meet them

S1: Preliminary Code for Measurements	uring Power and Cross-power Spectra				
preliminary flat sky power spec	otrum measurement code 06/16				
DC1 Key Project WL1: Require	ments on shear estimation				
WL1.1 – DC1 SW: Softwa	DC1 Key Project CI1: Estimate Resource Needs and Recommend the Host for DESC Compu	iting Re-			
WL1.2 – DC1 SW: Build a	sources				
WL1.3 – DC1 DP: Create	CI1.1 – DC1 RQ: Estimate CPU and disk space requirements	12/15			
WL1.4 – DC1 RQ: Feedba	CI1.2 – DC1 RQ: Recommend the Computing Resource Host	1/16			
WL1.5 – DC1 SW: Null te					
	DC1 Key Project CI2: Define the Initial Elements of the Software Framework				
DC1 Key Project WL2: Syste	CI2.1 – DC1 RQ: Software Framework Implementation	02/16			
WL2.1 - DC1 RO: System	CI2.2 – DC1 RQ: Distributed Code Development Environment				
WL2.2 – DC1 SW: Two-p	CI2.3 – DC1 RQ: Workflow & Data Management Tools	02/16			
WL2.3 – DC1 SW: Model					
WL2.4 - DC1 SW: Models	CI3.1 – DC1 SW: A framework for Twinkles light curve generation (Key Project DG2)	06/16			
WL2.5 - DC1 SW: Model	CI3.2 – DC1 RQ: Develop a framework for CX4 with the TJP WG	06/16			
DC2 Key Project WL3: Imag	DC1 Key Project CI4: Develop a Distributed Code Development Environment				
WL3.1 – DC2 RQ: Set req	CI4.1 – DC1 SW: Produce an initial development environment	01/16			
WL3.2 – DC2 DP: Precurs	CI4.2 – DC1 SW: Augment the development environment	06/16			
WL3.3 – DC2 SW: Pipelin					
WL3.4 – DC2 SW: Selecti	DC2 Key Project CI5: Post-DC1 Requirements of the Software and Computing Environment				
WL3.5 – DC2 SW: Softwa	CI5.1 – DC2 RQ: Updated Requirements for a DESC Software Framework	06/17			
WL3.6 – DC2 DP: Shear c	DC2 Key Project CI6: Develop the WI. Framework to handle DC2-level requirements				
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Implementation



- Cross-Working Group collaboration
 - Taskforces
 - Simulations: joint efforts by computing/technical and analysis WGs
- Leveraging international collaboration
 - Coordination on research, operations
 - Utilization of computing resources
 - Experience and lessons learned from current surveys
- Promoting broad and diverse participation, reflected in many aspects
 - Junior DESC Organization (JuDO)
 - Spokesperson, coordinator and WG lead roles
 - Policies and Practices: Membership and Governance; Publication; Professional Conduct and Meetings
- Connections/coordination across surveys: Euclid, WFIRST, tri-agency

DESC Operations



- Well-planned research *and* operations effort crucial to enable delivery of the dark energy science
 - DESC is seeking DOE operations support to ensure science return on camera investment.



- DESC has been working with the DOE over the last year develop coherent operations plan and governance structure
 - SLAC serves as the DOE Host Lab (Richard Dubois Ops Manager).
 - Operations support will be located at DOE Labs and DESC university groups.
 - Initial version currently undergoing SLAC review.



- Communication is essential given distributed science team and separation of DESC and LSST Project.
- DESC uses <u>confluence</u> and <u>github</u> to share information as well as our <u>website</u> to share information about DESC with the public.
- DESC uses a number of methods to maintain an effective interface with the Project at multiple levels:
 - LSST Chief Scientist, Tony Tyson, serves as the formal point of contact for DESC to facilitate coordination between DESC and the Project.
 - DESC Project Liaisons provide formal connections to the LSST Camera (Steve Ritz) and Data Management (Mario Juric and Robert Lupton).
 - DESC Spokesperson coordinates with the LSST Science Collaborations Coordinator, Lucianne Walkowicz on science collaboration wide issues
 - LSST community Slack communication tools and lsst.community.org will facilitate and store conversations within DESC and between DESC, the Project and the LSST broader science collaboration community.
- DESC Liaisons with other projects (WFIRST, Euclid, DES, DESI...) part of the DESC leadership team (attend leadership telecons). **10** Rachel Bean, WFIRST-LSST Sept. 2016.

Multiple surveys will give a richer picture



- Trade offs/complementarity in
 - Probes (SN Ia, BAO, RSD, WL, Clusters + lensing, motions, positions)
 - Photometric speed vs. spectroscopic precision
 - Survey area vs depth repeat imaging, dithering, cadence and overlap.
 - Astrophysical tracers used (LRGs, ELGs, Lya/QSOs, clusters)
 - Epochs, scales and environs being studied (cluster vs. dwarf galaxies)
- Complementarity sensitivity to systematic errors
 - PSF (atmospheric/chromatic effects)
 - Overlapping survey area, at differing depths and wavelengths
- Cross-correlation science
 - Weak lensing + spectroscopic galaxy clustering => gravitational slip
 - CMB +LSS cross-correlations => mitigates lensing bias/contamination and yields additional cosmological science

Survey complementarity at a glance



(based on publicly available data)

Stage IV	LSST	WFIRST	Euclid	DESI
Starts, duration	2020, 10yr	~2025, 5-6 yr	2020 Q2, 6.25 yr	~2018, 5 yr
Area (deg ²)	20,000 (S)	2,400 (S)	15,000 (N + S)	14,000 (N)
FoV (deg ²)	10	0.281	0.53	7.9
Diameter (m)	6.7	2.4	1.3	4 (less 1.8+)
Photometric galaxies (per sq arcmin)	~30 over 6 bands (ugrizy)	68, in 3 bands into near IR	~30-35, in one broad optical + IR band	
SN1a	10^4 - 10^5 SN1a/yr z = 00.7 photometric	2700 SN1a z = 0.1–1.7 IFU spectroscopy		
Spectroscopic Survey		Grism R=550-800 1.35-1.95 mm	Grism R=250 1.1-2 mm	Fibers R=3-4000) 360-980 nm
Sample		ELGs: z =1-2 (20m), 2–3 (2m)	ELGs: z~0.7-2.1 (~20m)	LRGs+ELGs z~0.6- 1.7 (20-30m), QSOs/Lya 1.9 <z<4 (1m)</z<4

To conclude



- LSST DESC will use multiple LSST probes to discern the properties of dark energy and gravity on cosmic scales
- DESC is actively preparing now for the cosmological analysis of LSST data
 - Substantial pipeline capabilities and efficiencies need be completed and validated prior to LSST commissioning to fully realize LSST's dark sector science potential in a timely fashion.
- Putting in place practice (& policies) to build scientific team which fully utilizes diverse, international expertise: junior and senior, from HEP and astro, and has strong communication with LSST Project.
- Coordination across surveys (Euclid and WFIRST key to this) invaluable
 - Complementary sensitivity to the fundamental physics & systematics
 - Communication (to a TBD degree) on survey strategy, simulations, data processing