



*Probing the Galactic Halo with
WFIRST Proper Motions of
Streams*

*Carl J. Grillmair
19 June, 2019*



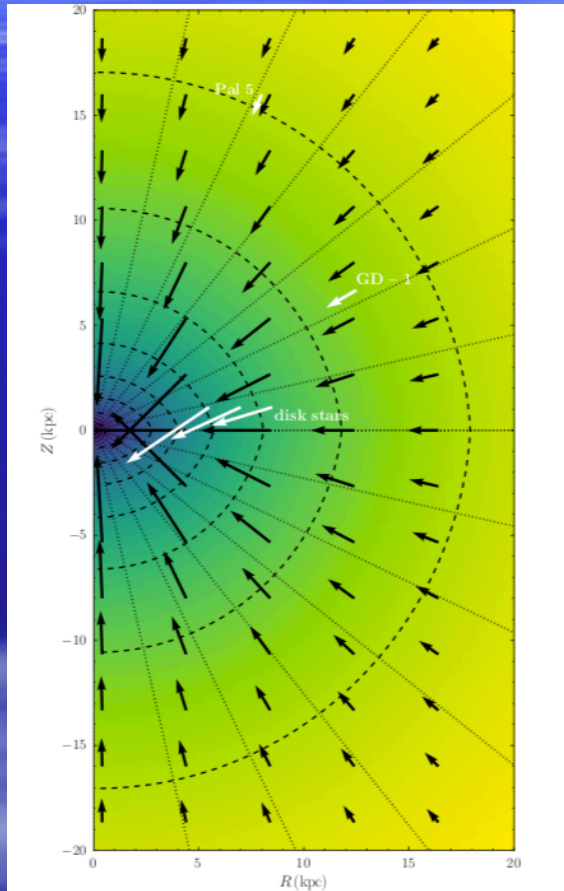
Why Stream Proper Motions?



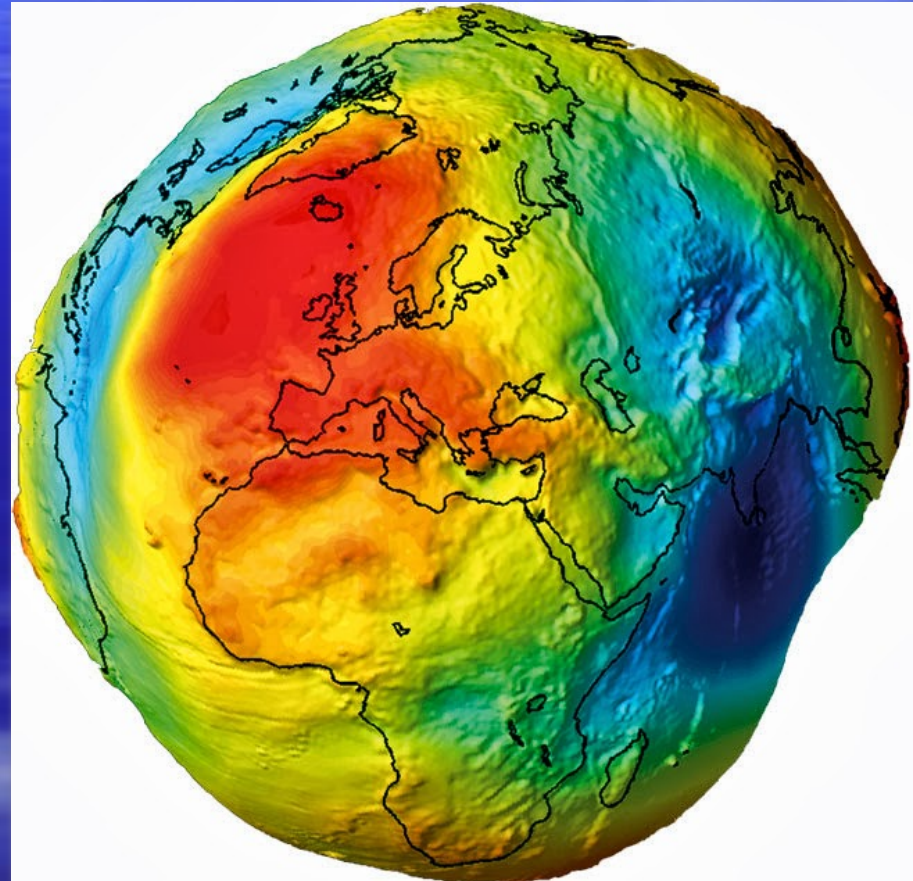
- Motions of distant streams will be critical for direct and independent estimates of $d\Phi/dR$ and the mass of the Galaxy.
 - Many streams in many quadrants should eventually give us a non-parametric view of the distribution of mass in the halo.
- The motions of streams can tell us about the present day evolution of the Galactic potential and put limits on different types of dark matter.
- Streams and substructures can tell us about the assembly history of the Galaxy.
- Dwarf galaxy streams should tell us more about the presence and distribution of dark matter in these galaxies.
- Nearby cold streams will be critical for cold dark matter subhalo and dark matter stream detection.



