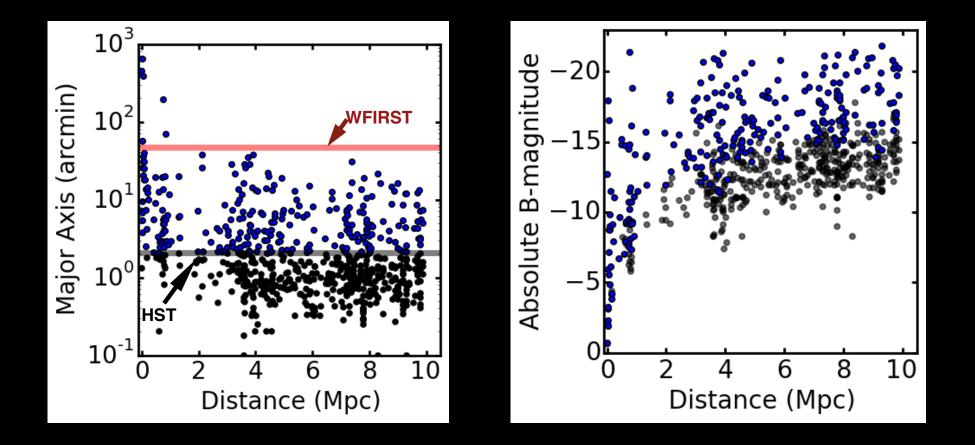
WFIRST Infrared Nearby Galaxy Survey

Ben Williams (University of Washington)

Nearby Galaxies Are Great for Astrophysics

- Detailed view and context simultaneously
- Sensitive to galaxy evolution and cosmology
- Anchor our knowledge for interpretation of more distant universe
- Large samples Subdivide sample for specific goals
- Cover a wide range of galaxy properties

Huge Potential Data Set



Projects and Lead Co-ls

PI: Williams (U. Wash.)

Deputy PI: Dalcanton (U. Wash.)

Postdoc: Open! (U.Wash.)

Photometry	Dolphin (Raytheon)
Stellar Halos	Bell (Mich.), Johnston (Columbia), Bullock (Irvine)
Dwarf Satellites	Sand (UA), Bullock (Irvine)
Small Scale Dark Matter	Walker (CMU), Johnston (Columbia)
Globular Clusters	Seth (Utah)
Star Formation Histories	Weisz (Berkeley)
Dust & ISM	Gordon (STScI), Dalcanton (UW)
Stellar Evolution	Boyer (STScI)

Collaborators

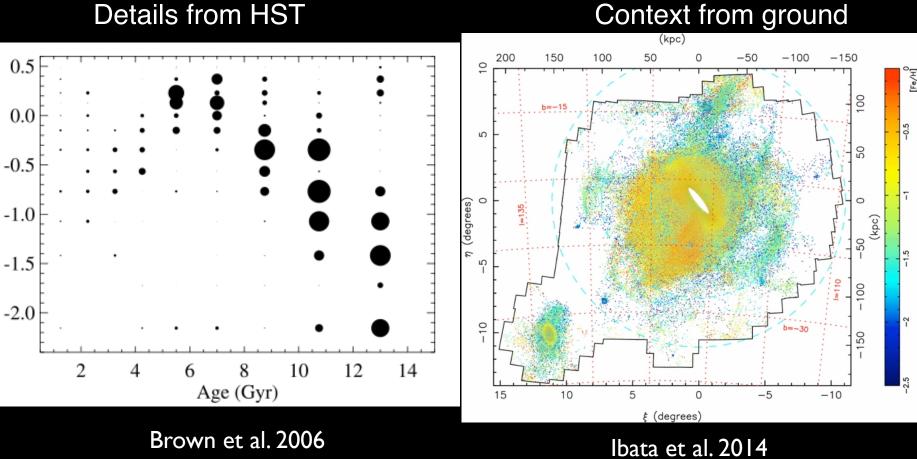
Raja Guhathakurta (UCSC) Denija Crnojevic (TTU) Marina Rejkuba (ESO) Antonela Monachesi (MPA) Alan McConnachie (HIA) Laura Sales (UCR) Karin Sandstrom (UCSD) Julia Roman-Duval (STScI) Alberto Bolatto (Maryland) Josh Peek (STScI) Jay Anderson (STScI) David Hendel (Columbia) Meredith Durbin (UW) Andrew Graus (Irvine) Tyler Kelley (Irvine)

Anna Yu (Irvine) **David Hendel (Toronto)** Amy Secunda (Columbia) Beth Willman (LSST) Margaret Meixner (STScI) Leo Girardi (Padova) Nicolas Martin (MPIA) Kristy McQuinn (UT) Cliff Johnson (UCSD) Jay Strader (MSU) Robyn Sanderson (Caltech) Adrian Price-Whelan (Columbia) Sergey Koposov (Cambridge) Julio Chaname (Catolica) Jorge Penarrubia (Edinburgh) Coral Rose Wheeler (Caltech)