Galactoid?



Bovy et al. 2016



GRACE Geoid



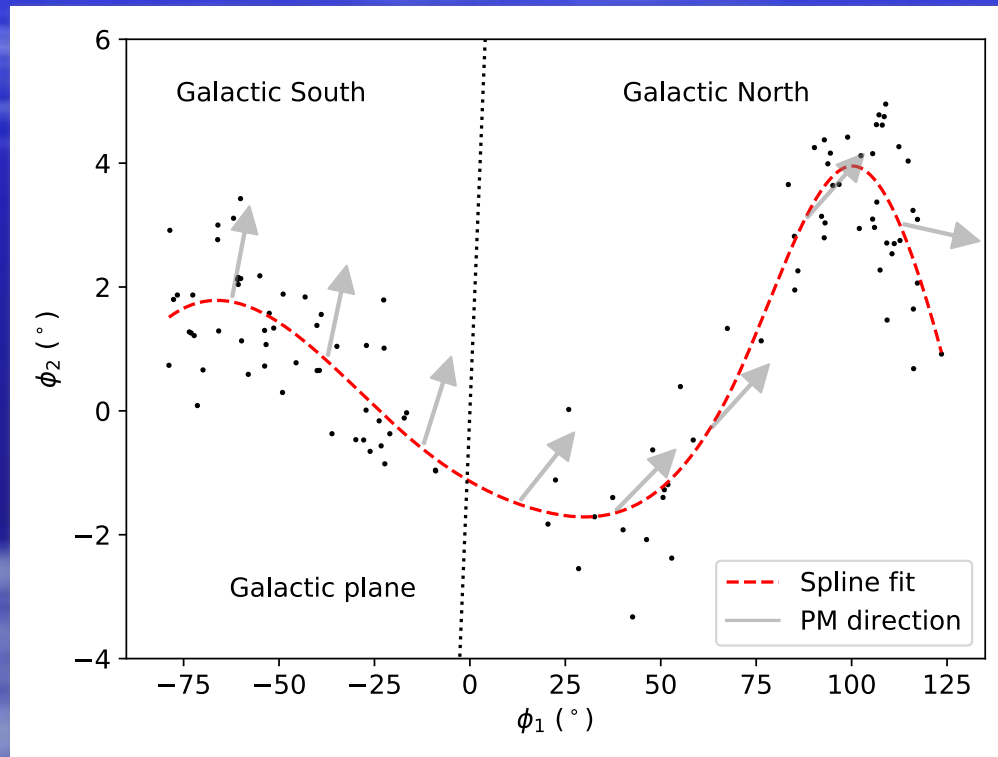
Why Stream Proper Motions?



- Motions of distant streams will be critical for direct and independent estimates of $d\Phi/dR$ and the mass of the Galaxy.
 - Many streams in many quadrants should eventually give us a non-parametric view of the distribution of mass in the halo.
- The motions of streams can tell us about the present day evolution of the Galactic potential and put limits on different types of dark matter.
- Streams and substructures can tell us about the assembly history of the Galaxy.
- Dwarf galaxy streams should tell us more about the presence and distribution of dark matter in these galaxies.
- Nearby cold streams will be critical for cold dark matter subhalo and dark matter stream detection.



Orphan Stream in RR Lyrae



⇒ LMC mass $\sim 1.4 \times 10^{11} M_\odot$

⇒ significant current halo distortion

- Possible limits to cross section of self-interacting dark matter (Carlberg 2019)

Erkal et al. 2019



Why Stream Proper Motions?