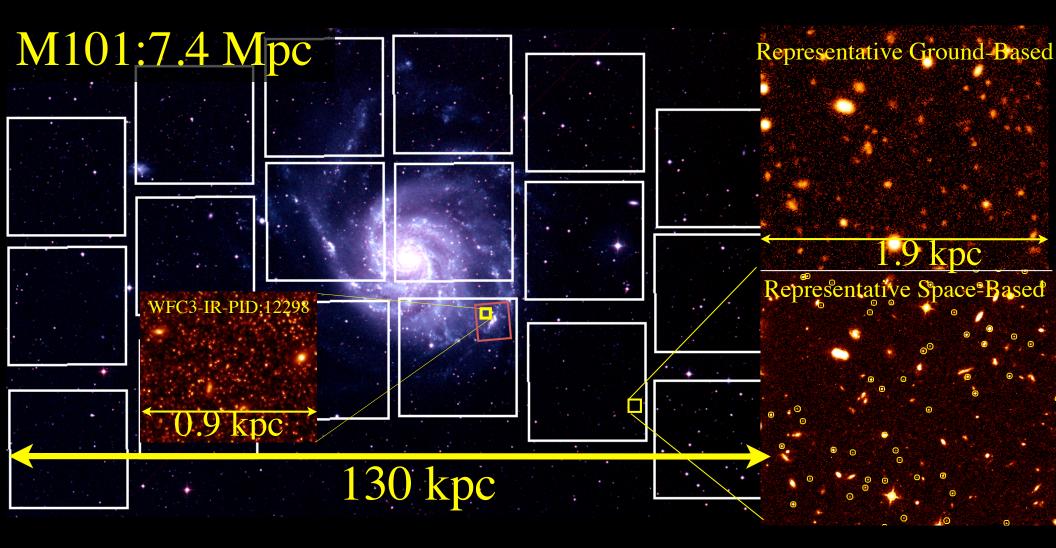
Stellar Halos

Details from HST

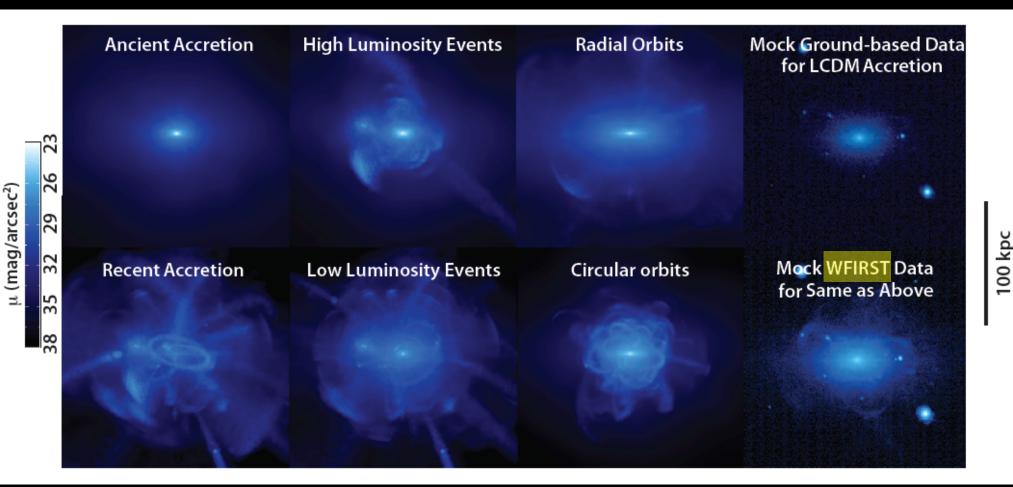
[Fe/H]



Stellar Halos with WFIRST

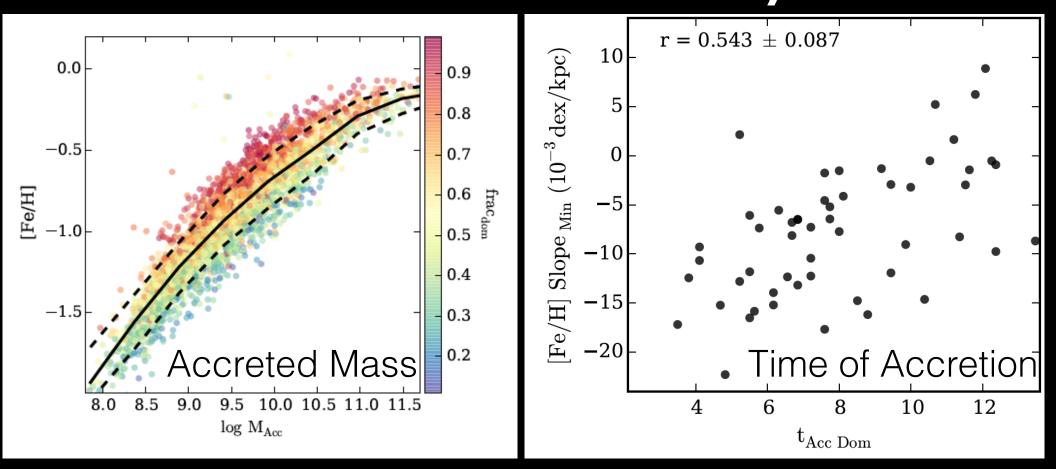


Stellar Halo Structures



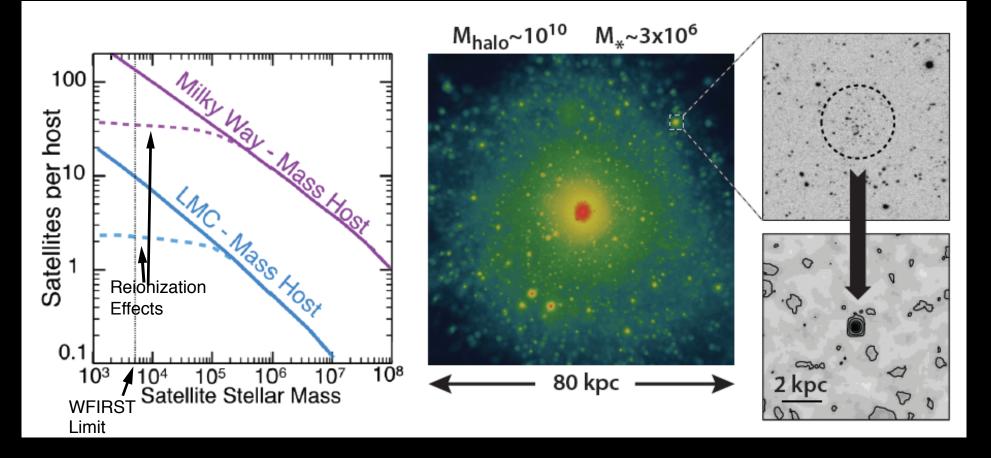
Number, luminosity, shape of streams — Types, timing and orbits of galaxies accreted. Disrupted streams — Small-scale dark matter halos.

Accreted Halo Metallicity and Accretion History



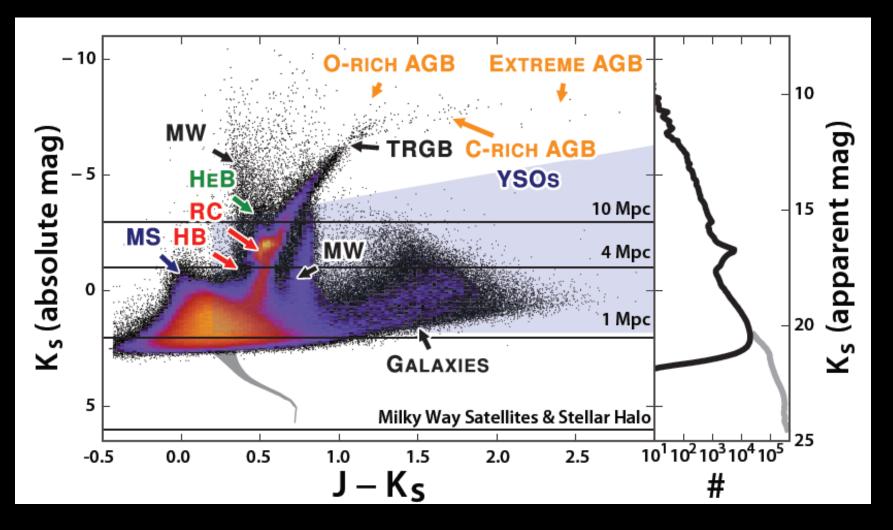
D'Souza & Bell, 2017; from Illustris simulations Williams: WFIRST Science in Our Backyard 2019

Dwarf Satellites



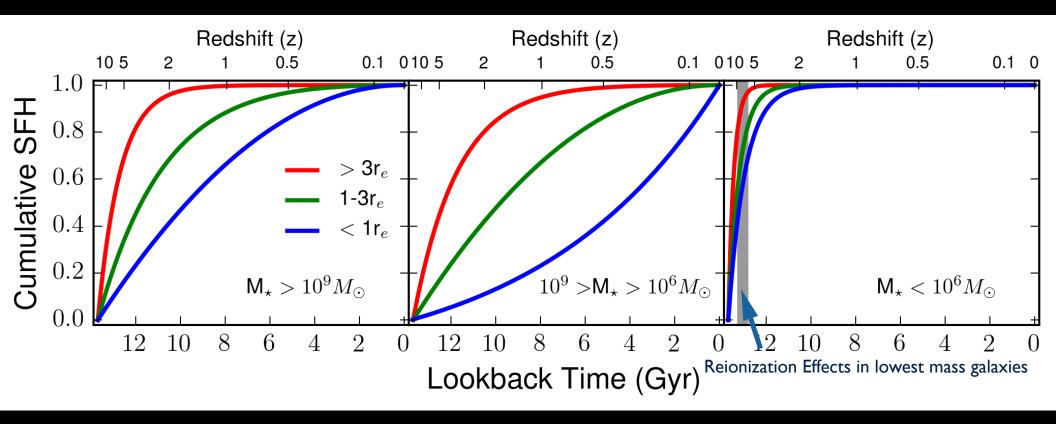
Lots of dark, sub-galactic halo satellites predicted