- Motions of distant streams will be critical for direct and independent estimates of $d\Phi/dR$ and the mass of the Galaxy.
 - Many streams in many quadrants should eventually give us a non-parametric view of the distribution of mass in the halo.
- The motions of streams can tell us about the present day evolution of the Galactic potential and put limits on different types of dark matter.
- Streams and substructures can tell us about the assembly history of the Galaxy.
- Dwarf galaxy streams should tell us more about the presence and distribution of dark matter in these galaxies.
- Nearby cold streams will be critical for cold dark matter subhalo and dark matter stream detection.



Gaia-Enceladus/ The Sausage



>20% of halo is
accounted for by the
Sagittarius stream.

Other major events
are becoming evident.

The halo is almost
certainly just a
junkyard.

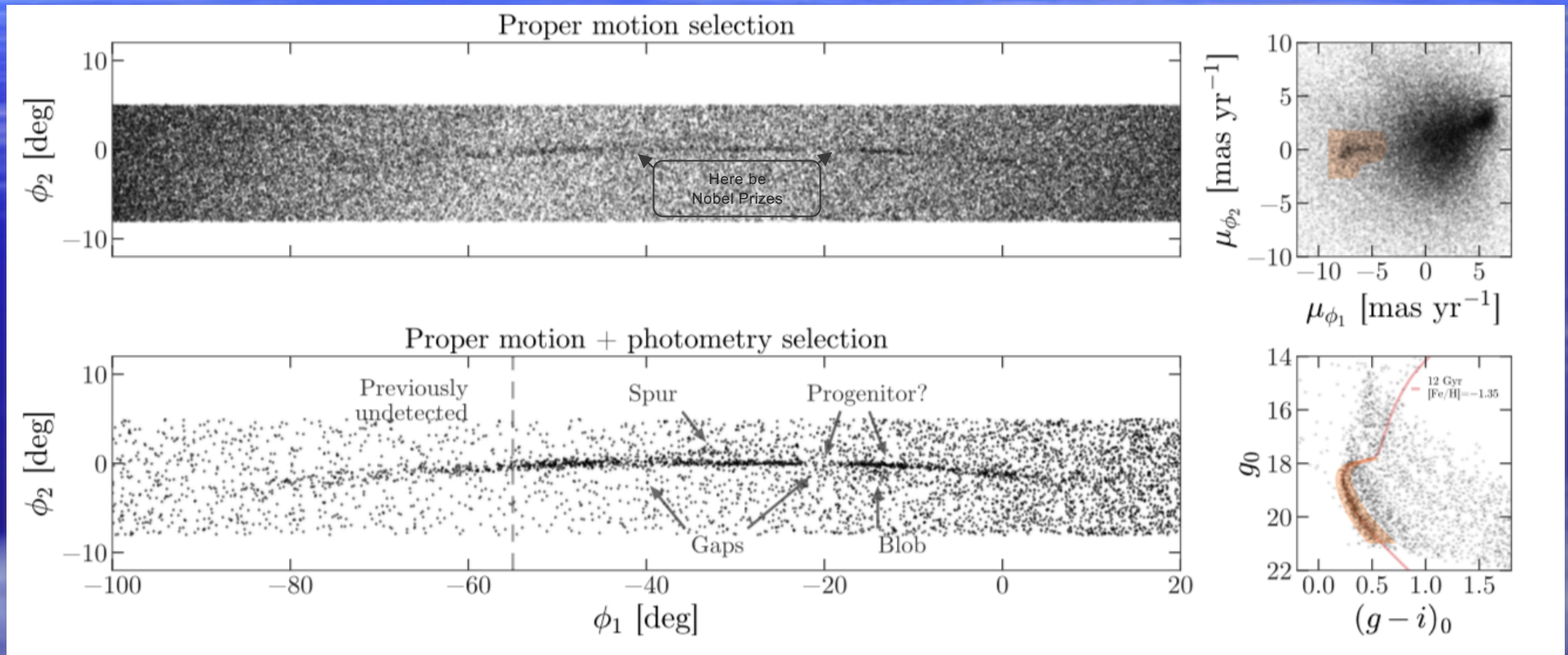
Helmi et al. 2018, Belokurov et al. 2018



Why Stream Proper Motions?



- Motions of distant streams will be critical for direct and independent estimates of $d\Phi/dR$ and the mass of the Galaxy.
 - Many streams in many quadrants should eventually give us a non-parametric view of the distribution of mass in the halo.
- The motions of streams can tell us about the present day evolution of the Galactic potential and put limits on different types of dark matter.
- Streams and substructures can tell us about the assembly history of the Galaxy.
- Dwarf galaxy streams should tell us more about the presence and distribution of dark matter in these galaxies.
- Nearby cold streams will be critical for cold dark matter subhalo and dark matter stream detection.

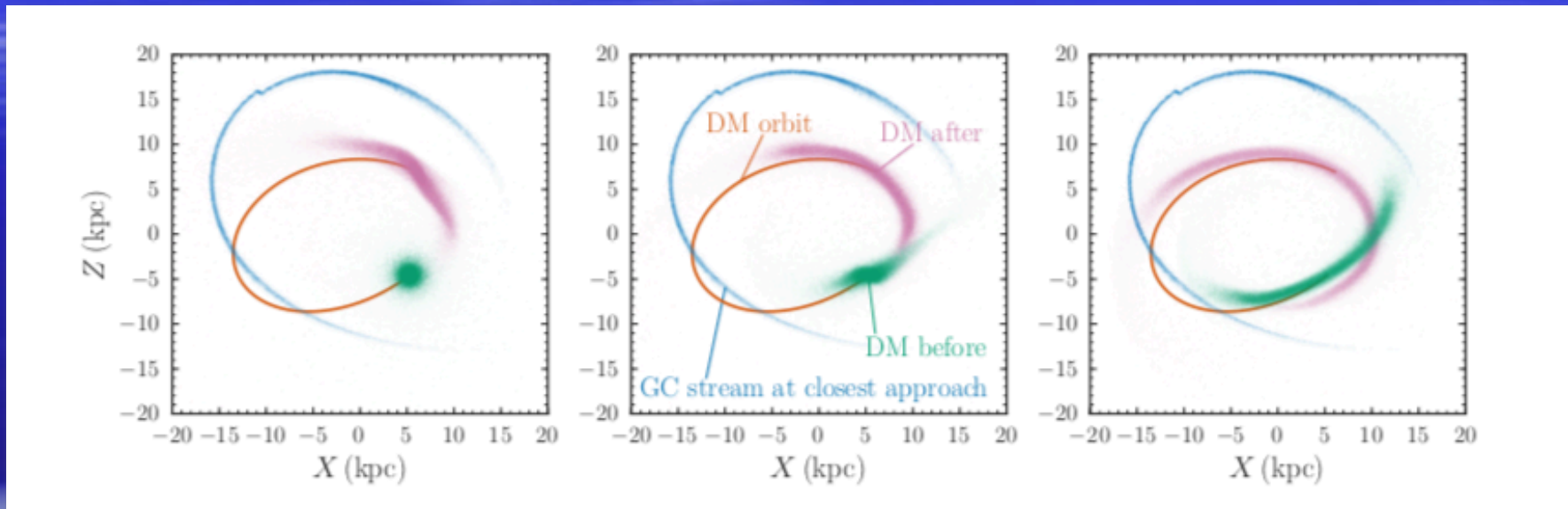


Price-Whelan & Bonaca 2018

$<10 \mu\text{asec/yr}$ required proper motions may be possible for brightest giant branch stars with Gaia + 15 years of WFIRST scanning (Spergel 2016).



Mapping Dark Matter Streams



Bovy 2016

- Dark matter streams can also create gaps in cold stellar streams.
- Gap morphologies would be subtly different, reflecting a more diffuse potential.