Stellar Populations with WFIRST



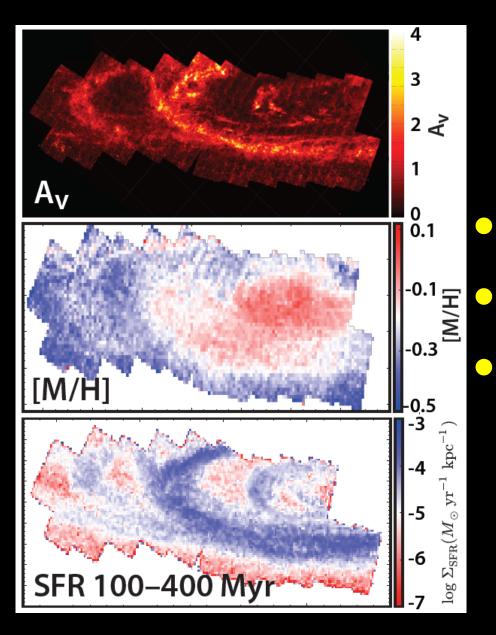
Huge increase in sampling of short-lived, high-luminosity phases

Star Formation Histories



Wide Field Coverage ProbesLarge Sample Probes TrendsLowest masses sensitive toTrends with Radiuswith Galaxy Mass.reionization.

Dust and Population Maps

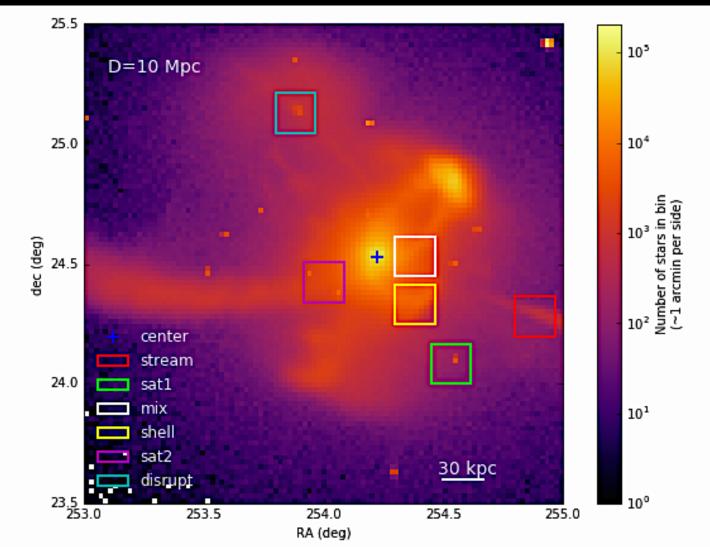


RGBWidth Dust Absorption RC/RGB Color Metallicity Main Sequence Star Formation Rate

GO-program synergy: Resolved Population Needs

- Field of View (context and more stars)
- Wavelength coverage (colors)
- Resolution (depth and background removal)

WFIRST Imaging of Bullock & Johnston Simulations



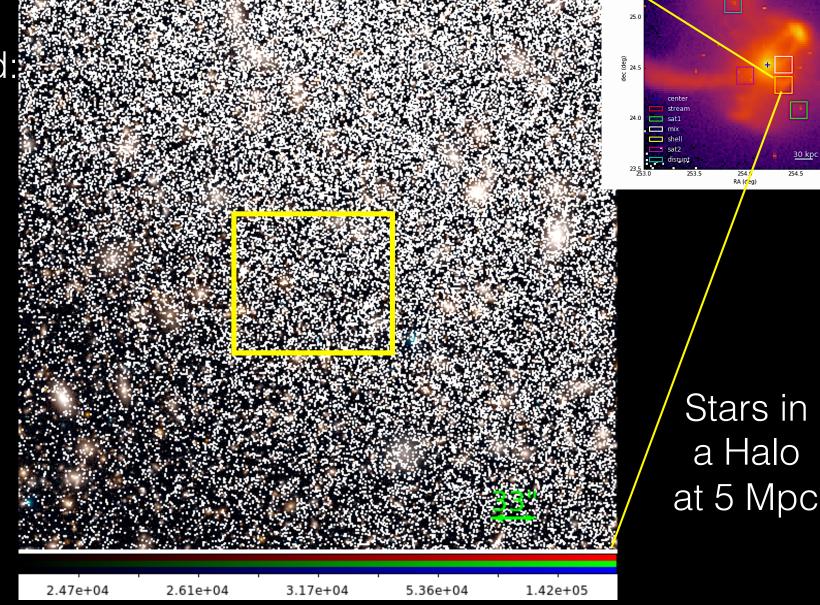
Halo populations by Robyn Sanderson

Simulating Halo images

Backgrouind: CANDELSbased catalogs

Stars: Galaxia catalogs of simulations

Blue = Z087Red = H158

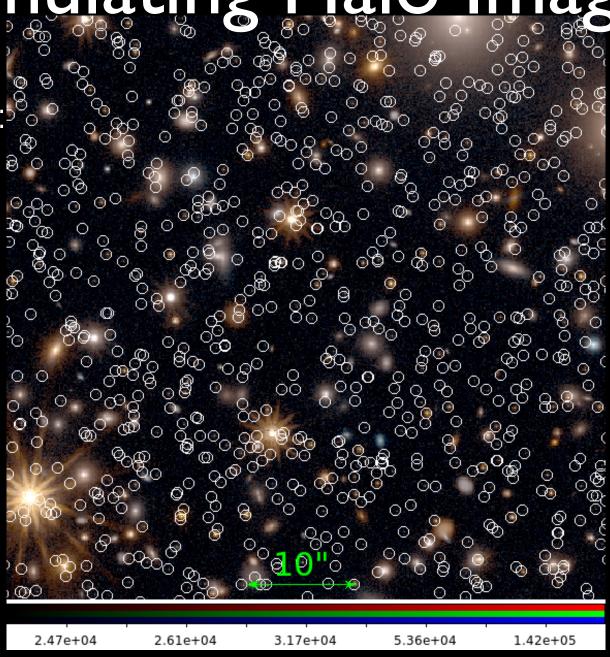


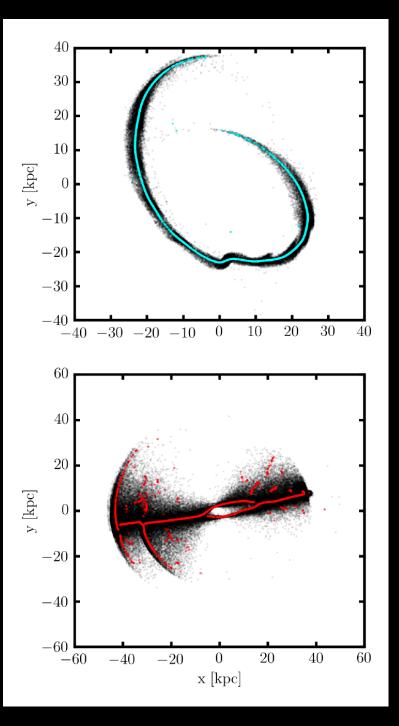
Simulating Halo Images

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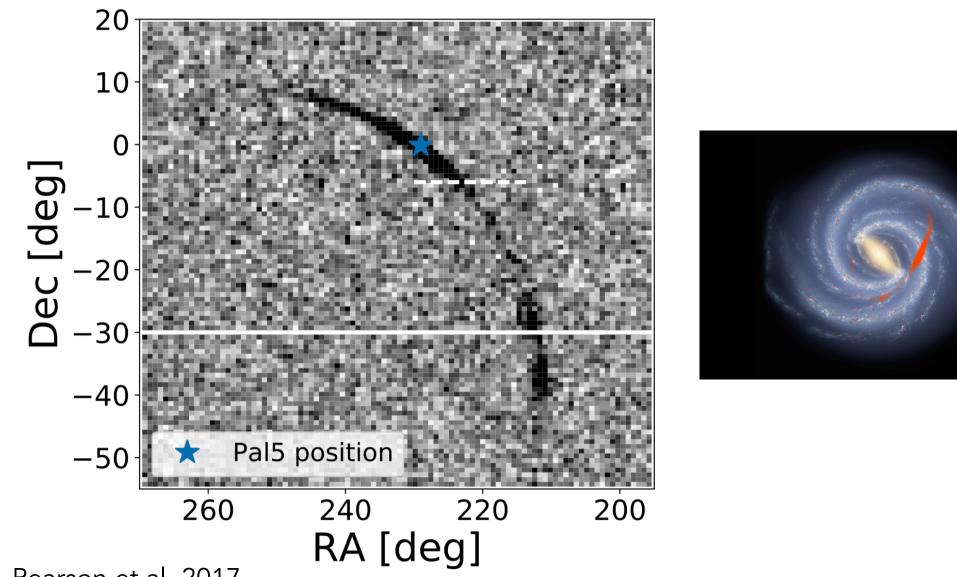


Automated Identification of Streams and Shells

Allows quantitative comparisons between stellar halo structure and formation history

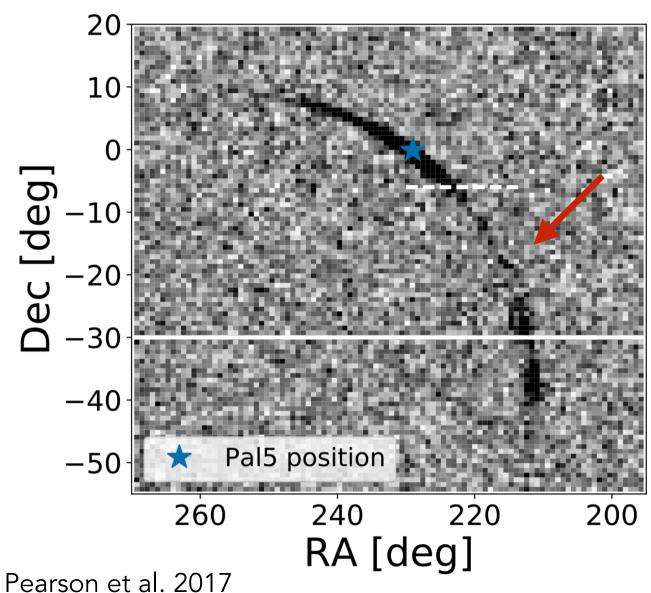
Hendel et al. 2019 https://arxiv.org/abs/1811.10613