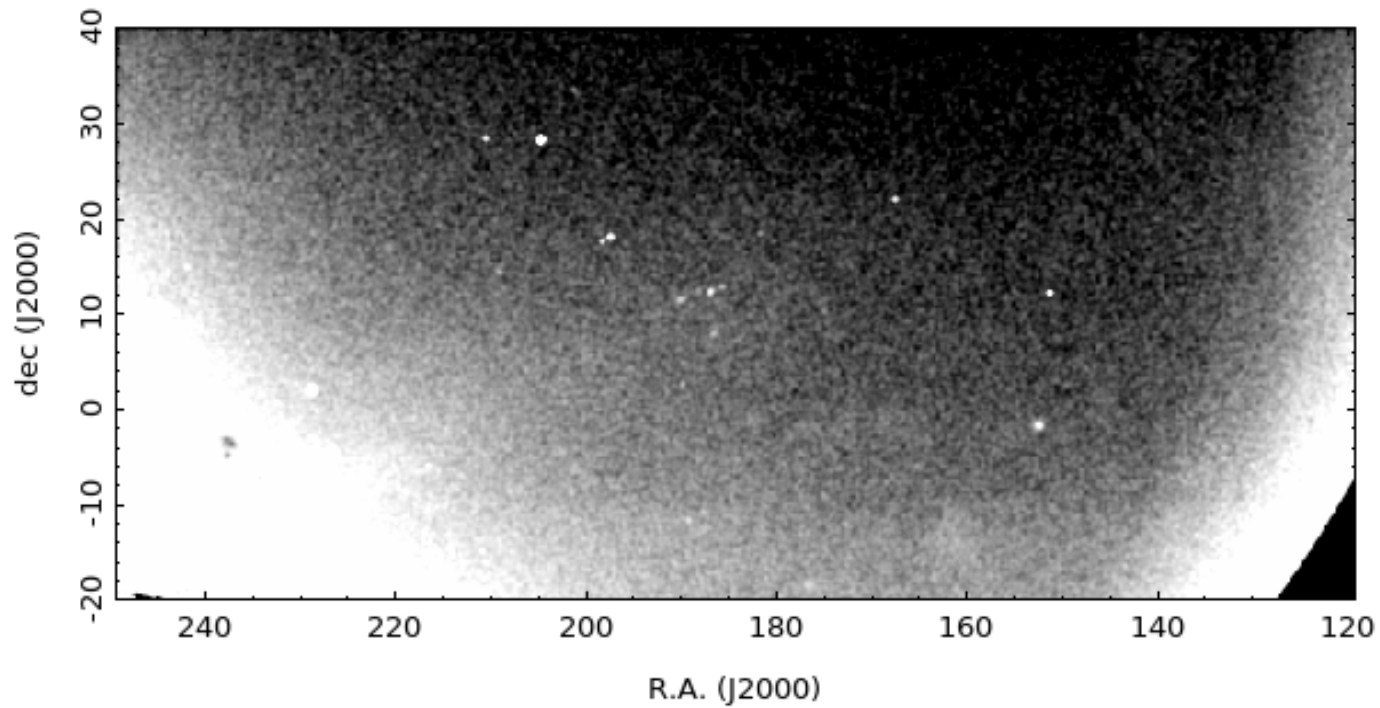
Finding Streams with WFIRST



- Signal to noise ratio is simply $N_{\text{stream}} / \sqrt{N_{\text{foreground}}}$
- For nearby cold streams, deep WFIRST photometry can increase N_{stream} by at least an order of magnitude. (LF + mass segregation)
- With proper motions better than ~ 1 mas/yr (26th mag) we can reduce $N_{\text{foreground}}$ by an order of magnitude.
- For distant streams, 1 mas/yr proper motions can more than compensate for increase in $N_{\text{foreground}}$ at $\mu_{\alpha}, \mu_{\delta} = 0$.



M5 Trailing Tidal Tail

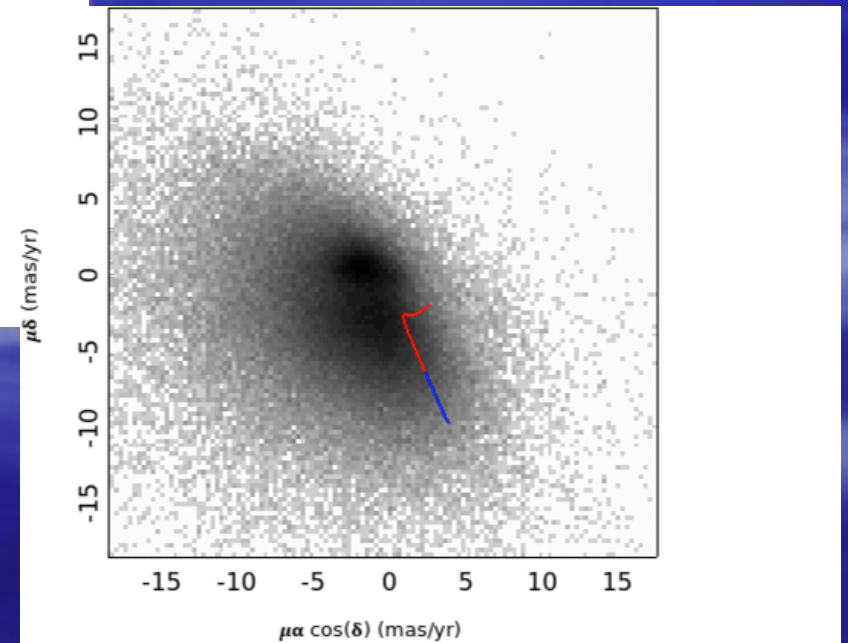
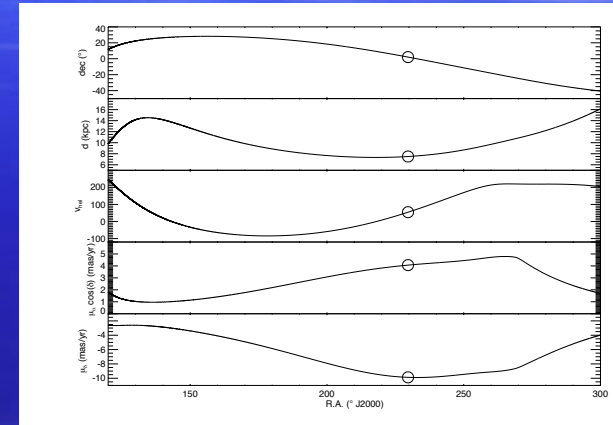
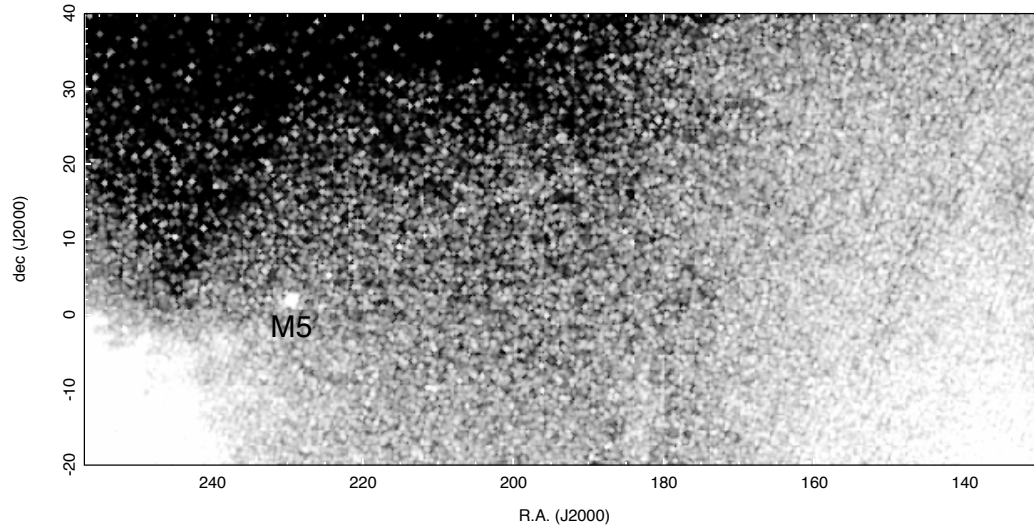


Pan-STARRs photometry to $g = 21.7$
Optimally Filtered for $d = 7.5$ kpc



M5 Trailing Tidal Tail

50° to 80° long, 1.5 star per square degree (~35 mag/arcsec²)



Gaia photometry + astrometry ($G_{\text{lim}} = 20$)
Grillmair 2019

Reduced signal by 2.5x, but background by 100x.