Gaps in streams

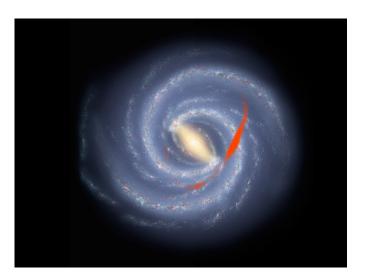


Pearson et al. 2017

Gaps in streams



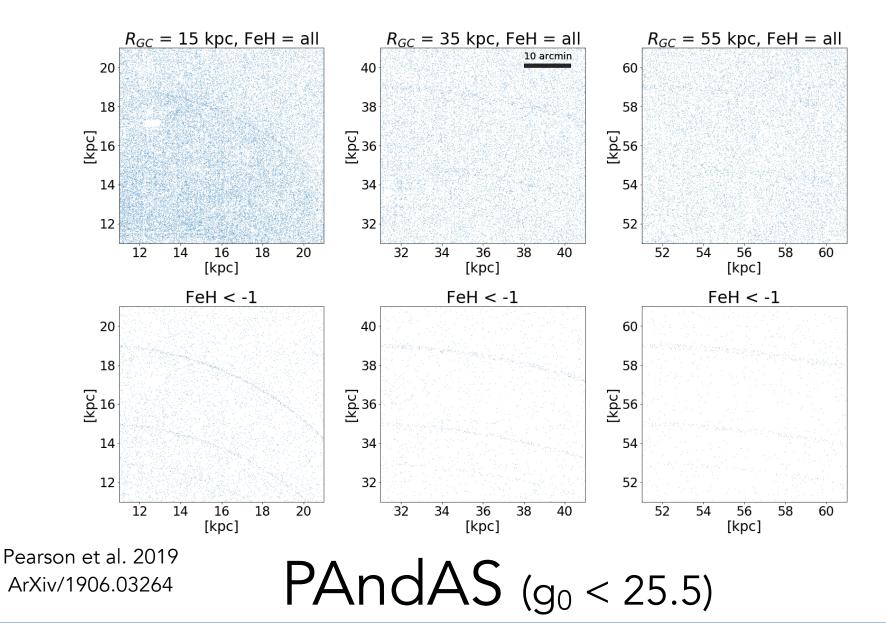
The bar can create gaps too!