Finding Streams with WFIRST

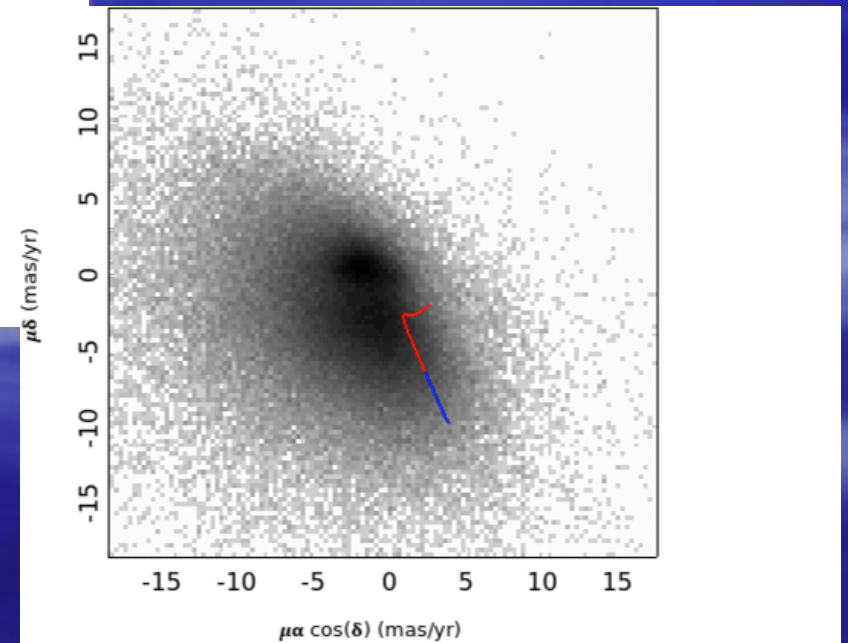
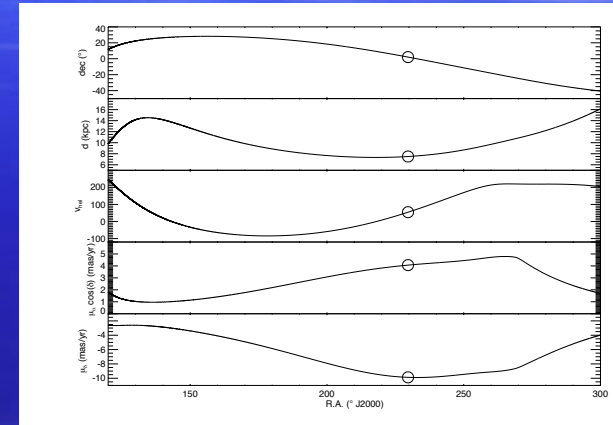
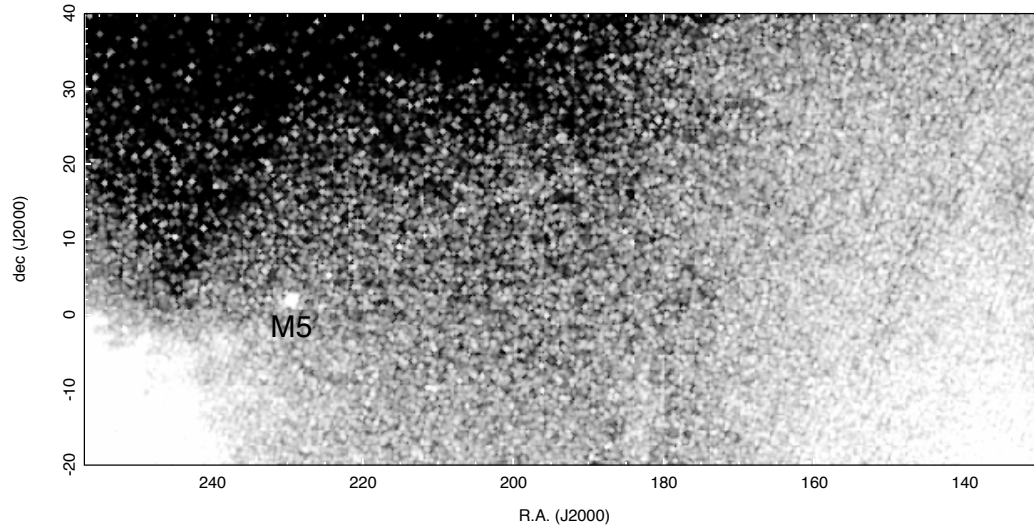


- Signal to noise ratio is simply $N_{\text{stream}} / \sqrt{N_{\text{foreground}}}$
- For nearby cold streams, deep WFIRST photometry can increase N_{stream} by at least an order of magnitude.
- With proper motions better than ~ 1 mas/yr (26th mag) we can reduce $N_{\text{foreground}}$ by an order of magnitude.
- For distant streams, 1 mas/yr proper motions can more than compensate for increase in $N_{\text{foreground}}$ at $\mu_{\alpha}, \mu_{\delta} = 0$.