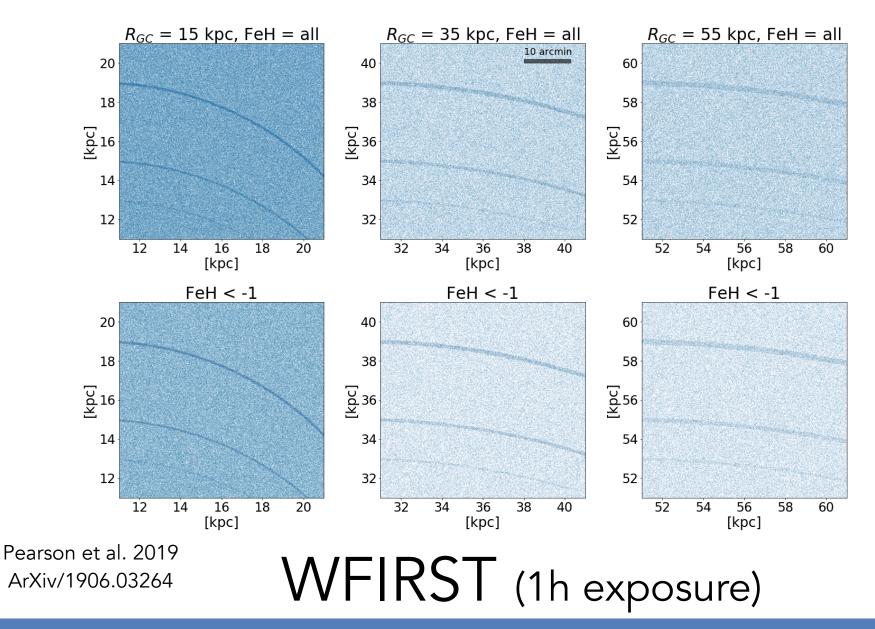
And spiral arms, molecular clouds

e.g. Amorisco et al. 2016, Banik & Bovy 2019

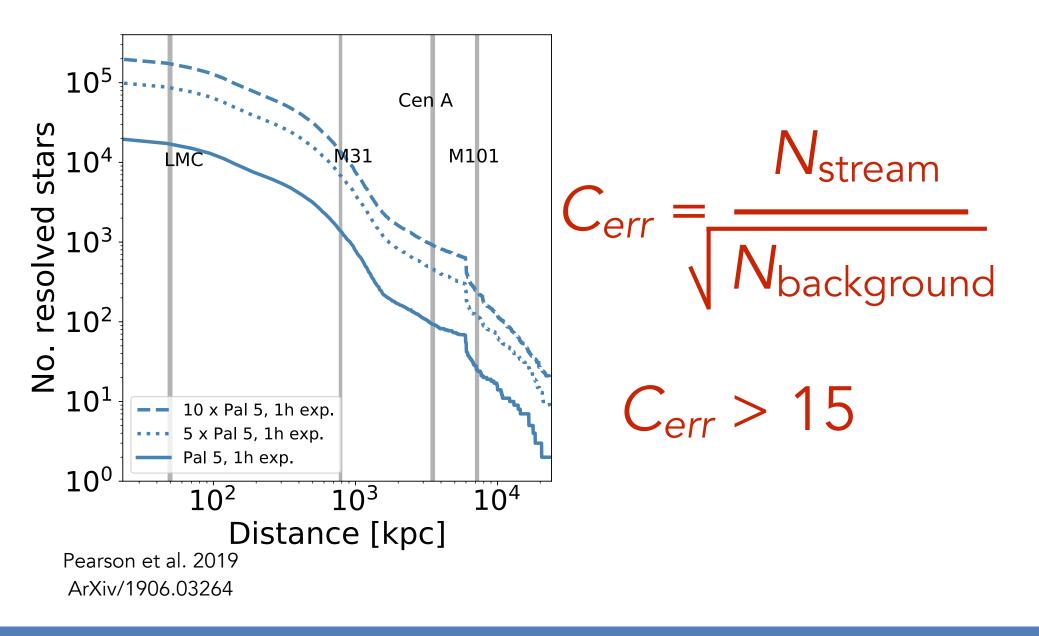
GC streams in external galaxies



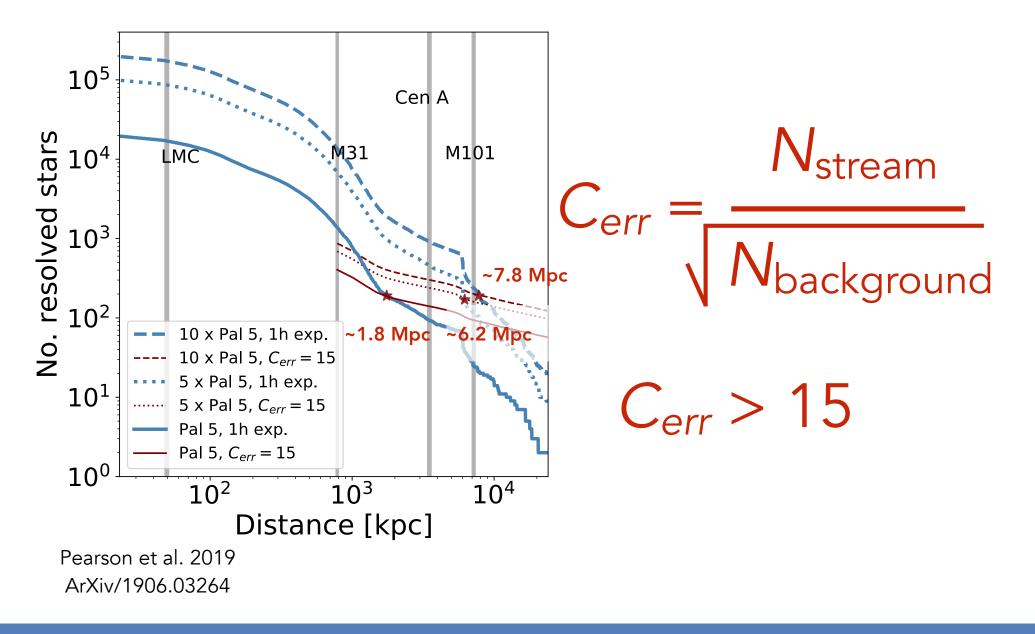
GC streams in external galaxies



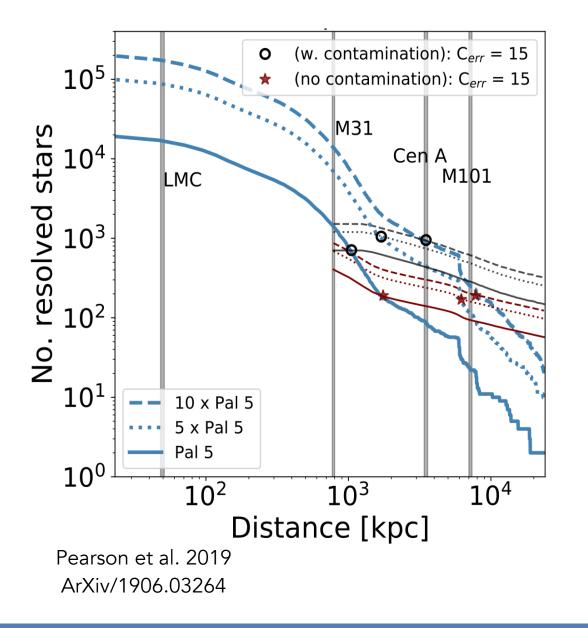
How far out should we find thin streams?



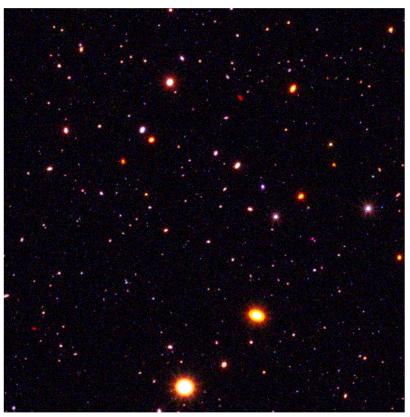
How far out should we find thin streams?



How far out should we find thin streams?



Potential Background Galaxy Contaminants



Maximizing the value of a WFIRST survey of nearby galaxies

Sample Selection: Number/properties we need for variety of projects

Distance Distribution: More tiling vs. longer exposures

Depth: What is optimal for various sub-projects?

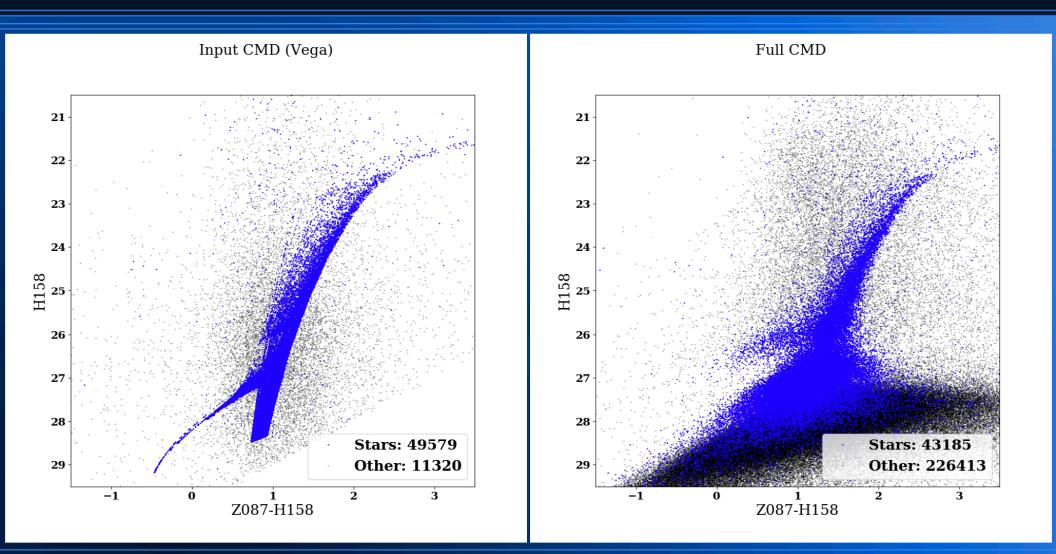
Area: How far out in the halo does the science return decrease?

Filters: How many bands? Which bands?

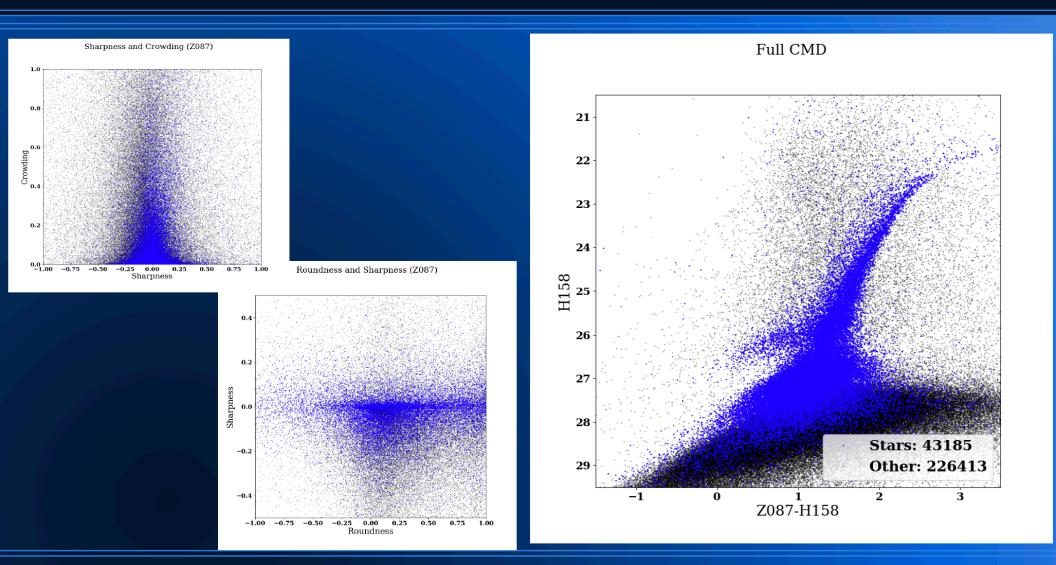
Scheduling: Proper motion possibilities

Data Products: Crowded field photometry (including quality metrics)

Input: Stars in Galaxies + galaxies



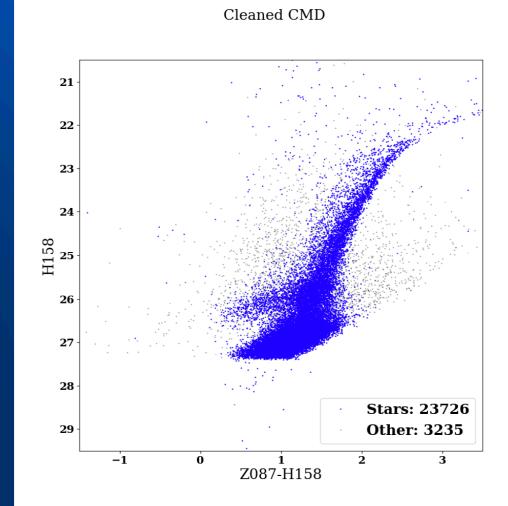
Quality Measures of A "Star"



Roundness, Sharpness, Crowding, SNR ...

Labelled Classification

- Label by location
- DecisionTree by single filters
- Re-label by location
- Do not repeat



Optimizing a WFIRST Nearby Galaxies Survey

- Generate input catalogs from simulated sample mimicking local volume
- Try different samples and coverage fractions
- Try different filter, dither precision, and PSF possibilities
 - Optimize science (density feature recovery, population recovery, tests of galaxy evolution model predictions) given the trades