M5 Trailing Tidal Tail

50° to 80° long, 1.5 star per square degree (~35 mag/arcsec²)

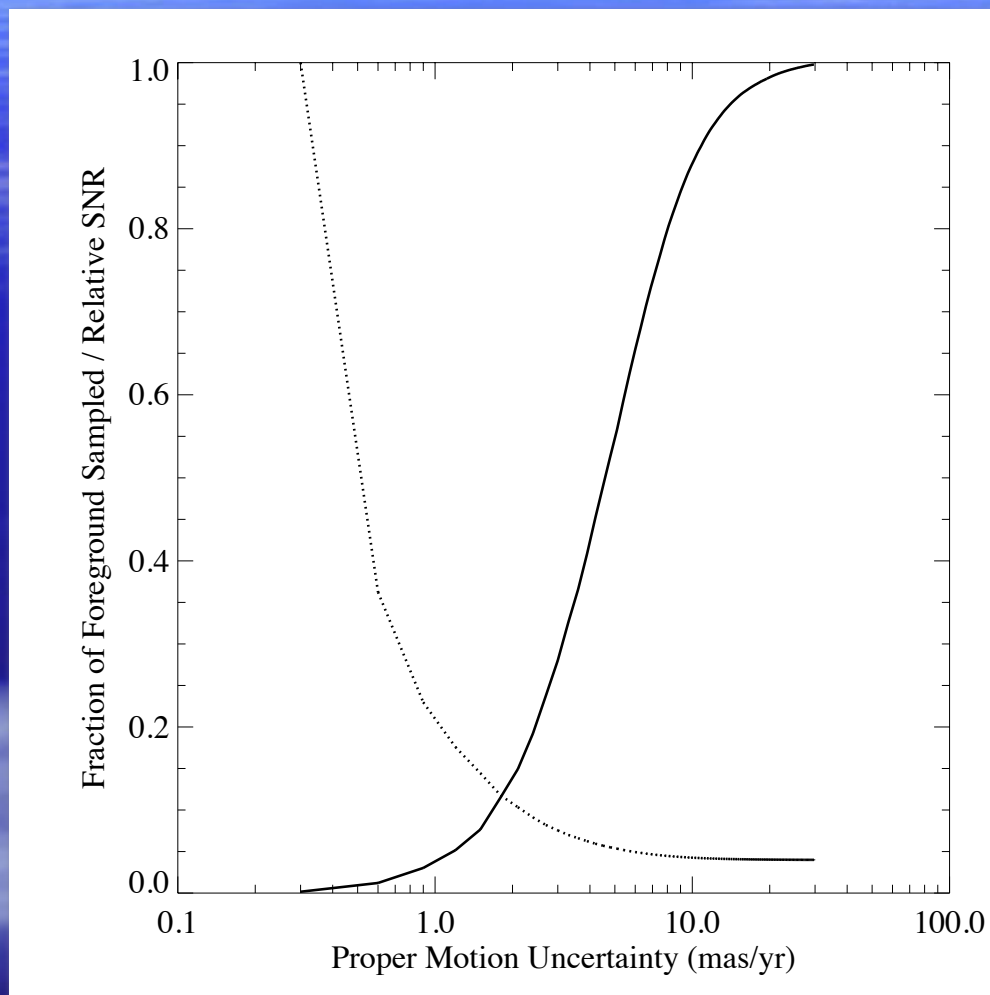


Gaia photometry + astrometry ($G_{\text{lim}} = 20$)
Grillmair 2019

Reduced signal by 2.5x, but background by 100x.



Finding Distant Streams with WFIRST



~1 mas/yr proper motion uncertainties (at ~26th mag in HLS*) reduce field star contamination by ~20x, increasing SNR by factor of 4.

~300 micro arcsec/yr (~130 exposures over 15 years) would improve SNR by another factor of 5.

* 26th mag corresponds to ~1 magnitude below the main sequence turn off for a 13 Gyr-old stellar population at 200 kpc.